

Converting Colors

YUV(160.5110, -18.4929,
4.8139)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(160.5110, -18.4929,
4.8139)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A6A57B
RGB	166, 165, 123
RGB Percent	65%, 65%, 48%
CMY	0.3490, 0.3529, 0.5176
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.26, 0.35
HSL	59°, 19%, 57%
HSV	59°, 26%, 65%
XYZ	32.7562, 36.4473, 24.0475
YIQ	160.5110, 14.0780, -12.8500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

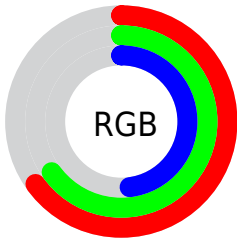
Format	Color
RYB	124, 166, 123
Decimal	10921339
CIELab	66.86, -6.60, 21.97
CIElCh	67, 22.941, 106.727
Yxy	36.4473, 0.3513, 0.3909
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289111419 (0xFFA6A57B)
YUV	160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139
Hunter-Lab	60.3716, -8.8006, 18.6435

Details

The YUV color **160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **128.4890, 18.4929, -4.8139**, and the grayscale version is **161.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **215.2830, -19.3665, 5.0138**, and **108.8530, -17.1825, 4.5139** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **158.5730, -25.9185, 6.5135**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **162.4490, -11.0674, 3.1142**.

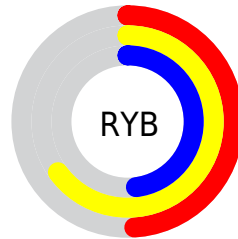
Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (65%)

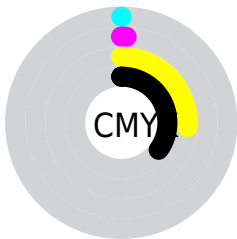
Blue (48%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (48%)

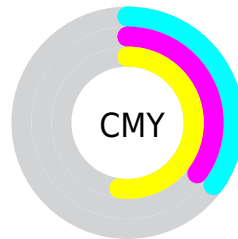


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 160.5110,
-18.4929, 4.8139

■ 160.5110,
-18.4929, 4.8139

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 134.3260,
-17.9087, 4.0991

■ 215.2830,
-19.3665, 5.0138

■ 108.8530,
-17.1825, 4.5139

■ 243.4680,
-19.9507, 5.7286

■ 84.6680, -16.5983,
3.7992

■ 252.2640,
-10.4832, 2.3995

■ 61.4830, -16.0141,
3.0844

■ 38.9560, -16.7403,
2.6696

■ 19.1820, -9.4567,
-0.1596

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 160.5110,
-18.4929, 4.8139

■ 160.5110,
-18.4929, 4.8139

■ 158.5730,
-25.9185, 6.5135

■ 162.4490,
-11.0674, 3.1142

■ 156.1620,
-32.6179, 8.6279

■ 164.8600, -4.3680,
0.9998

■ 154.2240,
-40.0434, 10.3276

■ 166.7980, 3.0576,
-0.6998

■ 151.8130,
-46.7428, 12.4420

■ 169.2090, 9.7570,
-2.8143

■ 149.8750,
-54.1684, 14.1416

■ 171.1470, 17.1825,
-4.5139

■ 147.9370,
-61.5939, 15.8413

■ 173.0850, 24.6081,
-6.2135

■ 145.5260,
-68.2933, 17.9557

■ 175.4960, 31.3075,
-8.3280

■ 144.7280,
-71.3509, 18.6555

■ 177.3200, 38.2962,
-9.9276

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



162.3820, -19.4153, 20.7130



160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139



157.8230, -11.7447, -12.9998

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139



154.5460, 18.4648, -42.5748



166.3870, 3.2602, 27.7246

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139



128.4890, 18.4929, -4.8139

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



165.9920, 12.3289, 12.2850



160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139



158.7310, 21.3316, -28.7051

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139



153.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196



163.5810, 18.9406, -8.4025



165.4990, -6.6550, 34.6424

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139



156.1680, -5.0128, -25.5803



163.5810, 18.9406, -8.4025



166.1630, 6.3286, 23.5360

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139



214.3610, -7.5730, 2.3144



135.9710, -5.9017, 26.3354



108.1590, -4.5154, 1.6146



237.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139



208.1880, -28.6867, 7.7281



155.1180, -15.8342, -7.9965



83.0880, -3.4944, 0.7998



128.7800, -63.4885, 16.8559



17.7200, -8.7360, 1.9996

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



128.4890, 18.4929, -4.8139



158.2250, 28.9761, -7.2133



133.8820, 15.8342, 7.9965



76.9120, 3.4944, -0.7998



18.6330, 63.7779, -16.3411



2.2800, 8.7360, -1.9996

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

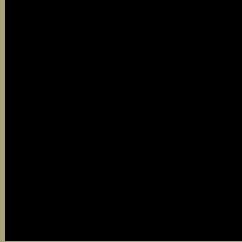
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139.

4.8139.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139

Protanopia

161.0280, -19.2408, 11.3764

Deuteranopia

162.9310, -18.7000, 24.6165



Tritanopia

164.2550, 3.3253, 6.7924

Trichromacy



Original Color

160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139

Protanomaly

160.7180, -19.0880, 9.0173

Deuteranomaly

161.8870, -18.6783, 17.6391

Tritanomaly

162.8930, -4.3842, 6.2328

Monochromacy



Original Color

160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139

Achromatopsia

161.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

160.5890, -6.6994, 2.1144

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 165, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 165, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 165, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 165, 123) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 165, 123) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 165, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 165, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 165, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 165, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 165,  
123) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 160.5110, -18.4929, 4.8139 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 165, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
165, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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