

# Converting Colors

YUV(159.8840, -11.2818,  
-68.3043)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(159.8840, -11.2818,  
-68.3043)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	52CC89
RGB	82, 204, 137
RGB Percent	32%, 80%, 54%
CMY	0.6784, 0.2000, 0.4627
CMYK	0.60, 0.00, 0.33, 0.20
HSL	147°, 54%, 56%
HSV	147°, 60%, 80%
XYZ	29.5879, 46.7857, 31.1380
YIQ	159.8840, -51.2050, -46.7010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

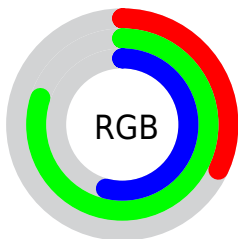
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	82, 166, 204
Decimal	5426313
CIELab	74.05, -49.29, 23.50
CIELCh	74, 54.604, 154.514
Yxy	46.7857, 0.2752, 0.4352
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283616393 (0xFF52CC89)
YUV	159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043
Hunter-Lab	68.4001, -42.4862, 20.8893

# Details

The YUV color **159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC99**. The color can be described as middle muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **126.1160, 11.2818, 68.3043**, and the grayscale version is **160.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **213.6180, -11.1507, -63.6860**, and **97.3810, -5.1178, -85.4031** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **152.6500, -13.1385, -79.5001**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **167.1180, -9.4252, -57.1085**.

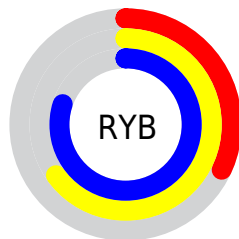
# Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (80%)

Blue (54%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (80%)

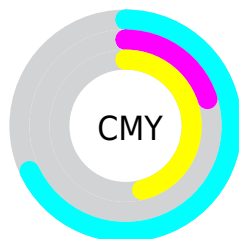


Cyan (60%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (46%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 159.8840,  
-11.2818, -68.3043

■ 159.8840,  
-11.2818, -68.3043

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 130.6170, -9.6712,  
-71.5781

■ 213.6180,  
-11.1507, -63.6860

■ 97.3810, -5.1178,  
-85.4031

■ 225.7800, -3.3425,  
-48.0421

■ 78.7960, -7.7874,  
-69.1041

■ 237.6430, 4.6130,  
-33.0129

■ 60.9120, -10.3096,  
-53.4198

■ 247.5250, 3.6852,  
-15.3694

■ 44.3160, -12.9738,  
-38.8651

■ 28.1760, -13.8908,  
-24.7104

■ 13.5010, -6.6560,

-11.8404

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 159.8840,  
-11.2818, -68.3043

■ 159.8840,  
-11.2818, -68.3043

■ 152.6500,  
-13.1385, -79.5001

■ 167.1180, -9.4252,  
-57.1085

■ 145.1170,  
-14.8477, -91.3106

■ 174.6510, -7.7159,  
-45.2979

■ 137.7690,  
-17.1411, -102.4064

■ 181.9990, -5.4225,  
-34.2021

■ 130.2360,  
-18.8503, -114.2170

■ 189.5320, -3.7133,  
-22.3916

■ 196.7660, -1.8566,  
-11.1958

■ 204.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 211.5330, 1.7092,  
11.8106

■ 218.8810, 4.0027,  
22.9064

■ 223.1250, 7.3334,  
27.9544

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



171.4440, -37.1939, -17.0524



159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043



142.9410, 22.2141, -125.3593

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043



169.3590, 42.2210, -55.5658



177.1260, -24.2191, 68.2955

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043



126.1160, 11.2818, 68.3043

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



177.9020, -0.9377, 67.6149



159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043



185.1160, 34.4528, 9.5453

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043



145.8830, 53.7947, -127.9394



186.8030, 19.3241, 55.4238



180.1960, -43.9736, 57.7101



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043



146.8170, 37.0652, -128.7585



186.8030, 19.3241, 55.4238



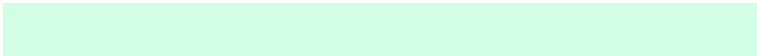
175.9010, -16.2202, 69.3698

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043



238.3960, -4.1392, -25.7803



173.6470, -45.1820, -21.6154



117.5050, -2.7140, -16.2289



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043



188.4700, -16.9937, -103.0212



166.8380, 15.3629, -74.4029



98.3260, -1.1467, -5.5479



105.9920, -15.2791, -92.9550



24.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



126.1160, 11.2818, 68.3043



137.5300, 16.9937, 103.0212



119.1620, -15.3629, 74.4029



95.5600, 0.7099, 5.6479



60.0080, 15.2791, 92.9550



13.7560, 3.5713, 21.2620



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

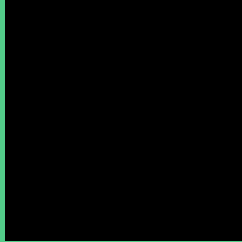
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043.



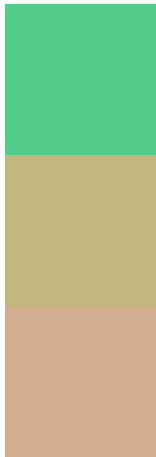
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043.

-68.3043.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043

### Protanopia

179.0300, -25.6508, 14.0057

### Deuteranopia

181.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461



## Tritanopia

169.9140, 20.2554, -56.9296

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043



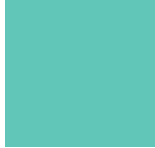
## Protanomaly

171.9230, -20.1750, -15.7185



## Deuteranomaly

173.7050, -16.1236, -8.5113



## Tritanomaly

166.2050, 8.7729, -60.6928

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043



## Achromatopsia

160.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

160.1080, -3.9972, -24.6507

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 204, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 204, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 204, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 204, 137) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 204, 137) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 204, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 204, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 204, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 204, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 204,  
137) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 159.8840, -11.2818, -68.3043 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 204, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 204,  
137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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