

# Converting Colors

YUV(156.2460, 3.3297,  
-41.4347)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(156.2460, 3.3297,  
-41.4347)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6DB3A3
RGB	109, 179, 163
RGB Percent	43%, 70%, 64%
CMY	0.5725, 0.2980, 0.3608
CMYK	0.39, 0.00, 0.09, 0.30
HSL	166°, 32%, 56%
HSV	166°, 39%, 70%
XYZ	29.0376, 38.1358, 40.4808
YIQ	156.2460, -36.5840, -19.8160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

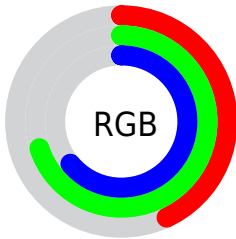
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">109, 149, 179</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7189411</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">68.12, -25.84, 1.22</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">68, 25.865, 177.287</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">38.1358, 0.2697, 0.3542</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285379491</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF6DB3A3</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">61.7542, -24.1367, 4.3624</a>

# Details

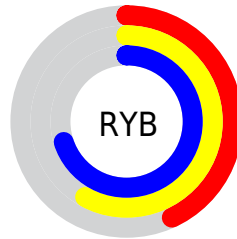
The YUV color  $156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $66CCCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $131.7540, -3.3297, 41.4347$ , and the grayscale version is  $156.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $211.5340, 3.1877, -42.5643$ , and  $103.3600, 3.7665, -41.5347$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $150.4080, 4.2359, -52.1008$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $162.0840, 2.4236, -30.7687$ .

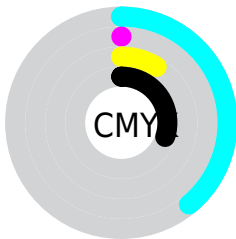
# Distribution



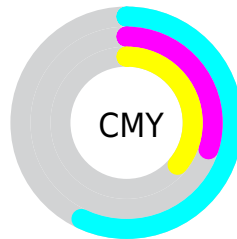
- Red (43%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 156.2460, 3.3297,  
-41.4347

■ 156.2460, 3.3297,  
-41.4347

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 129.3600, 3.7665,  
-41.5347

■ 211.5340, 3.1877,  
-42.5643

■ 103.3600, 3.7665,  
-41.5347

■ 234.8380, 5.5029,  
-38.4459

■ 77.2780, 4.7929,  
-44.0938

■ 244.5350, 5.1592,  
-21.5172

■ 51.9080, 5.9614,  
-45.5233

■ 253.2060, 0.8844,  
-3.6887

■ 35.8990, 3.0078,  
-31.4834

■ 21.7650, -0.3771,  
-19.0879

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 156.2460, 3.3297,  
-41.4347

■ 156.2460, 3.3297,  
-41.4347

■ 150.4080, 4.2359,  
-52.1008

■ 162.0840, 2.4236,  
-30.7687

■ 144.5700, 5.1420,  
-62.7669

■ 167.9220, 1.5175,  
-20.1026

■ 138.7320, 6.0481,  
-73.4330

■ 173.7600, 0.6113,  
-9.4365

■ 132.8940, 6.9543,  
-84.0990

■ 179.5980, -0.2948,  
1.2296

■ 127.3550, 7.7130,  
-94.1503

■ 185.4360, -1.2009,  
11.8956


■ 121.4030, 8.1823,  
-104.7164

■ 191.0890, -1.5229,  
21.8469

 120.8050, 8.4771,  
-105.9460

 196.9270, -2.4290,  
32.5130

 202.7650, -3.3351,  
43.1791

 204.1180, -2.0302,  
44.6235

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



159.3380, -9.5336, -22.2214



156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347



155.0950, 15.7292, -51.8263

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347



168.0380, 19.2083, -0.9103



167.1600, -19.3059, 32.3087

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347



131.7540, -3.3297, 41.4347

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



168.3810, -11.0338, 39.1309



156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347



169.7050, 10.9914, 21.3067

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347



163.4370, 23.9416, -25.8162



169.5190, -0.2559, 35.5018



165.2630, -22.3147, 17.3093



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347



156.5990, 21.3967, -49.6373



169.5190, -0.2559, 35.5018



167.7520, -17.1327, 35.2975

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347



222.9440, 1.5066, -16.6139



154.8740, -22.6159, -26.1995



111.8740, 1.0481, -9.5365



245.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347



196.5590, 5.1474, -64.5112



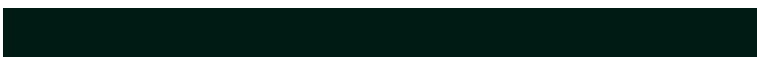
146.9170, 15.8169, -33.2532



86.0810, 0.4531, -5.3330



103.2630, 7.2653, -90.5617



17.5420, 1.2118, -15.3843



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131.7540, -3.3297, 41.4347



158.4410, -5.1474, 64.5112



141.0830, -15.8169, 33.2532



82.9190, -0.4531, 5.3330



49.7370, -7.2653, 90.5617

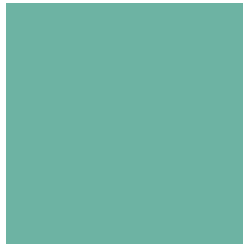


8.4580, -1.2118, 15.3843



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347.



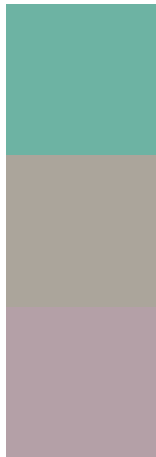
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 156.2460, 3.3297,

-41.4347.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347

### Protanopia

165.6540, -5.2524, 4.6884

### Deuteranopia

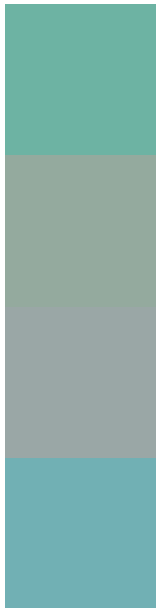
166.7780, 0.1094, 11.5957



## Tritanopia

158.9550, 14.8122, -37.6715

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347

## Protanomaly

162.0540, -1.9986, -12.3254

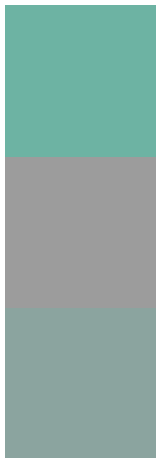
## Deuteranomaly

162.9990, 1.4795, -7.8921

## Tritanomaly

157.6190, 11.0338, -39.1309

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347

## Achromatopsia

156.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

155.9550, 1.5012, -14.8695

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 179, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 179, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 179, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 179, 163) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 179, 163) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 179, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 179, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 179, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 179, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 179,  
163) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 156.2460, 3.3297, -41.4347 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 179, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
179, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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