

# Converting Colors

YUV(158.3500, -4.1165,  
13.7251)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(158.3500, -4.1165,  
13.7251)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AE9896
RGB	174, 152, 150
RGB Percent	68%, 60%, 59%
CMY	0.3176, 0.4039, 0.4118
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.14, 0.32
HSL	5°, 13%, 64%
HSV	5°, 14%, 68%
XYZ	34.1888, 33.6572, 33.5487
YIQ	158.3500, 13.7540, 4.0420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

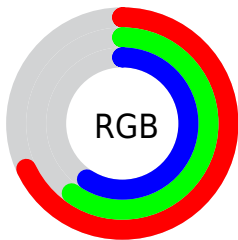
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	174, 152, 150
Decimal	11442326
CIELab	64.69, 7.79, 4.04
CIELCh	65, 8.776, 27.385
Yxy	33.6572, 0.3372, 0.3319
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289632406 (0xFFAE9896)
YUV	158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251
Hunter-Lab	58.0148, 3.6663, 6.3242

# Details

The YUV color **158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **165.6500, 4.1165, -13.7251**, and the grayscale version is **158.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **212.9480, -4.4114, 14.9546**, and **106.7520, -3.8217, 12.4955** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **147.0200, -6.9119, 23.6615**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **169.6800, -1.3212, 3.7886**.

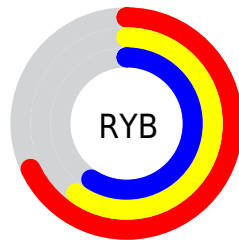
# Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (60%)

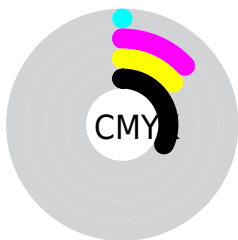
Blue (59%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (59%)

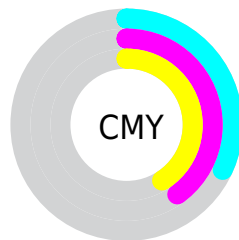


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 158.3500, -4.1165,  
13.7251

■ 158.3500, -4.1165,  
13.7251

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 132.0510, -3.9691,  
13.1103

■ 212.9480, -4.4114,  
14.9546

■ 106.7520, -3.8217,  
12.4955

■ 240.0510, -3.9691,  
13.1103

■ 82.4530, -3.6743,  
11.8807

■ 59.2680, -3.0901,  
11.1660

■ 37.9690, -2.9427,  
10.5512

■ 16.3390, -4.1111,  
11.9807

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 158.3500, -4.1165,  
13.7251

■ 158.3500, -4.1165,  
13.7251

■ 147.0200, -6.9119,  
23.6615

■ 169.6800, -1.3212,  
3.7886

■ 135.5760,  
-10.1440, 33.6978

■ 181.1240, 1.9109,  
-6.2477

■ 124.2460,  
-12.9393, 43.6343

■ 192.4540, 4.7062,  
-16.1842

■ 112.8020,  
-16.1714, 53.6706

■ 203.8980, 7.9383,  
-26.2205

■ 101.4720,  
-18.9667, 63.6071

■ 215.2280, 10.7336,  
-36.1570

■ 90.1420, -21.7620,  
73.5435

■ 226.5580, 13.5289,  
-46.0934

■ 78.6980, -24.9941,  
83.5799

■ 230.7810, 11.9400,  
-49.7969

■ 67.3680, -27.7894,  
93.5163

■ 60.2440, -29.7003,  
99.7640

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



158.9630, -0.4748, 12.3104



158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251



157.9430, -6.8739, 11.4510

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251



155.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072



156.6060, 7.5892, -7.5475

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251



165.6500, 4.1165, -13.7251

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



155.1600, 7.3161, -13.2953



158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251



154.7380, 0.6222, -12.9252

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251



155.9800, -6.3991, -0.8595



154.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546



157.7210, 6.5465, 0.2447



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251



157.1060, -7.4473, 8.6770



154.1660, 4.8482, -15.0546



156.2960, 7.7421, -9.9066

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251



221.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182



159.6840, 6.0718, 12.5551



110.7940, -0.8844, 3.6887



242.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251



202.0090, -6.9064, 21.9171



165.3940, -7.5892, 7.5475



81.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182



52.4810, -25.8731, 85.5242



8.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



165.6500, 4.1165, -13.7251



213.5780, 6.6170, -22.4319



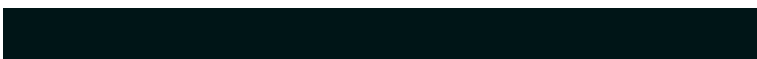
158.6060, 7.5892, -7.5475



83.7220, 1.6161, -5.0182



98.1060, 25.5837, -86.0390



14.9490, 3.9691, -13.1103



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

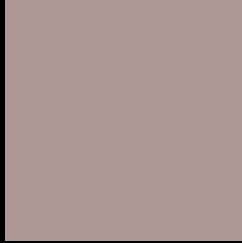
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

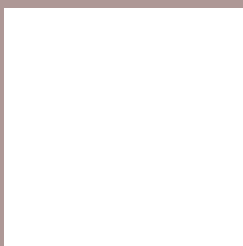
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 158.3500, -4.1165,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251

### Protanopia

157.0390, -2.4842, 3.4738

### Deuteranopia

158.6490, -4.2640, 14.3398



## Tritanopia

159.1420, 1.4090, 14.7845

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251

## Protanomaly

157.8330, -3.3687, 7.1625

## Deuteranomaly

158.6490, -4.2640, 14.3398

## Tritanomaly

158.9740, -0.4802, 14.0548

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251

## Achromatopsia

158.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

158.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 152, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 152, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 152, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 152, 150) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 152, 150) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 152, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 152, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 152, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 152, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 152,  
150) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 158.3500, -4.1165, 13.7251 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 152, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
152, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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