

Converting Colors

YUV(160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677)
contains.

YUV(160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(160.2740, 31.4169,
3.2677)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A492E0
RGB	164, 146, 224
RGB Percent	64%, 57%, 88%
CMY	0.3569, 0.4275, 0.1216
CMYK	0.27, 0.35, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	254°, 56%, 73%
HSV	254°, 35%, 88%
XYZ	39.0433, 33.8321, 74.9935
YIQ	160.2740, -14.3100, 28.0740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

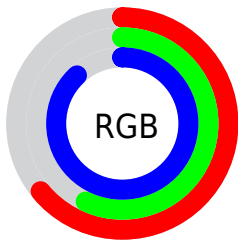
Format	Color
RYB	164, 146, 224
Decimal	10785504
CIELab	64.83, 23.28, -37.26
CIELCh	65, 43.939, 301.996
Yxy	33.8321, 0.2640, 0.2288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288975584 (0xFFA492E0)
YUV	160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677
Hunter-Lab	58.1654, 18.0280, -35.7277

Details

The YUV color **160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999FF**. A complement of this color would be **209.7260, -31.4169, -3.2677**, and the grayscale version is **160.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **212.2500, 21.0757, 6.7968**, and **107.8070, 29.6751, 1.9233** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **142.2770, 40.2894, 4.1421**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **178.2710, 22.5444, 2.3933**.

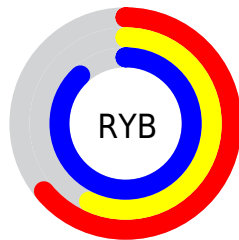
Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (57%)

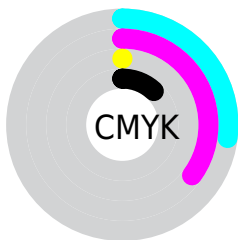
Blue (88%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (88%)

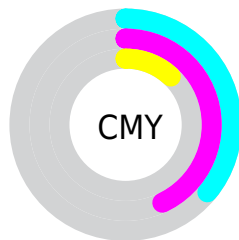


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 160.2740, 31.4169,
3.2677

■ 160.2740, 31.4169,
3.2677

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 133.7470, 30.6907,
2.8529

■ 212.2500, 21.0757,
6.7968

■ 107.8070, 29.6751,
1.9233

■ 237.3570, 8.6980,
10.2109

■ 83.5680, 28.8070,
0.3789

■ 59.6280, 27.7914,
-0.5508

■ 36.6770, 26.7812,
-3.2247

■ 11.4700, 27.3763,
-7.4282

■ 6.1900, 18.6403,

-5.4286

■ 3.0950, 9.3202,
-2.7143

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 160.2740, 31.4169,
3.2677

■ 160.2740, 31.4169,
3.2677

■ 142.2770, 40.2894,
4.1421

■ 178.2710, 22.5444,
2.3933

■ 123.6930, 49.4514,
5.5312

■ 196.8550, 13.3825,
1.0042

■ 105.3970, 58.4713,
5.7908

■ 215.1510, 4.3626,
0.7446

■ 86.8130, 67.6332,
7.1800

■ 233.7350, -4.7994,
-0.6446

■ 68.8160, 76.5057,
8.0544

■ 249.9710,
-12.8037, 0.0254

■ 50.8190, 85.3782,
8.9287

■ 251.4660,
-13.5407, 3.0993

■ 41.0840, 90.1776,
9.5733

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



149.4140, 42.1939, -46.8441



160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677



161.9060, 16.3153, 40.4244

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677



156.4750, -33.7582, 47.8184



122.6120, 17.9393, -107.5307

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677



209.7260, -31.4169, -3.2677

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



142.0160, -11.3469, -47.3720



160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677



153.8710, -37.8974, 22.0381

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677



157.6460, -19.5455, 62.5775



149.3230, -30.2322, -9.9303



126.4710, 35.2638, -110.9151

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677



160.6170, 4.6258, 56.4639



149.3230, -30.2322, -9.9303



131.1930, 6.8069, -83.4843

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677



234.3450, 10.1829, 0.5744



190.6990, 16.4174, -39.2010



115.0200, 6.3991, 0.8595



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677



167.6730, 43.0522, 4.6718



171.6360, 25.8155, 26.6292



103.1510, 4.3626, 0.7446



32.3230, 70.8328, 7.6097



8.7610, 19.3448, 1.9636

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



176.1620, 14.7101, 41.9539



189.3410, 20.0449, 57.5829



198.3640, -25.8155, -26.6292



105.3150, 2.3097, 5.8627



68.0140, 33.0241, 94.7037



18.5700, 9.0860, 25.8101

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

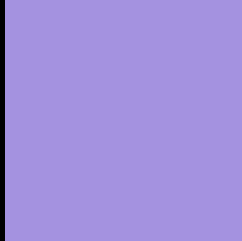
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 160.2740, 31.4169,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677

Protanopia

156.7870, 36.5870, -21.7382

Deuteranopia

156.9460, 32.0716, -20.1236



Tritanopia

157.1720, 5.8312, -3.6588

Trichromacy



Original Color

160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677

Protanomaly

158.2720, 34.3759, -12.5165

Deuteranomaly

158.0010, 32.0445, -11.4019

Tritanomaly

158.3000, 15.1351, -1.1401

Monochromacy



Original Color

160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677

Achromatopsia

160.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

159.9860, 11.3459, 0.8893

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(164, 146, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(164, 146, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 146, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(164, 146, 224) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(164, 146, 224) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(164, 146, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(164, 146, 224)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(164, 146, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 146, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 146,  
224) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 160.2740, 31.4169, 3.2677 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(164, 146, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(164,  
146, 224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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