

# Converting Colors

YUV(157.4300, -29.2990,  
-29.3181)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181)  
contains.

<b>YUV(157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(157.4300, -29.2990,  
-29.3181)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7CBA62
RGB	124, 186, 98
RGB Percent	49%, 73%, 38%
CMY	0.5137, 0.2706, 0.6157
CMYK	0.33, 0.00, 0.47, 0.27
HSL	102°, 39%, 56%
HSV	102°, 47%, 73%
XYZ	28.0757, 40.2847, 17.8513
YIQ	157.4300, -8.7040, -40.5120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

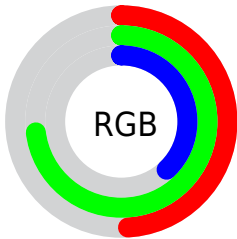
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	98, 186, 160
Decimal	8174178
CIELab	69.67, -36.28, 38.25
CIELCh	70, 52.719, 133.490
Yxy	40.2847, 0.3257, 0.4673
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286364258 (0xFF7CBA62)
YUV	157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181
Hunter-Lab	63.4703, -32.1145, 27.7536

# Details

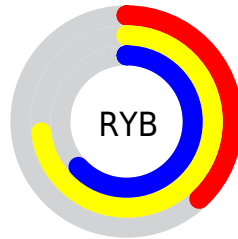
The YUV color **157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. A complement of this color would be **126.5700, 29.2990, 29.3181**, and the grayscale version is **158.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **213.2620, -31.1882, -30.0478**, and **104.1850, -27.6992, -29.1032** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **151.3770, -35.6819, -35.4106**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **163.4830, -22.9161, -23.2256**.

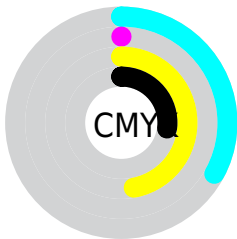
# Distribution



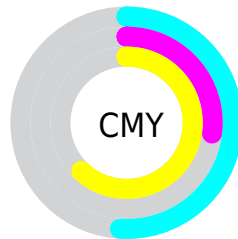
- Red (49%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (62%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 157.4300,  
-29.2990, -29.3181

■ 157.4300,  
-29.2990, -29.3181

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 130.6580,  
-28.4254, -29.5181

■ 213.2620,  
-31.1882, -30.0478

■ 104.1850,  
-27.6992, -29.1032

■ 231.7560,  
-26.9947, -21.7110

■ 78.5870, -27.4044,  
-30.3328

■ 243.6190,  
-19.0392, -6.6819

■ 51.7220, -25.4989,  
-34.8362

■ 252.6060, -9.1728,  
2.0995

■ 34.0460, -16.7847,  
-29.8583

■ 22.3060, -10.9969,  
-19.5624

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 157.4300,  
-29.2990, -29.3181

■ 157.4300,  
-29.2990, -29.3181

■ 151.3770,  
-35.6819, -35.4106

■ 163.4830,  
-22.9161, -23.2256

■ 145.4380,  
-41.6279, -41.6031

■ 169.4220,  
-16.9700, -17.0331

■ 139.3850,  
-48.0108, -47.6956

■ 175.4750,  
-10.5872, -10.9406

■ 133.4460,  
-53.9569, -53.8881

■ 181.4140, -4.6411,  
-4.7481

■ 127.0940,  
-60.1923, -60.5954

■ 187.7660, 1.5944,  
1.9592

■ 125.6270,  
-61.9341, -61.9399

■ 193.8190, 7.9772,  
8.0517

■ 199.7580, 13.9233,  
14.2442

■ 205.8110, 20.3062,  
20.3368

■ 210.6100, 21.8843,  
27.5290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



163.3830, -44.5588, 11.9421



157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181



141.0260, -0.0128, -89.4768

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181



136.4910, 58.4249, -119.7026



169.6550, -9.6899, 74.8476

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181



126.5700, 29.2990, 29.3181

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



174.0120, 12.3191, 62.2565



157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181



165.9580, 43.8977, -33.2892

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181



138.9070, 47.3738, -121.8214



175.2210, 31.9360, 23.4852



169.6010, -31.3553, 70.5099



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181



133.7140, 19.8610, -117.2672



175.2210, 31.9360, 23.4852



170.8920, -2.4118, 73.7627

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181



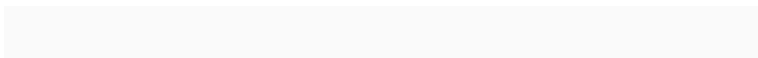
230.9480, -11.3134, -11.3554



160.7060, -30.9141, 22.1828



115.5340, -6.6723, -6.6073



250.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



122.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181



197.2650, -45.9796, -45.8364



151.7080, -17.6040, -47.1019



88.8810, -2.8993, -3.4036



105.3260, -51.9257, -52.0289



18.8280, -9.2822, -9.4962



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



126.5700, 29.2990, 29.3181



148.7350, 45.9796, 45.8364



132.2920, 17.6040, 47.1019



85.8200, 3.0467, 2.7889



50.6740, 51.9257, 52.0289



9.1720, 9.2822, 9.4962



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

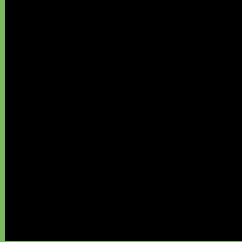
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181.

-29.3181.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181

### Protanopia

165.8920, -36.4288, 17.6347

### Deuteranopia

168.2450, -31.6728, 32.2341



## Tritanopia

166.5330, 11.5692, -24.1464

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181

## Protanomaly

162.7650, -33.9011, 0.2061

## Deuteranomaly

164.6290, -30.8761, 9.9724

## Tritanomaly

163.6240, -3.2656, -25.9802

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181

## Achromatopsia

157.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

157.4750, -10.5872, -10.9406

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 186, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 186, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 186, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 186, 98) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 186, 98) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 186, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 186, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 186, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 186, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 186,  
98) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 157.4300, -29.2990, -29.3181 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 186, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
186, 98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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