

# Converting Colors

YUV(155.6350, -16.0891,  
73.9881)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(155.6350, -16.0891,  
73.9881)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F0777B
RGB	240, 119, 123
RGB Percent	94%, 47%, 48%
CMY	0.0588, 0.5333, 0.5176
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.49, 0.06
HSL	358°, 80%, 70%
HSV	358°, 50%, 94%
XYZ	46.1072, 33.1490, 22.7072
YIQ	155.6350, 70.8320, 26.8960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

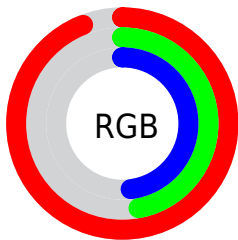
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	240, 119, 123
Decimal	15759227
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	64.28, 46.83, 19.81
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	64, 50.847, 22.933
Yxy	33.1490, 0.4522, 0.3251
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293949307 (0xFFFF0777B)
YUV	155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881
Hunter-Lab	57.5751, 42.1893, 16.9191

# Details

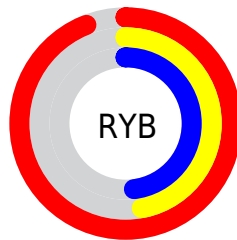
The YUV color **155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **203.3650, 16.0891, -73.9881**, and the grayscale version is **156.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **198.3330, -11.5032, 49.6970**, and **100.9980, -13.3100, 69.2848** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **138.9250, -19.1900, 88.6428**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **172.3450, -12.9881, 59.3334**.

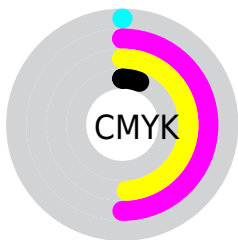
# Distribution



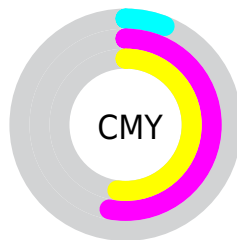
- Red (94%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (52%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



155.6350,  
-16.0891, 73.9881

155.6350,  
-16.0891, 73.9881

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

127.9660,  
-14.7732, 71.9438

198.3330,  
-11.5032, 49.6970

100.9980,  
-13.3100, 69.2848

217.9610, -7.3758,  
32.4832

73.0840, -10.3944,  
67.4553

238.1760, -3.5378,  
14.7546

40.3000, -4.5849,  
70.7739

28.7190, -10.2145,  
56.3744

19.4350, -9.5815,  
39.9605

10.8780, -4.8699,

22.0320

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 155.6350,  
-16.0891, 73.9881

■ 155.6350,  
-16.0891, 73.9881

■ 138.9250,  
-19.1900, 88.6428

■ 172.3450,  
-12.9881, 59.3334

■ 122.2150,  
-22.2910, 103.2974

■ 189.0550, -9.8871,  
44.6788

■ 105.3910,  
-25.8288, 118.0521

■ 205.8790, -6.3493,  
29.9241

■ 88.6810, -28.9297,  
132.7068

■ 222.5890, -3.2484,  
15.2694

■ 72.6720, -31.8833,  
146.7467

■ 239.2990, -0.1474,  
0.6148

■ 250.5150, 2.2111,  
-9.2217

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



158.4980, 5.1775, 66.2153



155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881



154.7370, -34.3803, 60.7437

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881



140.3450, -20.3831, -42.3986



124.3120, 59.9922, -109.0216

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881



203.3650, 16.0891, -73.9881

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



128.0160, 48.7991, -112.2700



155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881



120.7880, 10.9505, -105.9311

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881



147.9730, -39.4267, -0.8533



126.1460, 31.4800, -110.6300



156.3950, 41.2173, -13.5014



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881



152.8630, -42.3305, 43.9701



126.1460, 31.4800, -110.6300



126.2040, 57.0874, -110.6809

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881



228.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615



167.7770, 35.6059, 59.8316



111.8770, -3.3904, 14.1399



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881



146.3280, -20.3747, 95.3053



188.0510, -34.0421, 45.5593



111.5880, -1.7689, 7.3773



55.7000, -24.5021, 112.5191



16.9720, -7.3812, 34.2276



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881



146.3280, -20.3747, 95.3053



170.9490, 34.0421, -45.5593



111.5880, -1.7689, 7.3773



55.7000, -24.5021, 112.5191



16.9720, -7.3812, 34.2276



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881

### Protanopia

156.3830, -7.5838, 5.8031

### Deuteranopia

156.5180, -18.9894, 24.1017



## Tritanopia

155.5040, -14.0525, 74.1030

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881

## Protanomaly

156.3260, -11.0067, 30.4091

## Deuteranomaly

156.2690, -17.8806, 41.8601

## Tritanomaly

155.3900, -14.4893, 74.2030

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881

## Achromatopsia

156.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

156.2700, -6.0491, 26.9502

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 119, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 119, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 119, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 119, 123) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 119, 123) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 119, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(240, 119, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 119, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 119, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 119,  
123) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 155.6350, -16.0891, 73.9881 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 119, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
119, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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