

Converting Colors

YUV(159.4550, -6.6333,
27.6650)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(159.4550, -6.6333,
27.6650)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | BF9292 |
| RGB | 191, 146, 146 |
| RGB Percent | 75%, 57%, 57% |
| CMY | 0.2510, 0.4275, 0.4275 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.24, 0.24, 0.25 |
| HSL | 0°, 26%, 66% |
| HSV | 0°, 24%, 75% |
| XYZ | 36.9530, 33.7095, 31.7531 |
| YIQ | 159.4550, 26.8200, 9.5400 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

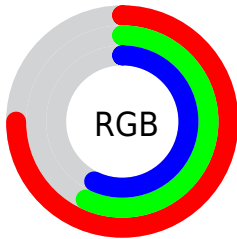
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 191, 146, 146 |
| Decimal | 12554898 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 64.73, 16.95, 6.56 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 65, 18.175, 21.168 |
| Yxy | 33.7095, 0.3608, 0.3291 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4290744978 (0xFFBF9292) |
| YUV | 159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650 |
| Hunter-Lab | 58.0598, 12.0042, 8.2161 |

Details

The YUV color $159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CC9999$. A complement of this color would be $177.5450, 6.6333, -27.6650$, and the grayscale version is $160.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $214.3520, -7.0755, 29.5093$, and $107.6720, -5.7543, 25.7207$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $146.1360, -9.4340, 39.3457$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $172.7740, -3.8326, 15.9842$.

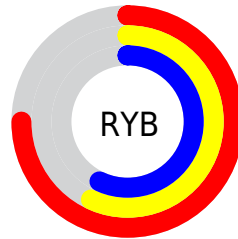
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (57%)

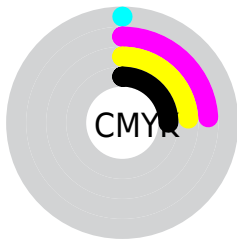
Blue (57%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (57%)

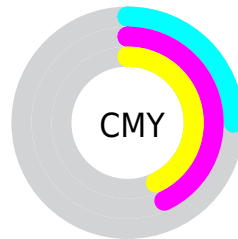


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (24%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 159.4550, -6.6333,
27.6650

 159.4550, -6.6333,
27.6650


255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 132.8570, -6.3385,
26.4354


 214.3520, -7.0755,
29.5093


 107.6720, -5.7543,
25.7207

 236.0730, -3.9800,
16.5990

 83.0740, -5.4595,
24.4911

 59.2910, -4.5805,
22.5468

 37.3940, -4.1382,
20.7025

 13.9490, -5.8909,
22.8467

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

159.4550, -6.6333,
27.6650

159.4550, -6.6333,
27.6650

146.1360, -9.4340,
39.3457

172.7740, -3.8326,
15.9842

132.8170,
-12.2348, 51.0265

186.0930, -1.0318,
4.3034

119.4980,
-15.0355, 62.7073

199.4120, 1.7689,
-7.3773

106.1790,
-17.8362, 74.3880

212.7310, 4.5696,
-19.0581

92.1590, -20.7844,
86.6836

226.0500, 7.3704,
-30.7388

78.8400, -23.5851,
98.3643

235.8640, 9.4340,
-39.3457

■ 65.5210, -26.3859,
110.0451

■ 57.1090, -28.1547,
117.4224

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



160.0830, 0.9451, 23.6062



159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650



158.1250, -12.8796, 24.4464

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650



153.3330, -8.5452, -12.5700



154.9340, 16.7945, -20.1131

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650



177.5450, 6.6333, -27.6650

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



151.9990, 14.7905, -30.6941



159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650



151.1340, -0.0661, -25.5505

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650



155.3410, -13.9721, 1.4549



150.3810, 8.6862, -32.7831



158.3490, 14.1249, -3.8141

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650



157.2230, -14.8999, 19.0984



150.3810, 8.6862, -32.7831



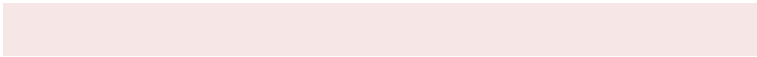
154.0860, 16.2266, -24.6314

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650



235.0830, -2.5059, 10.4512



164.5850, 13.0226, 23.1660



117.9900, -1.4741, 6.1478



252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650



198.6310, -10.1711, 42.4196



172.9560, -13.2893, 15.8246



87.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330



47.2420, -23.2903, 97.1348



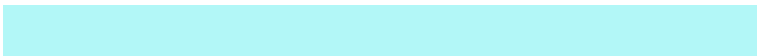
9.2690, -4.5696, 19.0581

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



177.5450, 6.6333, -27.6650



226.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196



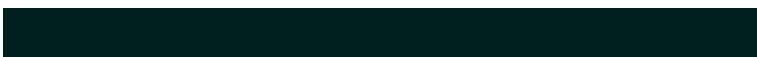
164.6310, 12.9999, -16.3394



91.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



110.7580, 23.2903, -97.1348



21.7310, 4.5696, -19.0581

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

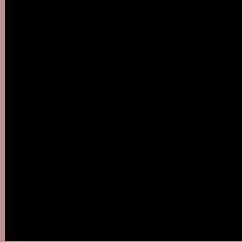
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 159.4550, -6.6333,

27.6650.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650

Protanopia

157.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590

Deuteranopia

158.6770, -6.7428, 16.0693



Tritanopia

160.3070, -2.1234, 27.7948

Trichromacy



Original Color

159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650

Protanomaly

158.3390, -4.1111, 11.9807

Deuteranomaly

158.9980, -6.9010, 20.1728

Tritanomaly

159.8510, -3.8705, 28.1947

Monochromacy



Original Color

159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650

Achromatopsia

159.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

159.0830, -2.5059, 10.4512

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 146, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 146, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 146, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 146, 146) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 146, 146) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 146, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 146, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 146, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 146, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 146,  
146) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 159.4550, -6.6333, 27.6650 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 146, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
146, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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