

# Converting Colors

YUV(156.4490, 48.5856,  
-137.2058)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(156.4490, 48.5856, -137.2058)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(156.4490, 48.5856,  
-137.2058)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00D9FF
RGB	0, 217, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 85%, 100%
CMY	1.0000, 0.1490, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.15, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	189°, 100%, 50%
HSV	189°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	42.8629, 56.8457, 103.3210
YIQ	156.4490, -141.5300, -34.1860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 117, 255
Decimal	55807
CIELab	80.09, -30.76, -30.86
CIELCh	80, 43.573, 225.087
Yxy	56.8457, 0.2111, 0.2800
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278245887 (0xFF00D9FF)
YUV	156.4490, 48.5856, -137.2058
Hunter-Lab	75.3961, -30.4655, -28.4723

# Details

The YUV color **156.4490, 48.5856, -137.2058** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCFF**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **98.5510, -48.5856, 137.2058**, and the grayscale version is **156.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **213.4390, 20.4896, -85.4540**, and **117.6660, 39.6047, -103.1931** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **156.4490, 48.5856, -137.2058**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **166.2720, 43.7429, -123.8955**.

# Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 156.4490, 48.5856, -137.2058 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 156.4490, 48.5856, -137.2058 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



156.4490, 48.5856,  
-137.2058

156.4490, 48.5856,  
-137.2058

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

136.7070, 44.0214,  
-119.8920

213.4390, 20.4896,  
-85.4540

117.6660, 39.6047,  
-103.1931

223.9040, 15.3303,  
-63.9368

98.7390, 35.6247,  
-86.5941

233.7710, 10.4659,  
-43.6492

80.9860, 31.0659,  
-71.0247

243.3390, 5.7489,  
-23.9763

63.3470, 26.9439,  
-55.5553

253.2060, 0.8844,  
-3.6887

46.5230, 23.4062,  
-40.8007

31.4600, 19.0002,

-27.5904

■ 7.7060, 19.3719,  
-6.7582

■ 3.5510, 11.0674,  
-3.1142

■ 156.4490, 48.5856,  
-137.2058

■ 166.2720, 43.7429,  
-123.8955

■ 176.3940, 38.7528,  
-109.9705

■ 185.9290, 34.0520,  
-95.5307

■ 195.7520, 29.2093,  
-82.2205

■ 205.8740, 24.2191,  
-68.2955

■ 215.6970, 19.3764,  
-54.9853

■ 225.8190, 14.3862,  
-41.0603

■ 235.0550, 9.8329,  
-27.2352

■ 245.1770, 4.8427,  
-13.3102

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



165.3540, 25.9545, -111.6895



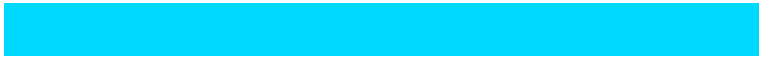
156.4490, 48.5856, -137.2058



181.9520, 36.0127, -70.9949

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



156.4490, 48.5856, -137.2058



200.6420, 10.0365, 47.6720



194.0220, -36.9858, 9.6277

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



156.4490, 48.5856, -137.2058



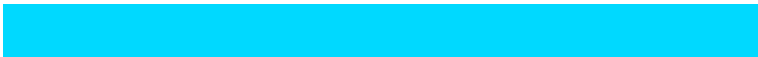
98.5510, -48.5856, 137.2058

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



197.2800, -38.0990, 40.0964



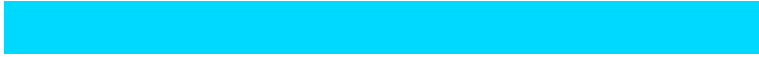
156.4490, 48.5856, -137.2058



194.6800, -7.7302, 52.9006

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



156.4490, 48.5856, -137.2058



203.7880, 25.2475, 22.1109



195.2720, -25.7701, 52.3815



188.5320, -23.9263, -25.8996

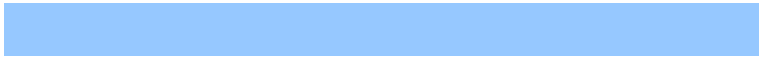


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



156.4490, 48.5856, -137.2058



191.3200, 31.3942, -36.2376



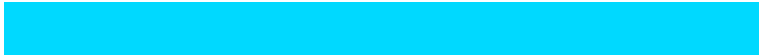
195.2720, -25.7701, 52.3815



194.7460, -38.3288, 20.3938

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



156.4490, 48.5856, -137.2058



225.8190, 14.3862, -41.0603



153.5610, -58.9436, -134.6730



110.1370, 8.8065, -24.6761



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

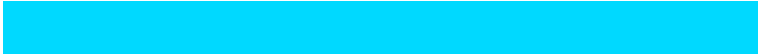


128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



156.4490, 48.5856, -137.2058



84.2480, 84.1807, -73.8855



122.9390, 2.4951, -6.9625



117.4550, 36.2577, -103.0080



38.9940, 12.3280, -34.1977

# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



100.9830, 57.1964, 135.0729



171.3390, -84.4701, 73.3707



120.1410, 2.8885, 6.8923



75.6910, 43.0433, 101.1260



25.2920, 14.1530, 33.9469

# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 156.4490, 48.5856, -137.2058 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

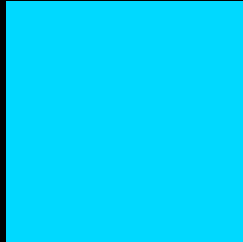
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 156.4490, 48.5856, -137.2058 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 156.4490, 48.5856, -137.2058 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 156.4490, 48.5856, -137.2058.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 156.4490, 48.5856, -137.2058.



-137.2058.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Protanopia

197.7380, 20.8352, -9.4172

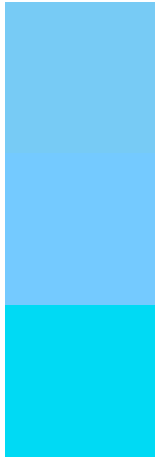
### Deuteranopia

197.6650, 28.2662, -12.8612

### Tritanopia

155.5710, 40.1445, -136.4358

# Trichromacy



## Protanomaly

182.6720, 30.7277, -55.8403

## Deuteranomaly

182.3280, 35.8273, -58.1697

## Tritanomaly

155.7820, 43.4915, -136.6208

# Monochromacy



## Achromatopsia

156.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

155.9750, 17.7603, -49.9671

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 156.4490, 48.5856, -137.2058 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 217, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 217, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 217, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 217, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 156.4490, 48.5856, -137.2058 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 217, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 217, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 217, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 217, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 217, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 217,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 156.4490, 48.5856, -137.2058 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 217, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 217,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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