

# Converting Colors

YUV(158.4550, -6.6333,  
27.6650)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(158.4550, -6.6333,  
27.6650)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BE9191
RGB	190, 145, 145
RGB Percent	75%, 57%, 57%
CMY	0.2549, 0.4314, 0.4314
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.24, 0.25
HSL	0°, 26%, 66%
HSV	0°, 24%, 75%
XYZ	36.4714, 33.2423, 31.2822
YIQ	158.4550, 26.8200, 9.5400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

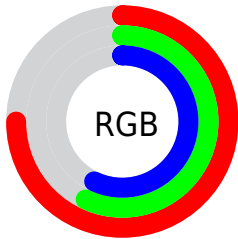
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	190, 145, 145
Decimal	12489105
CIELab	64.36, 16.97, 6.58
CIElCh	64, 18.200, 21.180
Yxy	33.2423, 0.3611, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290679185 (0xFFBE9191)
YUV	158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650
Hunter-Lab	57.6561, 12.0152, 8.1906

# Details

The YUV color  $158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC9999$ . A complement of this color would be  $176.5450, 6.6333, -27.6650$ , and the grayscale version is  $159.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $213.3520, -7.0755, 29.5093$ , and  $106.6720, -5.7543, 25.7207$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $145.1360, -9.4340, 39.3457$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $171.7740, -3.8326, 15.9842$ .

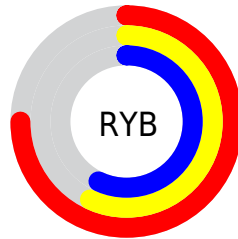
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (57%)

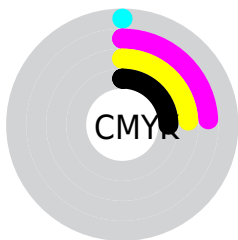
Blue (57%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (57%)

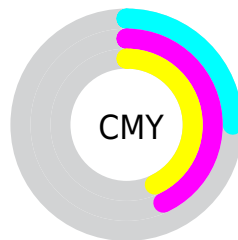


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (24%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 158.4550, -6.6333,  
27.6650

 158.4550, -6.6333,  
27.6650

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 131.8570, -6.3385,  
26.4354


 213.3520, -7.0755,  
29.5093


 106.6720, -5.7543,  
25.7207

 235.3720, -4.1274,  
17.2138

 82.0740, -5.4595,  
24.4911

 59.1770, -5.0173,  
22.6468

 36.3940, -4.1382,  
20.7025

 12.9490, -5.8909,  
22.8467

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

158.4550, -6.6333,  
27.6650

158.4550, -6.6333,  
27.6650

145.1360, -9.4340,  
39.3457

171.7740, -3.8326,  
15.9842

131.8170,  
-12.2348, 51.0265

185.0930, -1.0318,  
4.3034

118.4980,  
-15.0355, 62.7073

198.4120, 1.7689,  
-7.3773

105.1790,  
-17.8362, 74.3880

211.7310, 4.5696,  
-19.0581

91.8600, -20.6370,  
86.0688

225.0500, 7.3703,  
-30.7389

78.5410, -23.4377,  
97.7495

235.5650, 9.5815,  
-39.9605

■ 65.2220, -26.2384,  
109.4303

■ 56.8100, -28.0073,  
116.8076

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



159.0830, 0.9451, 23.6062



158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650



157.1250, -12.8796, 24.4464

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650



152.3330, -8.5452, -12.5700



153.9340, 16.7945, -20.1131

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650



176.5450, 6.6333, -27.6650

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



150.9990, 14.7905, -30.6941



158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650



150.1340, -0.0661, -25.5505

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650



154.3410, -13.9721, 1.4549



149.3810, 8.6862, -32.7831



157.3490, 14.1249, -3.8141



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650



156.2230, -14.8999, 19.0984



149.3810, 8.6862, -32.7831



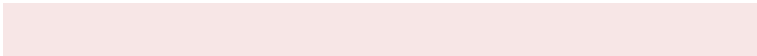
153.0860, 16.2266, -24.6314

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650



235.0830, -2.5059, 10.4512



163.5850, 13.0226, 23.1660



117.9900, -1.4741, 6.1478



252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650



198.6310, -10.1711, 42.4196



171.9560, -13.2893, 15.8246



87.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330



47.2420, -23.2903, 97.1348



9.2690, -4.5696, 19.0581

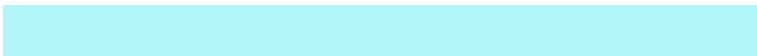


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



176.5450, 6.6333, -27.6650



226.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196



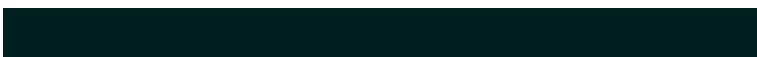
163.6310, 12.9999, -16.3394



91.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



110.7580, 23.2903, -97.1348



21.7310, 4.5696, -19.0581



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

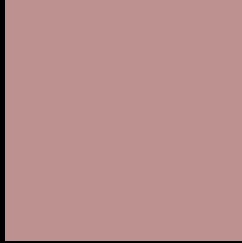
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 158.4550, -6.6333,

27.6650.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650

### Protanopia

156.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590

### Deuteranopia

157.6770, -6.7428, 16.0693



## Tritanopia

159.3070, -2.1234, 27.7948

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650

## Protanomaly

157.3390, -4.1111, 11.9807

## Deuteranomaly

157.9980, -6.9010, 20.1728

## Tritanomaly

158.8510, -3.8705, 28.1947

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650

## Achromatopsia

158.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

158.0830, -2.5059, 10.4512

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 145, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 145, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 145, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 145, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 145, 145) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 145, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 145, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 145, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 145, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 145,  
145) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 158.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 145, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190,  
145, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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