

# Converting Colors

YUV(157.2240, -9.9704,  
-22.1214)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214)  
contains.

<b>YUV(157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(157.2240, -9.9704,  
-22.1214)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	84AE89
RGB	132, 174, 137
RGB Percent	52%, 68%, 54%
CMY	0.4824, 0.3176, 0.4627
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.21, 0.32
HSL	127°, 21%, 60%
HSV	127°, 24%, 68%
XYZ	29.1671, 36.9838, 29.2682
YIQ	157.2240, -13.1550, -20.4110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

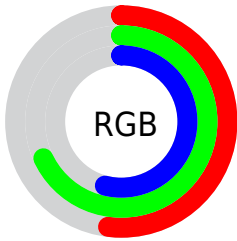
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">132, 170, 174</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8695433</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">67.26, -21.65, 14.49</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">67, 26.047, 146.213</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">36.9838, 0.3057, 0.3876</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286885513</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF84AE89</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">60.8143, -20.8147, 14.0354</a>

# Details

The YUV color **157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **148.7760, 9.9704, 22.1214**, and the grayscale version is **157.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **212.2840, -10.9860, -23.0511**, and **105.1640, -8.9549, -21.1918** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **150.4310, -14.0165, -31.0730**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **164.0170, -5.9244, -13.1699**.

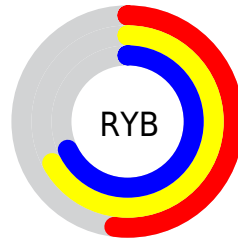
# Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (68%)

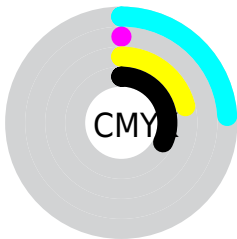
Blue (54%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (68%)

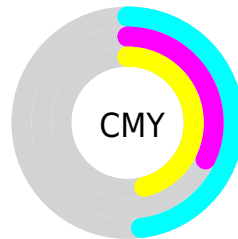


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (46%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 157.2240, -9.9704,  
-22.1214

■ 157.2240, -9.9704,  
-22.1214

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 130.7510, -9.2442,  
-21.7066

■ 212.2840,  
-10.9860, -23.0511

■ 105.1640, -8.9549,  
-21.1918

■ 238.5230,  
-10.1178, -21.5067

■ 80.6910, -8.2287,  
-20.7770

■ 250.2010, -1.5781,  
-7.1923

■ 57.1040, -7.9393,  
-20.2622

■ 34.4350, -6.6235,  
-22.3065

■ 17.6100, -8.6817,  
-15.4440

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 157.2240, -9.9704,  
-22.1214

■ 157.2240, -9.9704,  
-22.1214

■ 150.4310,  
-14.0165, -31.0730

■ 164.0170, -5.9244,  
-13.1699

■ 143.2250,  
-18.3519, -40.5393

■ 171.2230, -1.5889,  
-3.7036

■ 136.4320,  
-22.3980, -49.4909

■ 178.0160, 2.4571,  
5.2480

■ 129.3400,  
-26.2966, -59.0572

■ 185.1080, 6.3558,  
14.8143

■ 122.4330,  
-30.7795, -67.9087

■ 192.0150, 10.8386,  
23.6658

■ 115.6400,  
-34.8255, -76.8603

■ 198.8080, 14.8847,  
32.6174

■ 108.5480,  
-38.7242, -86.4266

■ 205.9000, 18.7833,  
42.1837

■ 104.5320,  
-41.1813, -91.6746

■ 207.4530, 23.4407,  
41.6987

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



160.5380, -19.4922, -1.3488



157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214



154.1320, 2.8929, -41.3348

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214



160.8390, 24.2364, -27.0458



166.3810, -11.0338, 39.1309

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214



148.7760, 9.9704, 22.1214

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



167.6330, 0.1809, 35.4019



157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214



165.5540, 19.9399, -2.2399

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214



155.0770, 23.1330, -46.5485



167.4060, 11.1388, 20.6919



164.5730, -19.0165, 32.8235



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214



152.6670, 11.5032, -49.6970



167.4060, 11.1388, 20.6919



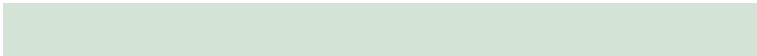
166.7060, -7.2501, 38.8458

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214



220.6200, -3.7567, -8.4367



167.7170, -17.6085, 1.1252



111.3970, -2.1677, -4.7332



242.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214



200.6540, -15.6054, -34.7766



159.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210



83.3970, -2.1677, -4.7332



90.1020, -35.5463, -79.0195



13.8430, -5.3456, -12.1403



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



148.7760, 9.9704, 22.1214



187.3460, 15.6054, 34.7766



146.3820, 0.7977, 24.2210



81.6030, 2.1677, 4.7332



60.0120, 35.9831, 78.9195



9.1570, 5.3456, 12.1403



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

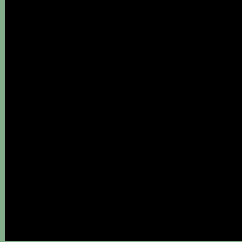
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214.



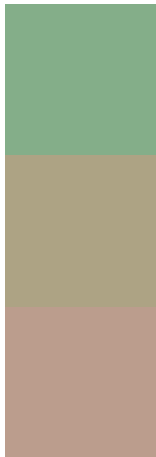
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 157.2240, -9.9704,

-22.1214.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214

### Protanopia

162.4560, -15.0148, 9.2471

### Deuteranopia

164.1460, -11.4110, 20.0430



## Tritanopia

161.1100, 9.8058, -18.5135

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214

## Protanomaly

160.5470, -13.0877, -2.2337

## Deuteranomaly

161.5740, -10.6360, 4.7586

## Tritanomaly

159.5630, 2.6804, -19.7878

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214

## Achromatopsia

157.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

157.0330, -3.4673, -7.9219

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 174, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 174, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 174, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 174, 137) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 174, 137) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 174, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 174, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 174, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 174, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 174,  
137) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 157.2240, -9.9704, -22.1214 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 174, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
174, 137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor