

# Converting Colors

YUV(158.4290, -78.1055,  
-8.2692)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(158.4290, -78.1055, -8.2692)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(158.4290, -78.1055,  
-8.2692)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	95C200
RGB	149, 194, 0
RGB Percent	58%, 76%, 0%
CMY	0.4157, 0.2392, 1.0000
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 1.00, 0.24
HSL	74°, 100%, 38%
HSV	74°, 100%, 76%
XYZ	31.6862, 44.9731, 7.0106
YIQ	158.4290, 35.4540, -69.8740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

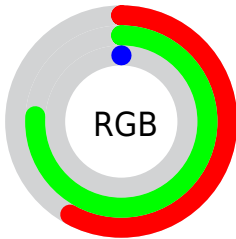
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	0, 194, 45
Decimal	9814528
CIELab	72.87, -36.38, 73.07
CIELCh	73, 81.628, 116.470
Yxy	44.9731, 0.3787, 0.5375
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288004608 (0xFF95C200)
YUV	158.4290, -78.1055, -8.2692
Hunter-Lab	67.0620, -33.0188, 40.7452

# Details

The YUV color **158.4290, -78.1055, -8.2692** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC00**. The color can be described as dark washed chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **35.5710, 78.1055, 8.2692**, and the grayscale version is **159.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **218.4640, -67.7698, -10.0539**, and **109.6880, -54.0762, -15.5124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **158.4290, -78.1055, -8.2692**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **162.0900, -70.5434, -7.0949**.

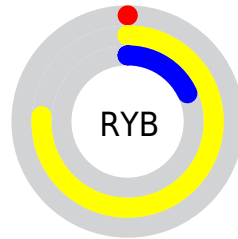
# Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (76%)

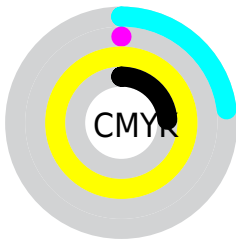
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (18%)

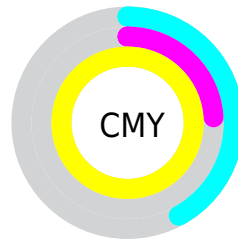


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 158.4290, -78.1055, -8.2692 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 158.4290, -78.1055, -8.2692 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 158.4290,  
-78.1055, -8.2692

■ 158.4290,  
-78.1055, -8.2692

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 133.9090,  
-66.0171, -12.1982

■ 218.4640,  
-67.7698, -10.0539

■ 109.6880,  
-54.0762, -15.5124

■ 233.0880,  
-60.6824, 3.4308

■ 86.0540, -42.4246,  
-19.3414

■ 241.7760,  
-50.6686, 11.5974

■ 62.6970, -30.9096,  
-26.0443

■ 244.9680,  
-38.4382, 8.7981

■ 38.7420, -19.0998,  
-33.9767

■ 248.2740,  
-25.7711, 5.8987

■ 25.2410, -12.4438,  
-22.1364

■ 251.6940,

■ 10.5660, -5.2090,

-12.6671, 2.8994

-9.2664

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 158.4290,  
-78.1055, -8.2692

■ 162.0900,  
-70.5434, -7.0949

■ 165.5660,  
-62.3970, -6.6354

■ 168.9280,  
-54.6875, -6.0759

■ 172.7030,  
-46.6886, -5.0015

■ 176.0650,  
-38.9790, -4.4420

■ 179.7260,  
-31.4169, -3.2677

■ 183.5010,  
-23.4180, -2.1934

■ 186.8630,  
-15.7085, -1.6339

■ 190.3390, -7.5621,  
-1.1743

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



167.0430, -82.3522, 47.3203



158.4290, -78.1055, -8.2692



131.2960, -19.8659, -115.1466

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



158.4290, -78.1055, -8.2692



149.9920, 51.7689, -131.5430



156.7190, 16.9005, 86.1924

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



158.4290, -78.1055, -8.2692



35.5710, 78.1055, 8.2692

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



179.8640, 37.0420, 65.8943



158.4290, -78.1055, -8.2692



141.1870, 56.1098, -123.8210

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



158.4290, -78.1055, -8.2692



152.8470, 44.9384, -134.0468



171.9930, 40.9225, -12.2719



153.5660, -18.0270, 88.9576



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



158.4290, -78.1055, -8.2692



139.9310, 0.5270, -122.7195



171.9930, 40.9225, -12.2719



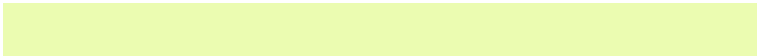
163.0910, 26.0841, 80.6042

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



158.4290, -78.1055, -8.2692



238.3670, -30.2539, -2.9529



82.6600, -40.7514, 97.6452



119.4670, -18.4712, -2.1636



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



158.4290, -78.1055, -8.2692



205.9300, -101.5235, -10.4626



130.3230, -64.2492, -66.0583



95.2620, -4.0732, -0.2298



131.2840, -64.7230, -7.2651



26.8460, -13.2351, -1.6189



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.5710, 78.1055, 8.2692



46.3690, 101.3761, 11.0774



63.6770, 64.2492, 66.0583



88.7380, 4.0732, 0.2298



29.4170, 64.8704, 6.6503



6.1540, 13.2351, 1.6189



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 158.4290, -78.1055, -8.2692 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 158.4290, -78.1055, -8.2692 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

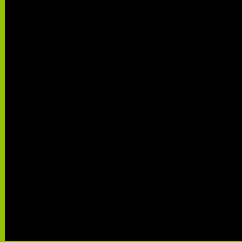
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 158.4290, -78.1055, -8.2692 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 158.4290, -78.1055, -8.2692.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 158.4290, -78.1055, -8.2692.

-8.2692.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Protanopia

165.1720, -81.4298, 31.4212

### Deuteranopia

170.4680, -66.7857, 47.8246

### Tritanopia

177.5240, 8.6157, -10.1065

# Trichromacy



## Protanomaly

162.4260, -80.0760, 17.1664

## Deuteranomaly

165.8970, -70.9412, 27.2773

## Tritanomaly

170.5710, -22.9595, -9.2708

# Monochromacy



## Achromatopsia

158.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

158.2360, -28.2173, -2.8380

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 158.4290, -78.1055, -8.2692 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 194, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 194, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 194, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 194, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 158.4290, -78.1055, -8.2692 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 194, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 194, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 194, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 194, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 194, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 194,  
0) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 158.4290, -78.1055, -8.2692 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 194, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
194, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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