

Converting Colors

YUV(159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516)
contains.

YUV(159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(159.0930, -4.4828,
-8.8516)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	95A696
RGB	149, 166, 150
RGB Percent	58%, 65%, 59%
CMY	0.4157, 0.3490, 0.4118
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.10, 0.35
HSL	124°, 9%, 62%
HSV	124°, 10%, 65%
XYZ	31.5357, 35.8640, 34.1145
YIQ	159.0930, -4.9960, -8.5800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

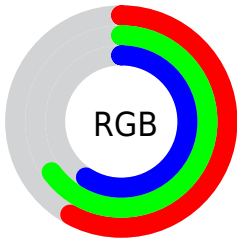
Format	Color
RYB	149, 165, 166
Decimal	9807510
CIELab	66.42, -9.10, 6.26
CIElCh	66, 11.041, 145.473
Yxy	35.8640, 0.3107, 0.3533
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287997590 (0xFF95A696)
YUV	159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516
Hunter-Lab	59.8866, -10.8052, 8.1459

Details

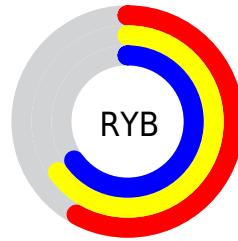
The YUV color **159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **155.9070, 4.4828, 8.8516**, and the grayscale version is **159.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **213.6800, -4.7722, -9.3664**, and **107.5060, -4.1935, -8.3368** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **152.1860, -8.9657, -17.7031**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **166.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

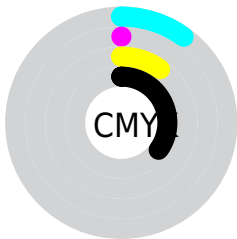
Distribution



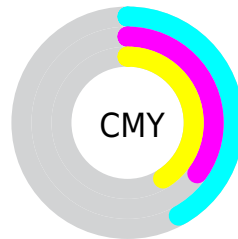
- Red (58%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 159.0930, -4.4828,
-8.8516

■ 159.0930, -4.4828,
-8.8516

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 133.0930, -4.4828,
-8.8516

■ 213.6800, -4.7722,
-9.3664

■ 107.5060, -4.1935,
-8.3368

■ 242.2670, -5.0616,
-9.8812

■ 83.5060, -4.1935,
-8.3368

■ 60.3320, -3.6147,
-7.3072

■ 38.4460, -3.1779,
-7.4071

■ 17.0930, -4.4828,
-8.8516

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 159.0930, -4.4828,
-8.8516

■ 159.0930, -4.4828,
-8.8516

■ 152.1860, -8.9657,
-17.7031

■ 166.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 145.6920,
-13.1592, -26.0399

■ 172.4940, 4.1935,
8.3368

■ 138.7850,
-17.6420, -34.8914

■ 179.4010, 8.6763,
17.1883

■ 132.2910,
-21.8355, -43.2282

■ 185.8950, 12.8698,
25.5251

■ 125.3840,
-26.3183, -52.0798

■ 192.8020, 17.3526,
34.3766

■ 118.4770,
-30.8012, -60.9313

■ 199.7090, 21.8355,
43.2282

■ 111.9830,
-34.9946, -69.2681

■ 202.7570, 25.7558,
45.8171

■ 105.0760,
-39.4775, -78.1197

■ 98.5820, -43.6709,
-86.4564

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



159.9370, -7.8569, 0.0553



159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516



158.1290, 0.9224, -15.8991

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516



160.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065



163.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516



155.9070, 4.4828, 8.8516

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



163.6860, -0.3382, 15.1844



159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516



162.1770, 8.2937, -0.1552

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516



159.4800, 8.6374, -17.0840



163.6080, 4.6303, 8.2368



162.3240, -8.0477, 14.6249

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516



157.9160, 3.9854, -18.3433



163.6080, 4.6303, 8.2368



163.6000, -3.2538, 17.0138

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516



214.2230, -1.5889, -3.7036



163.7630, -7.2782, 1.0848



108.0490, -1.0102, -2.6740



237.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516



206.3760, -7.0874, -13.4848



160.0050, -0.9885, -9.6514



80.6960, -2.3151, -4.1184



87.9020, -38.8987, -77.0901



11.8540, -5.3510, -10.3960

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



155.9070, 4.4828, 8.8516



201.5100, 6.6506, 13.5847



154.9950, 0.9885, 9.6514



79.3040, 2.3151, 4.1184



60.0980, 38.8987, 77.0901



8.1460, 5.3510, 10.3960

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

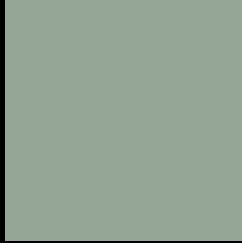
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

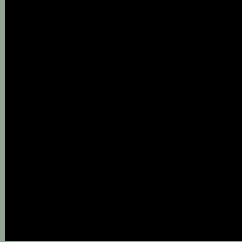
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516.

-8.8516.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516

Protanopia

161.1980, -6.9996, 5.0884

Deuteranopia

162.7200, -5.2850, 15.1546



Tritanopia

160.7910, 7.0050, -6.8327

Trichromacy



Original Color

159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516

Protanomaly

160.3930, -6.1097, -0.3447

Deuteranomaly

161.6650, -5.2578, 6.4328

Tritanomaly

160.0530, 2.9319, -7.0625

Monochromacy



Original Color

159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516

Achromatopsia

159.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

159.2230, -1.5889, -3.7036

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 166, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 166, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 166, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 166, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 166, 150) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 166, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 166, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 166, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 166, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 166,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 159.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 166, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
166, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor