

# Converting Colors

YUV(157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(157.7080, 16.4130,  
9.0261)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A892BF
RGB	168, 146, 191
RGB Percent	66%, 57%, 75%
CMY	0.3412, 0.4275, 0.2510
CMYK	0.12, 0.24, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	269°, 26%, 66%
HSV	269°, 24%, 75%
XYZ	35.8313, 32.6442, 53.7027
YIQ	157.7080, -1.3330, 18.6590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

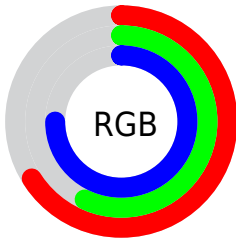
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	168, 146, 191
Decimal	11047615
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	63.87, 16.92, -20.31
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	64, 26.435, 309.803
Yxy	32.6442, 0.2933, 0.2672
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289237695 (0xFFA892BF)
YUV	157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261
Hunter-Lab	57.1351, 11.9568, -15.7335

# Details

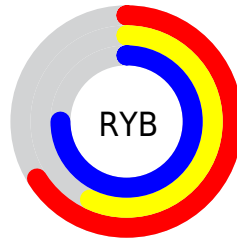
The YUV color **157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **179.2920, -16.4130, -9.0261**, and the grayscale version is **158.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **212.2350, 17.1391, 9.4409**, and **106.0670, 15.2500, 8.7112** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **143.5650, 23.3855, 12.6595**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **171.8510, 9.4405, 5.3927**.

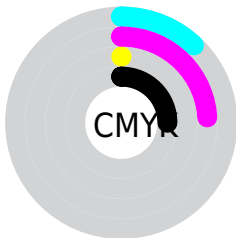
# Distribution



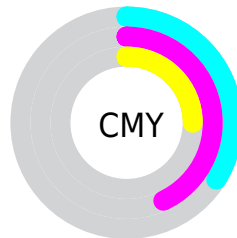
- Red (66%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 157.7080, 16.4130,  
9.0261

■ 157.7080, 16.4130,  
9.0261

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 131.2950, 16.1236,  
8.5113

■ 212.2350, 17.1391,  
9.4409

■ 106.0670, 15.2500,  
8.7112

■ 238.2540, 8.2558,  
12.0552

■ 82.2410, 14.6712,  
7.6816

■ 58.7140, 13.9450,  
7.2668

■ 36.8880, 13.3662,  
6.2372

■ 13.7250, 13.9396,  
9.0112

■ 2.8670, 8.4466,

-2.5144

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 157.7080, 16.4130,  
9.0261

■ 157.7080, 16.4130,  
9.0261

■ 143.5650, 23.3855,  
12.6595

■ 171.8510, 9.4405,  
5.3927

■ 129.4220, 30.3580,  
16.2929

■ 185.9940, 2.4680,  
1.7593

■ 115.5780, 37.1830,  
20.5411

■ 199.8380, -4.3571,  
-2.4889

■ 101.4350, 44.1555,  
24.1745

■ 213.9810,  
-11.3296, -6.1223

■ 86.7050, 51.4174,  
28.3227

■ 228.1240,  
-18.3021, -9.7557

72.5620, 58.3899,  
31.9561

239.3320,  
-23.8277, -10.8152

58.7180, 65.2150,  
36.2043

242.0230,  
-25.1543, -5.2822

49.5810, 69.7196,  
38.0785

245.0130,  
-26.6284, 0.8656

247.7040,  
-27.9551, 6.3986

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



153.9760, 23.1828, -15.7650



157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261



158.3100, 6.7492, 28.6691

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261



155.1440, -21.7630, 27.0607



143.3960, 9.1718, -48.5823

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261



179.2920, -16.4130, -9.0261

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



146.6510, -4.2649, -32.1429



157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261



152.9200, -22.1456, 9.7172

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261



156.6320, -15.1016, 37.1567



149.8080, -15.6813, -10.3556



142.9360, 20.2446, -53.4409



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261



158.0030, -0.9875, 36.8314



149.8080, -15.6813, -10.3556



144.2780, 4.7929, -44.0938

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261



234.6290, 6.0989, 3.8334



164.6310, 12.9999, -16.3394



117.6350, 3.6309, 2.0741



252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261



196.0320, 25.1272, 14.0039



164.2860, 13.1700, 22.5512



87.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741



41.0350, 57.6637, 31.5413



8.0190, 11.3296, 6.1223



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



162.0770, 3.4130, 25.3655



202.6210, 5.1168, 38.9204



172.7140, -13.1700, -22.5512



88.2610, 0.8573, 5.0331



56.4760, 12.0903, 89.0365

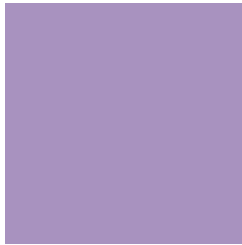


11.0930, 2.4192, 17.4584



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

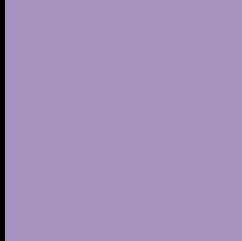
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

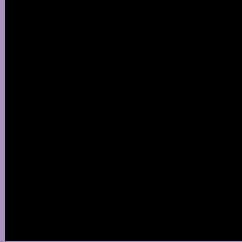
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 157.7080, 16.4130,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261

### Protanopia

155.2110, 20.1090, -9.8320

### Deuteranopia

156.3320, 16.5983, -3.7992



## Tritanopia

155.9560, 3.4727, 6.1776

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261

## Protanomaly

155.9130, 18.7769, -2.5547

## Deuteranomaly

156.9520, 16.2927, 0.9191

## Tritanomaly

156.5200, 8.1246, 7.4370

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261

## Achromatopsia

158.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

158.2160, 5.8095, 3.3186

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 146, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 146, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 146, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 146, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 146, 191) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 146, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 146, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 146, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 146, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 146,  
191) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 157.7080, 16.4130, 9.0261 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 146, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
146, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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