

Converting Colors

YUV(156.1730, 17.6627,
-18.5687)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(156.1730, 17.6627,
-18.5687)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	87A0C0
RGB	135, 160, 192
RGB Percent	53%, 63%, 75%
CMY	0.4706, 0.3725, 0.2471
CMYK	0.30, 0.17, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	214°, 31%, 64%
HSV	214°, 30%, 75%
XYZ	32.0769, 34.0983, 54.7602
YIQ	156.1730, -25.1720, 4.6520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

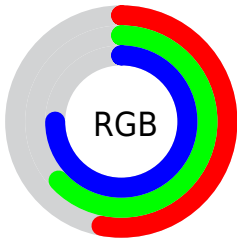
Format	Color
RYB	135, 152, 192
Decimal	8888512
CIELab	65.04, -1.20, -19.32
CIELCh	65, 19.361, 266.451
Yxy	34.0983, 0.2652, 0.2820
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287078592 (0xFF87A0C0)
YUV	156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687
Hunter-Lab	58.3937, -4.1352, -14.7250

Details

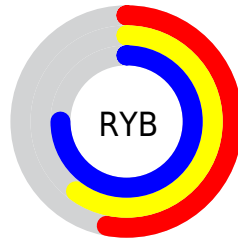
The YUV color $156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $6699CC$. A complement of this color would be $170.8270, -17.6627, 18.5687$, and the grayscale version is $156.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $210.9880, 18.2469, -19.2835$, and $104.5320, 16.4997, -18.8836$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $144.0350, 23.6467, -24.5867$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $168.3110, 11.6787, -12.5507$.

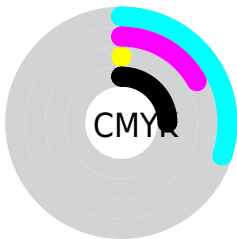
Distribution



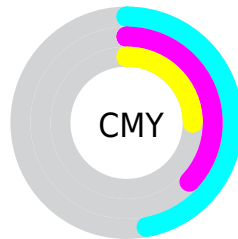
- Red (53%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 156.1730, 17.6627,
-18.5687

■ 156.1730, 17.6627,
-18.5687

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 130.0590, 17.2259,
-18.4687

■ 210.9880, 18.2469,
-19.2835

■ 104.5320, 16.4997,
-18.8836

■ 236.8930, 8.9268,
-16.5692

■ 79.8310, 16.3523,
-18.2688

■ 252.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330

■ 56.0050, 15.7735,
-19.2984

■ 32.6840, 15.9318,
-23.4019

■ 16.0550, 13.2839,
-14.0802

■ 3.0950, 9.3202,

-2.7143

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 156.1730, 17.6627,
-18.5687

■ 156.1730, 17.6627,
-18.5687

■ 144.0350, 23.6467,
-24.5867

■ 168.3110, 11.6787,
-12.5507

■ 131.8970, 29.6308,
-30.6047

■ 180.4490, 5.6946,
-6.5328

■ 120.0470, 35.4728,
-37.7522

■ 192.2990, -0.1474,
0.6148

■ 107.9090, 41.4569,
-43.7702

■ 204.4370, -6.1314,
6.6328

■ 95.7710, 47.4409,
-49.7882

■ 216.5750,
-12.1155, 12.6507

■ 83.6330, 53.4249,
-55.8061

■ 228.7130,
-18.0995, 18.6687

■ 72.0820, 59.1196,
-62.3389

■ 236.0780,
-21.7305, 16.5946

■ 71.1960, 59.5564,
-62.4389

■ 242.5350,
-24.9138, 10.9318

■ 247.8180,
-27.5183, 6.2986

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



152.7430, 16.3957, -32.2236



156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687



159.1860, 14.6983, -1.0401

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687



160.0100, -8.3859, 29.8092



153.5390, -7.6607, -16.2587

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687



170.8270, -17.6627, 18.5687

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



155.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894



156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687



158.7830, -14.1900, 24.7463

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687



161.1650, -0.0813, 26.1653



157.3210, -16.9203, 13.7505



151.5680, 1.6920, -29.4391

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687



160.2260, 10.7346, 10.3258



157.3210, -16.9203, 13.7505



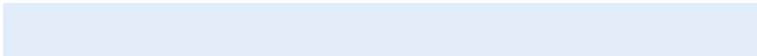
153.7030, -9.7136, -11.1405

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687



235.4920, 7.1524, -7.4475



171.9930, -2.9545, -32.4429



116.1180, 4.3788, -4.4885



252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687



193.1530, 28.0256, -29.0752



142.3950, 24.4553, -3.8544



90.4880, 3.2104, -3.0590



59.4440, 50.0671, -52.1324



12.5670, 10.0735, -11.0213

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



154.8930, 2.5178, 32.5428



191.3560, 3.7685, 51.4308



184.6050, -24.4553, 3.8544



90.4460, 0.2731, 5.7479



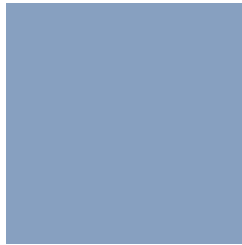
56.1190, 6.8433, 91.9806



11.5770, 1.6875, 18.7880

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

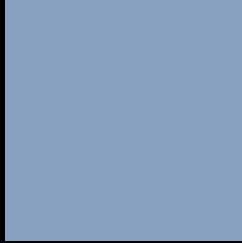
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

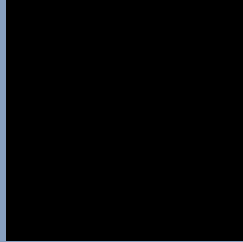
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687.



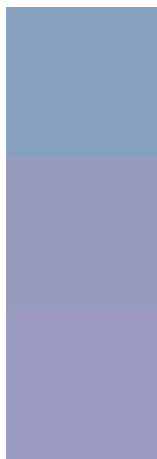
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687.

-18.5687.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687

Protanopia

157.9680, 15.2988, -6.9879

Deuteranopia

158.7450, 16.8877, -3.2844



Tritanopia

154.9140, 10.3954, -20.9726

Trichromacy



Original Color

156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687

Protanomaly

157.1740, 16.1832, -10.6766

Deuteranomaly

157.8260, 17.3408, -8.6174

Tritanomaly

155.3100, 13.1582, -20.4429

Monochromacy



Original Color

156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687

Achromatopsia

156.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

155.6770, 6.5682, -6.7327

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 160, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 160, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 160, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 160, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 160, 192) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 160, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 160, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 160, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 160, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 160,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 156.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 160, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
160, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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