

Converting Colors

YUV(161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(161.5710, -2.7465,
-5.7628)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9BA69C
RGB	155, 166, 156
RGB Percent	61%, 65%, 61%
CMY	0.3922, 0.3490, 0.3882
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.06, 0.35
HSL	125°, 6%, 63%
HSV	125°, 7%, 65%
XYZ	33.1545, 36.6413, 36.7775
YIQ	161.5710, -3.3460, -5.4420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

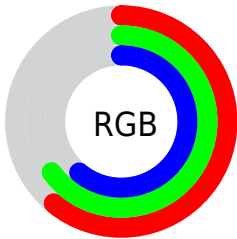
Format	Color
RYB	155, 165, 166
Decimal	10200732
CIELab	67.01, -5.82, 3.83
CIELCh	67, 6.967, 146.646
Yxy	36.6413, 0.3111, 0.3438
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288390812 (0xFF9BA69C)
YUV	161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628
Hunter-Lab	60.5321, -8.1633, 6.3495

Details

The YUV color **161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **159.4290, 2.7465, 5.7628**, and the grayscale version is **162.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **216.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776**, and **109.9840, -2.4571, -5.2480** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **154.7780, -6.7926, -14.7143**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **168.3640, 1.2995, 3.1888**.

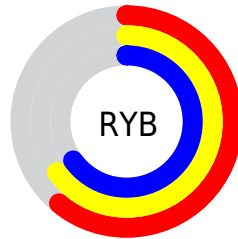
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (65%)

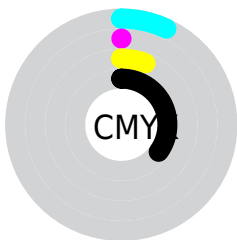
Blue (61%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (65%)

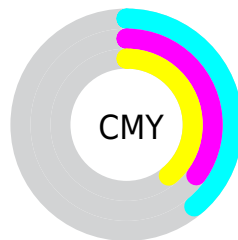


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 161.5710, -2.7465,
-5.7628

■ 161.5710, -2.7465,
-5.7628

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 135.5710, -2.7465,
-5.7628

■ 216.1580, -3.0359,
-6.2776

■ 109.9840, -2.4571,
-5.2480

■ 245.1580, -3.0359,
-6.2776

■ 85.9840, -2.4571,
-5.2480

■ 62.3970, -2.1677,
-4.7332

■ 40.3970, -2.1677,
-4.7332

■ 19.9840, -2.4571,
-5.2480

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 161.5710, -2.7465,
-5.7628

■ 161.5710, -2.7465,
-5.7628

■ 154.7780, -6.7926,
-14.7143

■ 168.3640, 1.2995,
3.1888

■ 148.2840,
-10.9860, -23.0511

■ 174.8580, 5.4930,
11.5255

■ 141.4910,
-15.0321, -32.0026

■ 181.6510, 9.5391,
20.4771

■ 134.9970,
-19.2255, -40.3394

■ 188.1450, 13.7325,
28.8138

■ 128.2040,
-23.2716, -49.2909

■ 194.9380, 17.7786,
37.7654

■ 121.2970,
-27.7544, -58.1425

■ 201.8450, 22.2614,
46.6169

■ 114.8030,
-31.9479, -66.4792

■ 202.7570, 25.7558,
45.8171

■ 108.0100,
-35.9939, -75.4308

■ 101.5160,
-40.1874, -83.7675

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



162.0340, -4.9468, -0.0298



161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628



161.3470, 0.3219, -9.9513

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628



162.8620, 5.9840, -6.0180



164.2680, -3.0901, 11.1660

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628



159.4290, 2.7465, 5.7628

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



164.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513



161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628



163.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628



162.0140, 5.4161, -10.5363



164.4290, 2.7465, 5.7628



163.6870, -5.2687, 9.9215

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628



161.2050, 2.3639, -11.5808



164.4290, 2.7465, 5.7628



164.4960, -2.2165, 10.9660

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628



215.0490, -1.0102, -2.6740



164.4470, -4.6574, 0.4850



108.8750, -0.4314, -1.6444



237.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628



209.7940, -4.3354, -9.4663



162.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627



80.8100, -1.8783, -4.2184



88.3580, -37.1515, -77.4900



11.9680, -4.9142, -10.4959

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



159.4290, 2.7465, 5.7628



206.2060, 4.3354, 9.4663



158.8590, 0.5625, 6.2627



79.1900, 1.8783, 4.2184



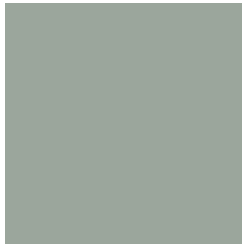
59.5280, 36.7147, 77.5899



8.1460, 5.3510, 10.3960

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

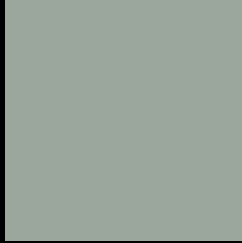
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

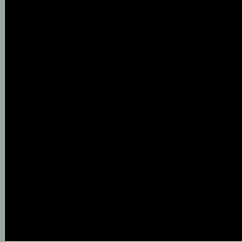
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

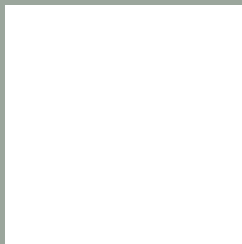
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628.

-5.7628.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628

Protanopia

162.8820, -4.3788, 4.4885

Deuteranopia

163.9910, -2.9536, 14.0399



Tritanopia

162.9870, 6.4154, -4.3736

Trichromacy



Original Color

161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628

Protanomaly

162.0880, -3.4944, 0.7998

Deuteranomaly

162.9470, -2.9319, 7.0625

Tritanomaly

162.4770, 3.2158, -4.8033

Monochromacy



Original Color

161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628

Achromatopsia

162.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

161.4620, -0.7208, -2.1592

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 166, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 166, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 166, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 166, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 166, 156) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 166, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 166, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 166, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 166, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 166,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 161.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 166, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
166, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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