

# Converting Colors

YUV(157.5370, -31.8167,  
-61.8609)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(157.5370, -31.8167,  
-61.8609)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	57CE5D
RGB	87, 206, 93
RGB Percent	34%, 81%, 36%
CMY	0.6588, 0.1922, 0.6353
CMYK	0.58, 0.00, 0.55, 0.19
HSL	123°, 55%, 57%
HSV	123°, 58%, 81%
XYZ	27.9776, 46.9592, 17.9454
YIQ	157.5370, -34.6510, -60.3710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

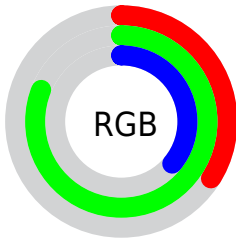
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	87, 200, 206
Decimal	5754461
CIE Lab	74.16, -56.03, 45.80
CIE LCh	74, 72.369, 140.738
Yxy	46.9592, 0.3012, 0.5056
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283944541 (0xFF57CE5D)
YUV	157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609
Hunter-Lab	68.5268, -47.0452, 32.4422

# Details

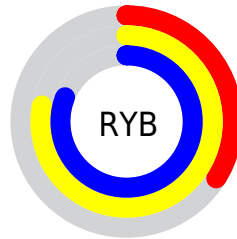
The YUV color **157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC66**. The color can be described as dark muted green. A complement of this color would be **135.4630, 31.8167, 61.8609**, and the grayscale version is **158.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **210.2820, -31.6910, -55.4983**, and **93.3110, -25.7893, -81.8337** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **148.9780, -37.4572, -72.7717**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **166.0960, -26.1763, -50.9502**.

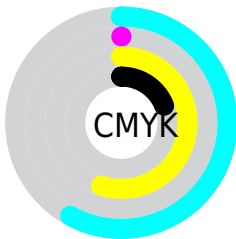
# Distribution



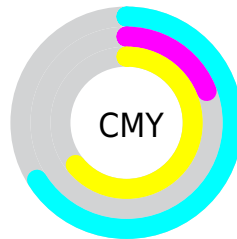
- Red (34%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 157.5370,  
-31.8167, -61.8609

■ 157.5370,  
-31.8167, -61.8609

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 128.2700,  
-30.2061, -65.1348

■ 210.2820,  
-31.6910, -55.4983

■ 93.3110, -25.7893,  
-81.8337

■ 222.0310,  
-24.1723, -40.3692

■ 73.9280, -31.5165,  
-64.8349

■ 234.1930,  
-16.3641, -24.7253

■ 57.5260, -28.3603,  
-50.4503

■ 246.4690, -8.1192,  
-9.1813

■ 42.8510, -21.1255,  
-37.5803

■ 29.3500, -14.4695,  
-25.7399

■ 13.5010, -6.6560,

-11.8404

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 157.5370,  
-31.8167, -61.8609

■ 157.5370,  
-31.8167, -61.8609

■ 148.9780,  
-37.4572, -72.7717

■ 166.0960,  
-26.1763, -50.9502

■ 140.8320,  
-42.8082, -83.1677

■ 174.2420,  
-20.8253, -40.5542

■ 132.2730,  
-48.4486, -94.0784

■ 182.8010,  
-15.1849, -29.6435

■ 124.1270,  
-53.7996, -104.4744

■ 190.9470, -9.8339,  
-19.2475

■ 122.0620,  
-55.2466, -107.0484

■ 199.5060, -4.1935,  
-8.3368

■ 207.9510, 1.0102,  
2.6740

■ 216.2110, 6.7980,  
12.9700

■ 224.6560, 12.0016,  
23.9807

■ 226.2370, 14.1802,  
25.2252

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



169.3930, -63.2977, 2.2863



157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609



143.1570, 7.8106, -125.5487

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609



144.1220, 54.6629, -126.3950



163.7050, -12.1796, 80.0657

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609



135.4630, 31.8167, 61.8609

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



170.7560, 17.3753, 73.8820



157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609



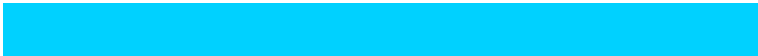
173.3780, 40.2396, -26.6415

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609



151.7530, 50.9008, -133.0874



185.9560, 34.0387, 49.1506



170.4800, -44.6066, 74.1240

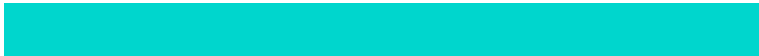


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609



148.9880, 27.6139, -130.6625



185.9560, 34.0387, 49.1506



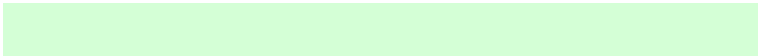
163.8650, -1.4124, 79.9254

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609



237.4690, -11.5702, -22.3363



190.6400, -51.0945, 8.2087



117.3760, -7.0874, -13.4848



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609



183.3380, -47.0016, -91.5044



164.2630, -6.0457, -67.7597



97.8700, -2.8939, -5.1480



98.3540, -44.5445, -86.2565



22.5340, -10.1233, -19.7623



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



135.4630, 31.8167, 61.8609



150.6620, 47.0016, 91.5044



128.7370, 6.0457, 67.7597



96.0160, 2.4571, 5.2480



67.5320, 44.1077, 86.3564

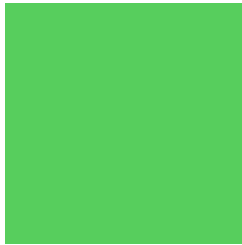


15.4660, 10.1233, 19.7623



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

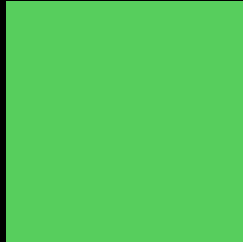
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609.

-61.8609.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609

### Protanopia

176.0360, -44.8807, 21.8934

### Deuteranopia

179.2580, -38.0882, 36.6077



## **Tritanopia**

172.0890, 18.1971, -50.0671

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609



## Protanomaly

169.4020, -40.1312, -8.2456



## Deuteranomaly

171.3090, -35.6483, 0.6060



## Tritanomaly

166.6590, 0.1681, -54.0749

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609



## Achromatopsia

158.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

157.4690, -11.5702, -22.3363

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 206, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 206, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 206, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 206, 93) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 206, 93) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 206, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 206, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 206, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 206, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 206,  
93) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 157.5370, -31.8167, -61.8609 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 206, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 206,  
93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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