

# Converting Colors

YUV(155.0710, -7.4300,  
49.9267)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(155.0710, -7.4300,  
49.9267)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D4818C
RGB	212, 129, 140
RGB Percent	83%, 51%, 55%
CMY	0.1686, 0.4941, 0.4510
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.34, 0.17
HSL	352°, 49%, 67%
HSV	352°, 39%, 83%
XYZ	39.7353, 31.5910, 28.8143
YIQ	155.0710, 45.9370, 21.0170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

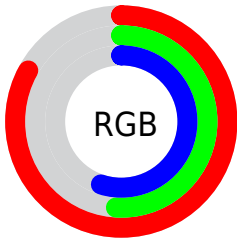
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	212, 129, 140
Decimal	13926796
CIE Lab	63.00, 33.33, 7.81
CIE LCh	63, 34.236, 13.184
Yxy	31.5910, 0.3968, 0.3155
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292116876 (0xFFD4818C)
YUV	155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267
Hunter-Lab	56.2059, 27.8319, 8.9487

# Details

The YUV color  $155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $FF9999$ . A complement of this color would be  $185.9290, 7.4300, -49.9267$ , and the grayscale version is  $155.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $205.6680, -6.2453, 43.2642$ , and  $102.3910, -6.1088, 46.1381$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $140.6920, -9.2152, 62.5371$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $169.4500, -5.6448, 37.3164$ .

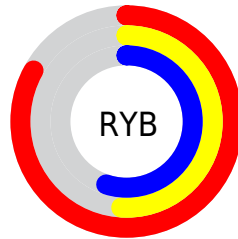
# Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (51%)

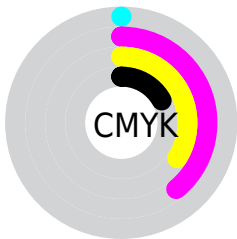
Blue (55%)



Red (83%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (55%)

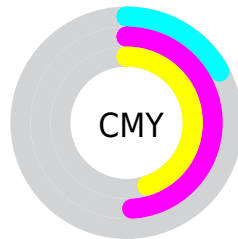


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (17%)

Magenta (49%)


Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 155.0710, -7.4300,  
49.9267

 155.0710, -7.4300,  
49.9267


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 128.2880, -6.5510,  
47.9824


 205.6680, -6.2453,  
43.2642


 102.3910, -6.1088,  
46.1381


 225.2960, -2.1179,  
26.0504

 76.7220, -4.7929,  
44.0938

 245.6250, 2.1569,  
8.2219

 52.0530, -3.4771,  
42.0495

 26.0360, -1.0037,  
42.0644

 15.2490, -7.5178,  
31.3536

 2.3920, -1.1793,

4.9182

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 155.0710, -7.4300,  
49.9267

■ 155.0710, -7.4300,  
49.9267

■ 140.6920, -9.2152,  
62.5371

■ 169.4500, -5.6448,  
37.3164

■ 126.1990,  
-11.4371, 75.2475

■ 183.9430, -3.4229,  
24.6060

■ 111.2330,  
-12.9329, 88.3727

■ 198.9090, -1.9271,  
11.4808

■ 96.7400, -15.1548,  
101.0830

■ 213.4020, 0.2948,  
-1.2296

■ 82.3610, -16.9400,  
113.6934

■ 227.7810, 2.0800,  
-13.8399

■ 67.9820, -18.7251,  
126.3038

■ 241.5730, 4.1545,  
-25.9355

■ 66.5800, -19.0199,  
127.5333

■ 242.1430, 6.3385,  
-26.4354

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



156.4900, 7.1534, 39.0353



155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267



153.6070, -20.5123, 45.9487

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267



145.2540, -18.8592, -17.7628



141.4810, 33.7799, -54.7958

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267



185.9290, 7.4300, -49.9267

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



128.7020, 31.6989, -87.4387



155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267



139.9050, -2.9112, -46.3977

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267



149.0140, -28.1079, 8.7577



131.4680, 16.5313, -75.8324



151.8600, 29.1560, -18.2942



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267



152.3580, -26.3055, 37.3970



131.4680, 16.5313, -75.8324



137.4040, 33.8178, -67.0063

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267



233.7250, -2.8224, 18.6582



159.9900, 25.6409, 35.9658



115.6100, -1.7797, 10.8660



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267



172.7040, -10.7001, 72.1736



171.4270, -20.9165, 35.5825



99.5170, -0.7479, 6.5626



53.7510, -15.1602, 102.8274



13.5410, -3.7177, 25.8355



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267



172.7040, -10.7001, 72.1736



169.5730, 20.9165, -35.5825



99.5170, -0.7479, 6.5626



53.7510, -15.1602, 102.8274

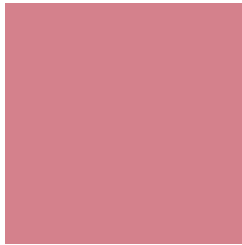


13.5410, -3.7177, 25.8355



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

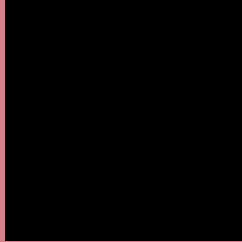
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 155.0710, -7.4300,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267

### Protanopia

153.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591

### Deuteranopia

153.9330, -8.3480, 17.5988



## Tritanopia

154.9570, -7.8668, 50.0267

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267

## Protanomaly

154.0240, -2.9698, 19.2730

## Deuteranomaly

154.1240, -7.9491, 29.7093

## Tritanomaly

154.9570, -7.8668, 50.0267

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267

## Achromatopsia

155.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

155.4260, -2.6750, 18.0434

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 129, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 129, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 129, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 129, 140) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 129, 140) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 129, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 129, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 129, 140); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 129, 140); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 129, 140) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 155.0710, -7.4300, 49.9267 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 129, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
129, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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