

Converting Colors

YUV(156.1660, 4.8482,
-15.0546)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(156.1660, 4.8482,
-15.0546)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8BA3A6
RGB	139, 163, 166
RGB Percent	55%, 64%, 65%
CMY	0.4549, 0.3608, 0.3490
CMYK	0.16, 0.02, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	187°, 13%, 60%
HSV	187°, 16%, 65%
XYZ	30.6276, 34.4365, 41.1091
YIQ	156.1660, -15.2670, -4.1550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

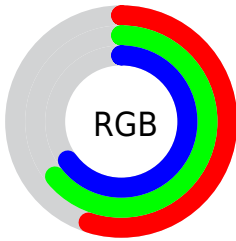
Format	Color
RYB	139, 152, 166
Decimal	9151398
CIELab	65.31, -7.67, -4.37
CIELCh	65, 8.829, 209.638
Yxy	34.4365, 0.2885, 0.3243
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287341478 (0xFF8BA3A6)
YUV	156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546
Hunter-Lab	58.6826, -9.5321, -0.4567

Details

The YUV color **156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **148.8340, -4.8482, 15.0546**, and the grayscale version is **156.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **210.8670, 4.9956, -15.6694**, and **104.7640, 4.5533, -13.8250** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **149.9090, 7.9329, -24.4762**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **162.4230, 1.7635, -5.6330**.

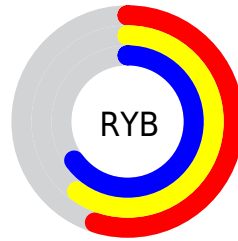
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (64%)

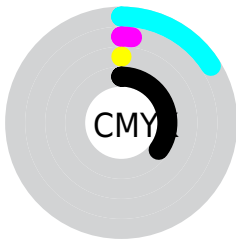
Blue (65%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (65%)

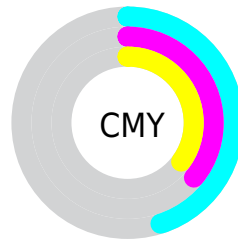


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 156.1660, 4.8482,
-15.0546

■ 156.1660, 4.8482,
-15.0546

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 130.1660, 4.8482,
-15.0546

■ 210.8670, 4.9956,
-15.6694

■ 104.7640, 4.5533,
-13.8250

■ 238.9810, 5.4324,
-15.7693

■ 80.7640, 4.5533,
-13.8250

■ 253.2060, 0.8844,
-3.6887

■ 57.6500, 4.1166,
-13.7250

■ 35.6500, 4.1166,
-13.7250

■ 15.6500, 4.1166,
-13.7250

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 156.1660, 4.8482,
-15.0546

■ 156.1660, 4.8482,
-15.0546

■ 149.9090, 7.9329,
-24.4762

■ 162.4230, 1.7635,
-5.6330

■ 143.9510, 10.8702,
-33.2830

■ 168.3810, -1.1738,
3.1739

■ 137.6940, 13.9549,
-42.7046

■ 174.6380, -4.2585,
12.5955

■ 132.3230, 16.6028,
-52.0263

■ 180.0090, -6.9064,
21.9171

■ 126.0660, 19.6875,
-61.4479

■ 186.2660, -9.9911,
31.3387

■ 119.8090, 22.7722,
-70.8695

■ 192.5230,
-13.0758, 40.7603

■ 113.8510, 25.7095,
-79.6763

■ 198.4810,
-16.0131, 49.5672

■ 107.5940, 28.7942,
-89.0979

■ 199.6550,
-16.5919, 48.5376

■ 105.8000, 29.6786,
-92.7866

■ 200.8290,
-17.1707, 47.5080

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



155.8520, 1.0590, -13.0252



156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546



157.1600, 7.3161, -13.2953

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546



159.9670, 3.4673, 7.9219



158.3830, -7.5838, 5.8031

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546



148.8340, -4.8482, 15.0546

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



158.9430, -6.8739, 11.4510



156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546



160.2620, -0.6222, 12.9252

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546



159.6070, 6.1097, 0.3447



160.2360, -4.5533, 13.8250



157.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546



157.7090, 8.0315, -9.3918



160.2360, -4.5533, 13.8250



158.6930, -7.7366, 8.1622

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546



213.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477



155.1910, -6.5032, -14.1995



107.3200, 1.3212, -3.7886



237.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546



200.9090, 7.9329, -24.4762



148.5350, 8.6102, -8.3622



81.0210, 1.4686, -4.4034



93.7690, 26.7359, -82.2354



12.8460, 3.5269, -11.2659

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



149.8090, 6.5032, 14.1995



190.6020, 10.5492, 23.1510



156.4650, -8.6102, 8.3622



79.1900, 1.8783, 4.2184



59.1860, 35.4043, 77.8899



8.0320, 4.9142, 10.4959

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

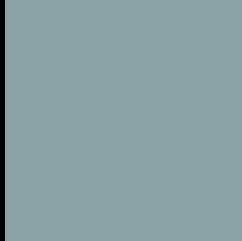
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

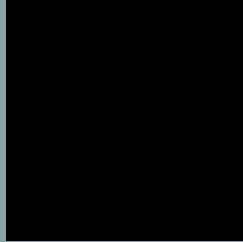
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546.

-15.0546.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546

Protanopia

158.5810, 2.1786, 1.2445

Deuteranopia

160.0810, 3.9041, 7.8220



Tritanopia

157.2030, 8.7739, -14.2100

Trichromacy



Original Color

156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546

Protanomaly

157.4770, 3.2158, -4.8033

Deuteranomaly

158.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850

Tritanomaly

156.5620, 7.6109, -14.5249

Monochromacy



Original Color

156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546

Achromatopsia

156.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

156.4230, 1.7635, -5.6330

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 163, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 163, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 163, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 163, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 163, 166) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 163, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 163, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 163, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 163, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 163,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 156.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 163, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
163, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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