

Converting Colors

YUV(160.2550, -3.0837,
55.9044)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(160.2550, -3.0837,
55.9044)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | E0819A |
| RGB | 224, 129, 154 |
| RGB Percent | 88%, 51%, 60% |
| CMY | 0.1216, 0.4941, 0.3961 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.42, 0.31, 0.12 |
| HSL | 344°, 61%, 69% |
| HSV | 344°, 42%, 88% |
| XYZ | 44.4235, 33.8809, 34.7701 |
| YIQ | 160.2550, 48.5950, 27.9150 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

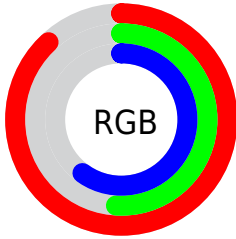
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 224, 129, 154 |
| Decimal | 14713242 |
| CIE Lab | 64.87, 39.46, 2.72 |
| CIE LCh | 65, 39.552, 3.950 |
| Yxy | 33.8809, 0.3929, 0.2996 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4292903322 (0xFFE0819A) |
| YUV | 160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044 |
| Hunter-Lab | 58.2073, 34.3673, 5.3282 |

Details

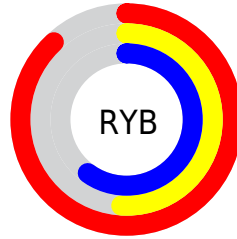
The YUV color **160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **192.7450, 3.0837, -55.9044**, and the grayscale version is **160.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **207.3780, 0.3066, 41.7645**, and **106.5750, -1.7625, 52.1157** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **145.4030, -4.1427, 68.9296**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **175.1070, -2.0248, 42.8792**.

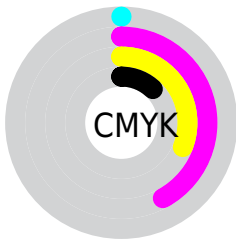
Distribution



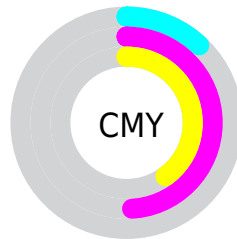
- Red (88%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the YUV color 160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 160.2550, -3.0837,
55.9044

 160.2550, -3.0837,
55.9044


255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 133.3580, -2.6415,
54.0600


 207.3780, 0.3066,
41.7645


 106.5750, -1.7625,
52.1157


 227.7070, 4.5814,
23.9360

 80.7920, -0.8835,
50.1714

 246.1950, 4.3409,
7.7220

 54.2480, 0.8637,
49.7715

 29.1060, 2.9057,
48.1420

 19.1230, -3.0186,
34.9721

 9.3830, -4.1328,

18.9581

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 160.2550, -3.0837,
55.9044

■ 160.2550, -3.0837,
55.9044

■ 145.4030, -4.1427,
68.9296

■ 175.1070, -2.0248,
42.8792

■ 130.0780, -4.4755,
82.3696

■ 190.4320, -1.6920,
29.4391

■ 115.2260, -5.5344,
95.3948

■ 205.2840, -0.6330,
16.4139

■ 99.9010, -5.8672,
108.8348

■ 220.6090, -0.3002,
2.9739

■ 85.0490, -6.9262,
121.8600

■ 235.4610, 0.7587,
-10.0513

■ 73.7020, -7.2481,
131.8113

■ 245.5030, 3.6960,
-18.8581

■ 245.7310, 4.5696,
-19.0581

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



161.7980, 13.4106, 38.7652



160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044



158.4280, -18.9450, 56.6296

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044



150.3490, -26.3011, -10.8301



132.3560, 43.2085, -92.3972

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044



192.7450, 3.0837, -55.9044

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



125.0690, 34.9690, -109.6855



160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044



143.9070, -9.3212, -43.7684

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044



154.2880, -33.6660, 18.1644



130.3370, 15.1169, -88.8725



152.5140, 37.2146, -36.4078

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044



157.3810, -27.7958, 48.7779



130.3370, 15.1169, -88.8725



125.3600, 43.6995, -109.9407

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044



232.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878



160.7600, 31.1773, 33.5365



113.8490, -0.9116, 12.4104



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044



167.7460, -4.3118, 76.5218



170.3190, -20.3703, 47.0782



104.6310, -0.3111, 6.4626



57.8680, -5.8509, 103.6018



15.8340, -1.3972, 28.2096

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044



167.7460, -4.3118, 76.5218



182.6810, 20.3703, -47.0782



104.6310, -0.3111, 6.4626



57.8680, -5.8509, 103.6018



15.8340, -1.3972, 28.2096

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

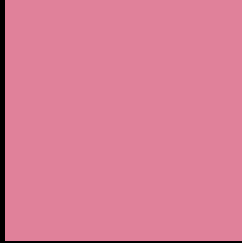
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

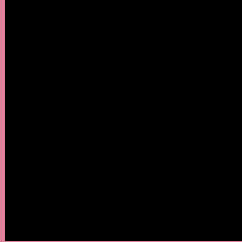
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 160.2550, -3.0837,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044

Protanopia

158.4820, 5.6784, -1.2997

Deuteranopia

158.9480, -4.4114, 14.9546



Tritanopia

159.6480, -9.1935, 55.5597

Trichromacy



Original Color

160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044

Protanomaly

159.1040, 2.4137, 19.2028

Deuteranomaly

159.4490, -4.1654, 29.4242

Tritanomaly

159.6310, -6.7201, 55.5746

Monochromacy



Original Color

160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044

Achromatopsia

160.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

160.1920, -1.0807, 20.0026

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 129, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 129, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 129, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 129, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 129, 154) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 129, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 129, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 129, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 129, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 129,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 160.2550, -3.0837, 55.9044 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 129, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
129, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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