

Converting Colors

YUV(160.7790, -28.4850,
-10.3302)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302)
contains.

YUV(160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(160.7790, -28.4850,
-10.3302)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	95B267
RGB	149, 178, 103
RGB Percent	58%, 70%, 40%
CMY	0.4157, 0.3020, 0.5961
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.42, 0.30
HSL	83°, 33%, 55%
HSV	83°, 42%, 70%
XYZ	30.7630, 39.2096, 18.7788
YIQ	160.7790, 6.7910, -29.4730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

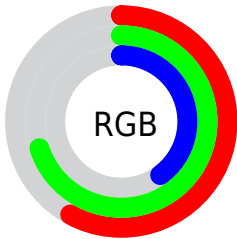
Format	Color
RYB	103, 178, 132
Decimal	9810535
CIELab	68.90, -22.67, 35.06
CIELCh	69, 41.747, 122.884
Yxy	39.2096, 0.3466, 0.4418
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288000615 (0xFF95B267)
YUV	160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302
Hunter-Lab	62.6176, -21.8866, 26.0514

Details

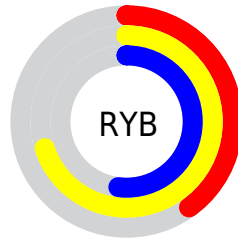
The YUV color **160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. A complement of this color would be **120.2210, 28.4850, 10.3302**, and the grayscale version is **161.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **216.0240, -30.0848, -10.5450**, and **108.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **156.6340, -35.3156, -12.8340**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **164.9240, -21.6545, -7.8263**.

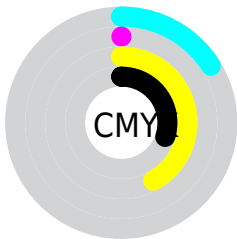
Distribution



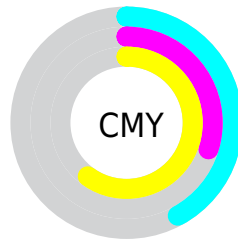
- Red (58%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 160.7790,
-28.4850, -10.3302

■ 160.7790,
-28.4850, -10.3302

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 134.0070,
-27.6115, -10.5301

■ 216.0240,
-30.0848, -10.5450

■ 108.5340,
-26.8853, -10.1153

■ 240.1000,
-28.6433, -6.2267

■ 83.6480, -26.4485,
-10.2153

■ 249.8700,
-19.6559, 4.4990

■ 59.1210, -27.1747,
-10.6301

■ 253.1760, -6.9888,
1.5996

■ 38.5860, -19.0229,
-11.9149

■ 19.3710, -9.5499,
-16.9884

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 160.7790,
-28.4850, -10.3302

■ 160.7790,
-28.4850, -10.3302

■ 156.6340,
-35.3156, -12.8340

■ 164.9240,
-21.6545, -7.8263

■ 152.4890,
-42.1461, -15.3379

■ 169.0690,
-14.8240, -5.3225

■ 148.4580,
-48.5398, -17.9417

■ 173.1000, -8.4303,
-2.7187

■ 144.3130,
-55.3703, -20.4455

■ 177.2450, -1.5998,
-0.2149

■ 140.4670,
-62.3482, -22.3346

■ 181.0910, 5.3781,
1.6742

■ 137.0770,
-67.5790, -24.6235

■ 185.2360, 12.2087,
4.1780

■ 189.3810, 19.0392,
6.6819

■ 193.4120, 25.4329,
9.2857

■ 196.6450, 28.7690,
12.5893

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



164.9140, -36.4396, 21.1234



160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302



154.1410, -10.9155, -45.7277

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302



138.7180, 47.4670, -104.9927



171.3910, -2.6578, 59.2931

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302



120.2210, 28.4850, 10.3302

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



172.8520, 14.8630, 39.5948



160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302



162.7630, 39.5568, -41.0112

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302



133.4810, 36.7379, -117.0628



171.5300, 29.8117, 4.7972



169.2220, -19.8294, 60.3183

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302



146.3190, 5.7587, -73.9478



171.5300, 29.8117, 4.7972



172.2640, 3.3208, 55.0195

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302



224.9920, -11.3351, -4.3780



142.4480, -19.4479, 31.1791



112.8550, -6.8305, -2.5038



245.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302



204.7940, -44.7614, -16.4823



149.7160, -23.0310, -33.0769



87.0770, -3.4890, -0.9445



117.9170, -58.1331, -20.9752



20.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



120.2210, 28.4850, 10.3302



140.9070, 44.9088, 15.8676



131.2840, 23.0310, 33.0769



82.2220, 3.3416, 1.5593



35.0830, 58.1331, 20.9752



5.9540, 9.8827, 3.5483

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302.

-10.3302.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302

Protanopia

164.9180, -32.4976, 16.7349

Deuteranopia

166.5160, -29.3414, 31.1195



Tritanopia

167.7910, 7.0050, -6.8327

Trichromacy



Original Color

160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302

Protanomaly

163.4930, -31.3020, 6.5836

Deuteranomaly

164.8300, -29.0032, 15.9351

Tritanomaly

165.0500, -5.9407, -7.9369

Monochromacy



Original Color

160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302

Achromatopsia

161.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

160.9320, -10.3195, -3.4484

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 178, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 178, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 178, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 178, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 178, 103) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 178, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 178, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 178, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 178, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 178,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 160.7790, -28.4850, -10.3302 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 178, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
178, 103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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