

# Converting Colors

YUV(157.3010, -0.1484,  
-45.8680)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680)  
contains.

<b>YUV(157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(157.3010, -0.1484,  
-45.8680)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	69B89D
RGB	105, 184, 157
RGB Percent	41%, 72%, 62%
CMY	0.5882, 0.2784, 0.3843
CMYK	0.43, 0.00, 0.15, 0.28
HSL	159°, 36%, 57%
HSV	159°, 43%, 72%
XYZ	29.0520, 39.7186, 38.0335
YIQ	157.3010, -38.4170, -25.1450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

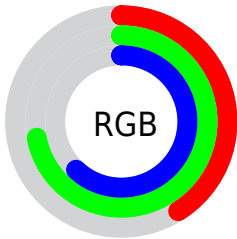
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">105, 153, 184</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6928541</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">69.27, -30.73, 6.16</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">69, 31.341, 168.661</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">39.7186, 0.2720, 0.3719</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285118621 (0xFF69B89D)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">63.0227, -28.0053, 8.3349</a>

# Details

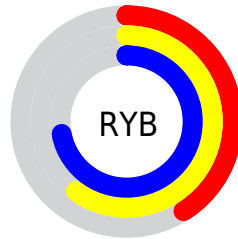
The YUV color  $157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $66CC99$ . A complement of this color would be  $131.6990, 0.1484, 45.8680$ , and the grayscale version is  $157.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $212.8880, -0.4378, -46.3828$ , and  $103.3440, 1.3094, -46.7827$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $151.2350, -0.1159, -56.3341$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $163.3670, -0.1809, -35.4019$ .

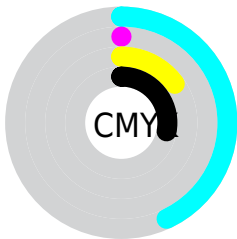
# Distribution



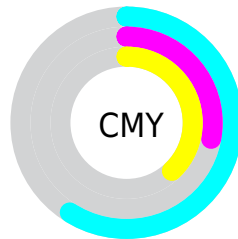
- Red (41%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (28%)




- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (38%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 157.3010, -0.1484,  
-45.8680

 157.3010, -0.1484,  
-45.8680


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 130.4150, 0.2884,  
-45.9680

 212.8880, -0.4378,  
-46.3828


 103.3440, 1.3094,  
-46.7827


 233.2570, 3.3243,  
-39.6904


 76.3650, 2.7781,  
-51.1861

 243.6380, 5.6015,  
-23.3615

 53.6860, 2.6198,  
-47.0826

 252.3090, 1.3267,  
-5.5330

 37.6770, -0.3338,  
-33.0427

 22.9560, -3.4293,  
-20.1324

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 157.3010, -0.1484,  
-45.8680

■ 157.3010, -0.1484,  
-45.8680

■ 151.2350, -0.1159,  
-56.3341

■ 163.3670, -0.1809,  
-35.4019

■ 144.7560, -0.3727,  
-67.3150

■ 169.8460, 0.0759,  
-24.4209

■ 138.6900, -0.3402,  
-77.7811

■ 175.9120, 0.0434,  
-13.9548

■ 132.3250, -0.1602,  
-88.8620

■ 182.2770, -0.1366,  
-2.8739

■ 126.2590, -0.1277,  
-99.3281

■ 188.3430, -0.1691,  
7.5922

■ 121.8020, -0.3954,  
-106.8204

■ 194.5230, 0.2352,  
17.9583

■ 200.8880, 0.0552,  
29.0392

■ 206.9540, 0.0227,  
39.5053

■ 208.6490, 2.6380,  
40.6498

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



161.8560, -15.2120, -20.9217



157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680



153.1210, 16.2093, -65.8811

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680



170.1060, 26.0767, -10.6170



170.1720, -20.7908, 41.9452

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680



131.6990, 0.1484, 45.8680

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



171.7780, -9.7506, 47.5527



157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680



173.4750, 16.5278, 18.8774

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680



162.6460, 30.2475, -41.7855



173.2790, 3.8065, 39.2203



168.7650, -26.9991, 26.5161



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680



153.1020, 25.0927, -68.4955



173.2790, 3.8065, 39.2203



170.9920, -17.7441, 44.7340

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680



229.4770, -0.2352, -17.9583



159.7450, -26.9893, -23.4554



113.5210, -0.2569, -10.9809



247.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680



197.7230, -0.3564, -72.5481



153.3350, 15.1178, -42.3898



88.9670, 0.0163, -5.2331



103.2000, -0.5916, -90.5064



18.4880, -0.2406, -16.2140



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131.6990, 0.1484, 45.8680



157.2770, 0.3564, 72.5481



135.6650, -15.1178, 42.3898



86.0330, -0.0163, 5.2331



52.6860, 0.1548, 90.6064

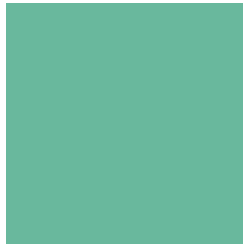


9.5120, 0.2406, 16.2140



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

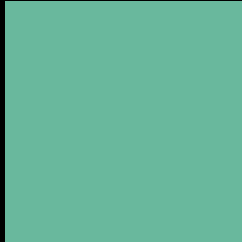
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 157.3010, -0.1484,

-45.8680.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680

### Protanopia

168.1120, -9.9152, 6.9178

### Deuteranopia

170.0620, -3.9746, 14.8546



## Tritanopia

161.1610, 15.6966, -41.3602

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680

**Protanomaly**

164.2020, -6.5086, -12.4552

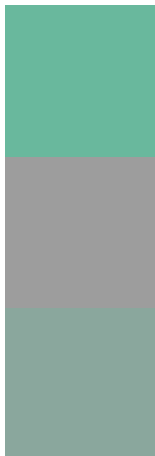
**Deuteranomaly**

165.5600, -2.7411, -7.5071

**Tritanomaly**

159.9560, 9.8817, -42.9344

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680

**Achromatopsia**

157.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

**Achromatomaly**

157.1890, -0.0932, -16.8288

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 184, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 184, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 184, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 184, 157) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 184, 157) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 184, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 184, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 184, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 184, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 184,  
157) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 157.3010, -0.1484, -45.8680 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 184, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
184, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor