

# Converting Colors

YUV(155.4740, -16.0097,  
-45.1427)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(155.4740, -16.0097,  
-45.1427)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	68BC7B
RGB	104, 188, 123
RGB Percent	41%, 74%, 48%
CMY	0.5922, 0.2627, 0.5176
CMYK	0.45, 0.00, 0.35, 0.26
HSL	134°, 39%, 57%
HSV	134°, 45%, 74%
XYZ	27.2673, 40.3396, 25.0881
YIQ	155.4740, -29.1990, -38.0230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

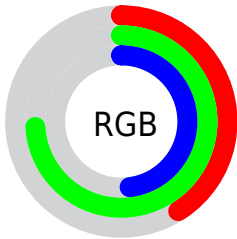
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	104, 173, 188
Decimal	6863995
CIELab	69.71, -39.68, 25.17
CIElCh	70, 46.985, 147.615
Yxy	40.3396, 0.2942, 0.4352
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285054075 (0xFF68BC7B)
YUV	155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427
Hunter-Lab	63.5134, -34.5157, 21.0396

# Details

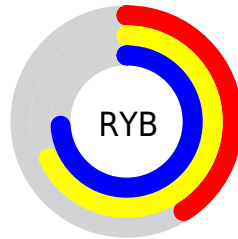
The YUV color **155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **136.5260, 16.0097, 45.1427**, and the grayscale version is **156.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **211.4200, -17.4621, -45.9723**, and **101.6310, -14.1151, -46.1574** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **148.0830, -19.7609, -55.3238**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **162.8650, -12.2584, -34.9616**.

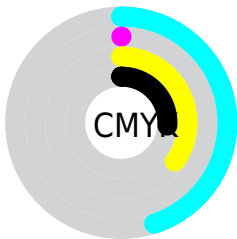
# Distribution



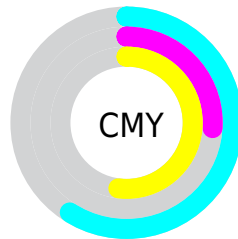
- Red (41%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (52%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 155.4740,  
-16.0097, -45.1427

■ 155.4740,  
-16.0097, -45.1427

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 128.7020,  
-15.1361, -45.3427

■ 211.4200,  
-17.4621, -45.9723

■ 101.6310,  
-14.1151, -46.1574

■ 228.8540,  
-12.2530, -36.7060

■ 72.9830, -11.3306,  
-52.6051

■ 240.7170, -4.2975,  
-21.6768

■ 51.9130, -11.7891,  
-45.5277

■ 252.0100, 1.4741,  
-6.1478

■ 35.0890, -15.3269,  
-30.7731

■ 22.8930, -11.2862,  
-20.0772

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 155.4740,  
-16.0097, -45.1427

■ 155.4740,  
-16.0097, -45.1427

■ 148.0830,  
-19.7609, -55.3238

■ 162.8650,  
-12.2584, -34.9616

■ 140.8060,  
-23.0754, -65.6049

■ 170.1420, -8.9440,  
-24.6805

■ 133.7140,  
-26.9740, -75.1712

■ 177.2340, -5.0454,  
-15.1142

■ 126.4370,  
-30.2884, -85.4522

■ 184.5110, -1.7309,  
-4.8331

■ 119.0460,  
-34.0397, -95.6333

■ 191.9020, 2.0203,  
5.3479

■ 115.2580,  
-35.6232, -101.0813

■ 199.1790, 5.3348,  
15.6290

■ 206.5700, 9.0860,  
25.8101

■ 213.5480, 12.5478,  
35.4764

■ 215.5570, 18.9524,  
34.5915

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



162.7920, -34.9005, -5.9566



155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427



131.5140, 16.5086, -115.3378

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427



159.2920, 47.1840, -60.7691



171.5050, -18.9830, 68.8401

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427



136.5260, 16.0097, 45.1427

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



173.0480, 0.9623, 64.8559



155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427



172.4950, 36.2380, -3.0651

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427



136.6560, 51.4416, -119.8473



175.6330, 20.3939, 38.9099



169.2910, -34.6535, 54.9958



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427



134.9340, 29.6125, -118.3371



175.6330, 20.3939, 38.9099



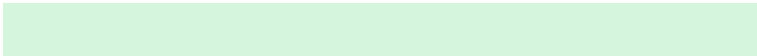
171.9380, -12.2944, 70.2144

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427



232.5820, -6.2029, -17.1734



173.0420, -34.0377, -2.6678



114.6090, -3.7512, -10.1811



250.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



122.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427



193.9040, -25.0957, -70.9528



160.1480, 1.8990, -49.2418



90.5110, -1.7309, -4.8331



96.8500, -29.9990, -84.9374



18.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



136.5260, 16.0097, 45.1427



164.0960, 25.0957, 70.9528



131.8520, -1.8990, 49.2418



88.4890, 1.7309, 4.8331



61.1500, 29.9991, 84.9374



12.0050, 5.9135, 16.6586



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

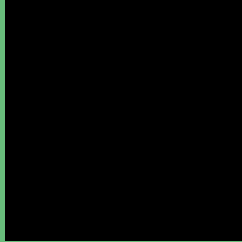
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427.

-45.1427.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427

### Protanopia

167.0300, -25.6508, 14.0057

### Deuteranopia

169.3010, -19.8684, 26.0460



## Tritanopia

163.0690, 15.2490, -37.7715

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427

## Protanomaly

162.8100, -22.0913, -7.7264

## Deuteranomaly

163.8910, -18.1873, 0.0956

## Tritanomaly

160.0720, 3.9085, -40.4051

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427

## Achromatopsia

155.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

154.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 188, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 188, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 188, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 188, 123) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 188, 123) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 188, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 188, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 188, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 188, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 188,  
123) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 155.4740, -16.0097, -45.1427 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 188, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
188, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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