

# Converting Colors

YUV(161.2400, -34.1353,  
28.7305)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305)  
contains.

<b>YUV(161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(161.2400, -34.1353,  
28.7305)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C29E5C
RGB	194, 158, 92
RGB Percent	76%, 62%, 36%
CMY	0.2392, 0.3804, 0.6392
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.53, 0.24
HSL	39°, 46%, 56%
HSV	39°, 53%, 76%
XYZ	36.4068, 36.6958, 15.2894
YIQ	161.2400, 42.6420, -12.8940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

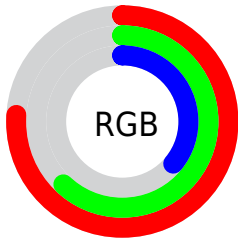
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	148, 194, 92
Decimal	12754524
CIELab	67.05, 5.15, 39.23
CIELCh	67, 39.570, 82.515
Yxy	36.6958, 0.4119, 0.4151
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290944604 (0xFFC29E5C)
YUV	161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305
Hunter-Lab	60.5770, 1.2686, 27.4394

# Details

The YUV color **161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **124.7600, 34.1353, -28.7305**, and the grayscale version is **162.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **216.2080, -35.5985, 31.3896**, and **108.9730, -32.5247, 25.4567** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **154.9650, -40.4087, 34.2337**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **167.5150, -27.8619, 23.2273**.

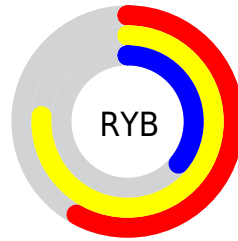
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (62%)

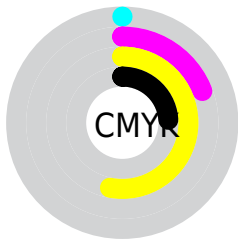
Blue (36%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (36%)

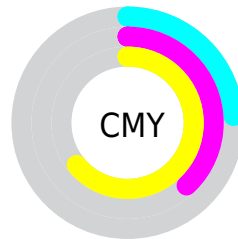


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (53%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 161.2400,  
-34.1353, 28.7305

■ 161.2400,  
-34.1353, 28.7305

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 134.7560,  
-33.4037, 27.4010

■ 216.2080,  
-35.5985, 31.3896

■ 108.9730,  
-32.5247, 25.4567

■ 237.0920,  
-33.0764, 15.7053

■ 84.0760, -32.0825,  
23.6123

■ 248.5020,  
-24.8975, 5.6987

■ 60.6350, -29.8931,  
21.3681

■ 251.6940,  
-12.6671, 2.8994

■ 39.9470, -19.6939,  
16.7095

■ 20.7320, -10.2209,  
11.6360

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 161.2400,  
-34.1353, 28.7305

■ 161.2400,  
-34.1353, 28.7305

■ 154.9650,  
-40.4087, 34.2337

■ 167.5150,  
-27.8619, 23.2273

■ 148.5760,  
-47.1190, 39.8368

■ 173.9040,  
-21.1517, 17.6242

■ 142.3010,  
-53.3924, 45.3400

■ 180.1790,  
-14.8782, 12.1210

■ 136.4990,  
-60.3920, 50.4284

■ 185.9810, -7.8786,  
7.0327

■ 131.9680,  
-65.0602, 54.4021

■ 192.2560, -1.6052,  
1.5295

■ 198.5310, 4.6682,  
-3.9737

■ 204.9200, 11.3784,  
-9.5768

■ 211.1950, 17.6519,  
-15.0800

■ 216.2160, 19.1205,  
-19.4834

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



163.7940, -27.5064, 49.2927



161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305



157.6880, -30.4122, 1.1506

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305



128.3800, 29.8857, -112.5893



167.6270, 19.4109, 27.5141

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305



124.7600, 34.1353, -28.7305

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



164.3110, 31.8917, -9.0427



161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305



129.4520, 44.1472, -113.5294

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305



143.7220, 4.5741, -67.2852



153.2730, 39.3054, -53.7364



167.2420, 3.3317, 51.5308



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305



154.6190, -22.4902, -19.8369



153.2730, 39.3054, -53.7364



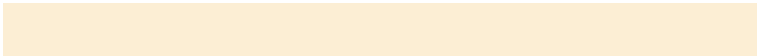
167.1140, 24.1008, 16.5630

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



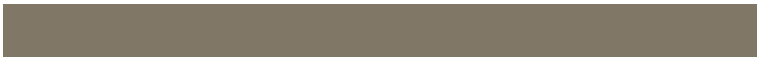
161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305



239.2220, -13.4204, 11.2063



126.7160, 1.1260, 59.0081



119.8670, -8.3154, 7.1326



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305



201.0020, -53.2450, 44.7252



178.1860, -42.4897, 1.5909



93.5120, -3.2104, 3.0590



109.1870, -53.8292, 45.4400



22.1940, -10.9416, 9.4769

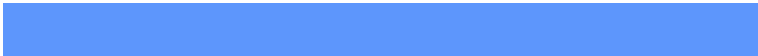


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



124.7600, 34.1353, -28.7305



144.5850, 52.9556, -45.2400



107.8140, 42.4897, -1.5909



90.4880, 3.2104, -3.0590



51.8130, 53.8292, -45.4400

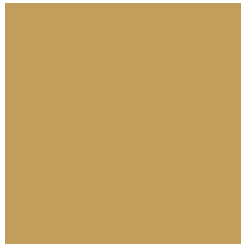


10.8060, 10.9416, -9.4769



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

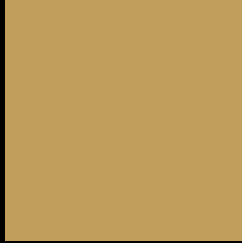
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 161.2400, -34.1353,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305

### Protanopia

159.9180, -32.4976, 16.7349

### Deuteranopia

161.5610, -34.2936, 32.8340



## Tritanopia

166.2040, -2.5656, 29.6391

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305

## Protanomaly

160.1250, -33.0926, 20.9384

## Deuteranomaly

161.5500, -34.2881, 31.0897

## Tritanomaly

164.5170, -14.0589, 29.3646

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305

## Achromatopsia

161.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

161.1510, -12.3994, 10.3916

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 158, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 158, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 158, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 158, 92) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 158, 92) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 158, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 158, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 158, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 158, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 158,  
92) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 161.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 158, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
158, 92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor