

# Converting Colors

YUV(156.8710, 8.9376,  
-20.0579)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(156.8710, 8.9376,  
-20.0579)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	86A5AF
RGB	134, 165, 175
RGB Percent	53%, 65%, 69%
CMY	0.4745, 0.3529, 0.3137
CMYK	0.23, 0.06, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	195°, 20%, 61%
HSV	195°, 23%, 69%
XYZ	31.0245, 35.0737, 45.6922
YIQ	156.8710, -21.6860, -3.4620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

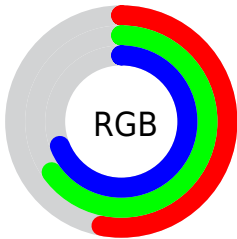
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	134, 152, 175
Decimal	8824239
CIELab	65.81, -8.35, -8.69
CIElCh	66, 12.050, 226.152
Yxy	35.0737, 0.2775, 0.3137
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287014319 (0xFF86A5AF)
YUV	156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579
Hunter-Lab	59.2231, -10.1317, -4.2876

# Details

The YUV color **156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **152.1290, -8.9376, 20.0579**, and the grayscale version is **157.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **211.6860, 9.5218, -20.7726**, and **105.1700, 8.7902, -19.4431** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **149.4400, 12.6011, -28.4499**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **164.6010, 5.1267, -11.0511**.

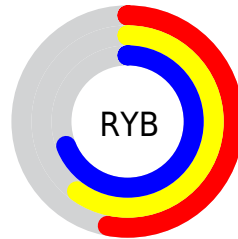
# Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (65%)

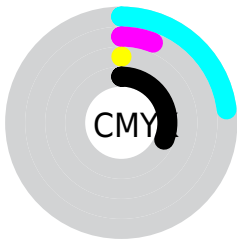
Blue (69%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (69%)

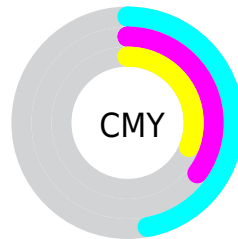


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 156.8710, 8.9376,  
-20.0579

■ 156.8710, 8.9376,  
-20.0579

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 130.7570, 8.5008,  
-19.9579

■ 211.6860, 9.5218,  
-20.7726

■ 105.1700, 8.7902,  
-19.4431

■ 239.8170, 7.4852,  
-20.8875

■ 81.0560, 8.3534,  
-19.3431

■ 252.0100, 1.4741,  
-6.1478

■ 57.3550, 8.2060,  
-18.7283

■ 34.3440, 8.2114,  
-20.4727

■ 16.9210, 6.4479,  
-14.8397

■ 0.4560, 1.7472,

-0.3999

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 156.8710, 8.9376,  
-20.0579

■ 156.8710, 8.9376,  
-20.0579

■ 149.4400, 12.6011,  
-28.4499

■ 164.6010, 5.1267,  
-11.0511

■ 141.1230, 16.7014,  
-36.9419

■ 172.6190, 1.1738,  
-3.1739

■ 133.6920, 20.3648,  
-45.3339

■ 180.3490, -2.6371,  
5.8329

■ 125.9620, 24.1757,  
-54.3407

■ 187.7800, -6.3005,  
14.2249

■ 118.5310, 27.8392,  
-62.7327

■ 195.5100,  
-10.1114, 23.2317

■ 110.2140, 31.9395,  
-71.2247

■ 203.5280,  
-14.0643, 31.1089

■ 102.7830, 35.6030,  
-79.6167

■ 210.6600,  
-17.5804, 38.8862

■ 97.4340, 38.2400,  
-85.4496

■ 213.0080,  
-18.7379, 36.8270

■ 215.3560,  
-19.8955, 34.7678

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



156.0190, 4.4276, -20.1877



156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579



158.4850, 11.0999, -13.5803

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579



162.1420, 1.4090, 14.7845



158.7910, -9.7570, 2.8143

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579



152.1290, -8.9376, 20.0579

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



160.0310, -10.3683, 12.2508



156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579



162.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579



161.4660, 6.6723, 6.6073



161.0470, -7.9112, 17.4988



157.6480, -6.2355, -6.7073



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579



159.7030, 10.4994, -7.6325



161.0470, -7.9112, 17.4988



159.2860, -10.4940, 5.8882

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579



219.8680, 3.5161, -7.7772



159.2070, -7.4971, -22.1065



111.1350, 1.9054, -4.5034



242.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579



198.4720, 14.0643, -31.1089



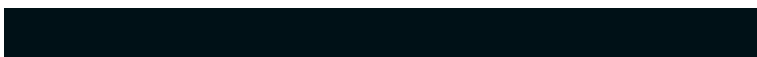
145.1310, 14.7254, -9.7619



83.1350, 1.9054, -4.5034



84.0180, 32.5291, -73.6838



12.6010, 5.1267, -11.0511



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



149.7930, 7.4971, 22.1065



187.6080, 11.5323, 34.5468



163.8690, -14.7254, 9.7619



81.4890, 1.7309, 4.8331



57.8460, 27.6839, 80.8191



8.8150, 4.0352, 12.4402



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

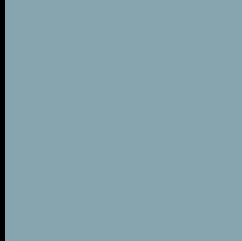
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

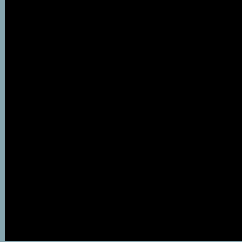
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 156.8710, 8.9376,

-20.0579.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579

### Protanopia

159.7810, 5.5310, -0.6849

### Deuteranopia

161.0960, 7.8407, 5.1778



## Tritanopia

157.5120, 10.1006, -19.7430

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579

## Protanomaly

158.9650, 6.4263, -7.8623

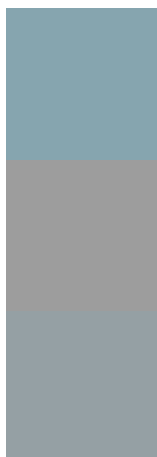
## Deuteranomaly

159.7420, 8.0152, -4.1587

## Tritanomaly

157.3980, 9.6638, -19.6430

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579

## Achromatopsia

157.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

157.1670, 3.3687, -7.1625

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 165, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 165, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 165, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 165, 175) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 165, 175) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 165, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 165, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 165, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 165, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 165,  
175) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 156.8710, 8.9376, -20.0579 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 165, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
165, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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