

Converting Colors

YUV(156.7380, 0.6222,
-12.9252)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(156.7380, 0.6222,
-12.9252)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8EA49E
RGB	142, 164, 158
RGB Percent	56%, 64%, 62%
CMY	0.4431, 0.3569, 0.3804
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.04, 0.36
HSL	164°, 11%, 60%
HSV	164°, 13%, 64%
XYZ	30.6023, 34.7703, 37.4462
YIQ	156.7380, -11.1860, -6.5300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

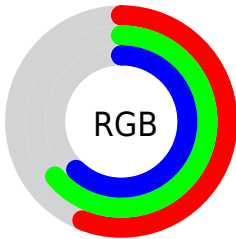
Format	Color
RYB	142, 155, 164
Decimal	9348254
CIELab	65.57, -8.90, 0.51
CIELCh	66, 8.911, 176.700
Yxy	34.7703, 0.2976, 0.3382
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287538334 (0xFF8EA49E)
YUV	156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252
Hunter-Lab	58.9664, -10.5533, 3.6248

Details

The YUV color $156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $149.2620, -0.6222, 12.9252$, and the grayscale version is $157.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $211.4390, 0.7696, -13.5400$, and $105.4500, 0.7642, -11.7956$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $151.4980, 1.2335, -22.3617$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $161.9780, 0.0108, -3.4887$.

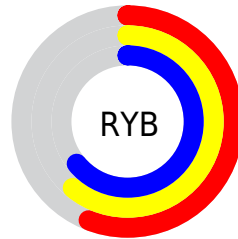
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (64%)

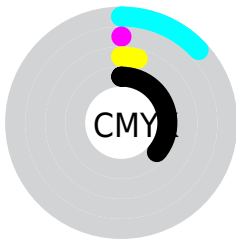
Blue (62%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (64%)

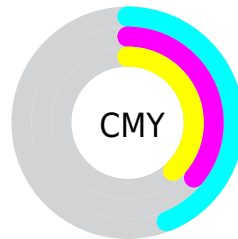


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 156.7380, 0.6222,
-12.9252

■ 156.7380, 0.6222,
-12.9252

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 130.7380, 0.6222,
-12.9252

■ 211.4390, 0.7696,
-13.5400

■ 105.4500, 0.7642,
-11.7956

■ 239.4390, 0.7696,
-13.5400

■ 81.4500, 0.7641,
-11.7957

■ 254.4020, 0.2948,
-1.2296

■ 57.8630, 1.0535,
-11.2809

■ 36.1620, 0.9061,
-10.6661

■ 14.8520, 1.0590,
-13.0252

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 156.7380, 0.6222,
-12.9252

■ 156.7380, 0.6222,
-12.9252

■ 151.4980, 1.2335,
-22.3617

■ 161.9780, 0.0108,
-3.4887

■ 145.8450, 1.5554,
-32.3131

■ 167.6310, -0.3111,
6.4626

■ 140.6050, 2.1667,
-41.7496

■ 172.8710, -0.9224,
15.8991

■ 134.9520, 2.4887,
-51.7009

■ 178.5240, -1.2443,
25.8505

■ 129.7120, 3.1000,
-61.1374

■ 183.7640, -1.8557,
35.2870

■ 124.3580, 3.2745,
-70.4740

■ 189.1180, -2.0302,
44.6235

■ 118.8190, 4.0332,
-80.5253

■ 194.0590, -2.4941,
53.4453

■ 113.4650, 4.2078,
-89.8618

■ 194.6290, -0.3101,
52.9454

■ 109.8340, 4.5188,
-96.3244

■ 195.0850, 1.4371,
52.5455

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



157.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072



156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252



156.7530, 4.5588, -15.5694

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252



159.7210, 6.5465, 0.2447



160.2420, -7.0213, 12.0658

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252



149.2620, -0.6222, 12.9252

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



160.6490, -4.2640, 14.3398



156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252



160.6680, 3.6147, 7.3072

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252



158.7200, 8.0260, -7.6474



160.9630, -0.4748, 12.3104



158.9810, -7.8786, 7.0327

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252



157.3340, 6.7373, -14.3249



160.9630, -0.4748, 12.3104



160.1820, -6.0057, 12.9954

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252



211.3800, 0.3057, -4.7183



156.7080, -7.2510, -7.6369



105.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739



235.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



107.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252



202.8080, 1.0807, -20.0026



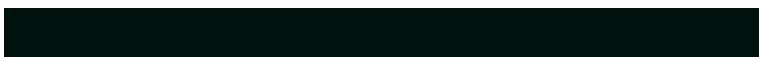
154.4870, 4.6899, -10.9511



78.9670, 0.0163, -5.2331



97.1990, 4.3389, -85.2435



12.0480, 0.4693, -10.5661

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



149.2620, -0.6222, 12.9252



191.1920, -1.0807, 20.0026



151.5130, -4.6899, 10.9511



76.0330, -0.0163, 5.2331



47.9150, -3.9021, 85.1435



5.9520, -0.4693, 10.5661

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

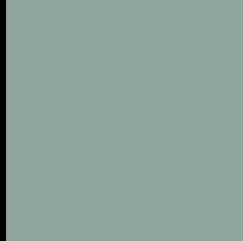
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

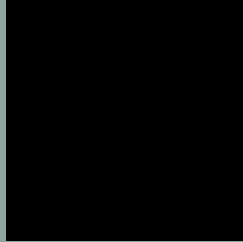
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252.

-12.9252.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252

Protanopia

159.1530, -2.0474, 3.3738

Deuteranopia

160.6640, -0.3274, 11.6957



Tritanopia

158.2850, 7.7475, -11.6509

Trichromacy



Original Color

156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252

Protanomaly

158.0490, -1.0102, -2.6740

Deuteranomaly

159.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591

Tritanomaly

157.8890, 4.9847, -12.1807

Monochromacy



Original Color

156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252

Achromatopsia

157.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

157.2660, -0.1311, -4.6183

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 164, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 164, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 164, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 164, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 164, 158) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 164, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 164, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 164, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 164, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 164,  
158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 156.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 164, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
164, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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