

Converting Colors

YUV(161.9950, -5.9135,
-16.6586)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(161.9950, -5.9135,
-16.6586)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8FAE96
RGB	143, 174, 150
RGB Percent	56%, 68%, 59%
CMY	0.4392, 0.3176, 0.4118
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.14, 0.32
HSL	134°, 16%, 62%
HSV	134°, 18%, 68%
XYZ	31.9688, 38.3138, 34.5645
YIQ	161.9950, -10.7720, -14.0360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

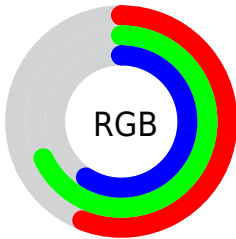
Format	Color
RYB	143, 168, 174
Decimal	9416342
CIELab	68.25, -15.43, 8.83
CIELCh	68, 17.776, 150.225
Yxy	38.3138, 0.3049, 0.3654
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287606422 (0xFF8FAE96)
YUV	161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586
Hunter-Lab	61.8981, -16.1311, 10.2205

Details

The YUV color **161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **155.0050, 5.9135, 16.6586**, and the grayscale version is **162.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **217.1690, -6.4923, -17.6882**, and **110.4080, -5.6241, -16.1438** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **155.4300, -9.0860, -25.8101**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **168.5600, -2.7411, -7.5071**.

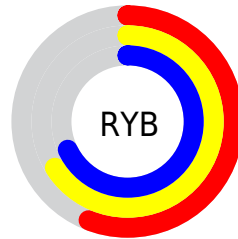
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (68%)

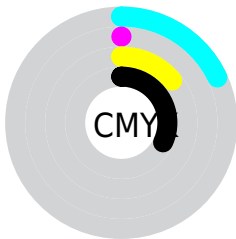
Blue (59%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (68%)

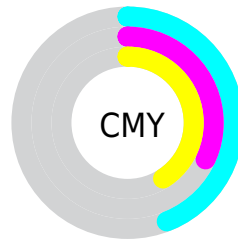


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 161.9950, -5.9135,
-16.6586

■ 161.9950, -5.9135,
-16.6586

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 135.4080, -5.6241,
-16.1438

■ 217.1690, -6.4923,
-17.6882

■ 110.4080, -5.6241,
-16.1438

■ 243.4080, -5.6241,
-16.1438

■ 85.8210, -5.3348,
-15.6290

254.7010, 0.1474,
-0.6148

■ 62.3480, -4.6086,
-15.2142

■ 39.7610, -4.3192,
-14.6994

■ 17.9350, -4.8980,
-15.7290

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 161.9950, -5.9135,
-16.6586

■ 161.9950, -5.9135,
-16.6586

■ 155.4300, -9.0860,
-25.8101

■ 168.5600, -2.7411,
-7.5071

■ 148.4520,
-12.5478, -35.4764

■ 175.5380, 0.7208,
2.1592

■ 141.8870,
-15.7203, -44.6279

■ 182.1030, 3.8932,
11.3107

■ 134.9090,
-19.1821, -54.2942

■ 189.0810, 7.3551,
20.9770

■ 128.3440,
-22.3546, -63.4457

■ 195.6460, 10.5275,
30.1285

■ 121.6650,
-25.9638, -72.4972

■ 202.3250, 14.1368,
39.1800

■ 114.8010,
-28.9889, -82.2635

■ 206.1990, 18.6359,
42.7985

■ 108.1220,
-32.5981, -91.3150

■ 207.4530, 23.4407,
41.6987

■ 106.5840,
-33.3189, -93.4742

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



163.6610, -12.6509, -2.3337



161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586



160.8070, 2.5601, -27.8947

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586



165.4400, 16.0521, -15.2949



168.5860, -8.6699, 27.5501

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586



155.0050, 5.9135, 16.6586

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



169.2250, -1.0969, 25.2357



161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586



167.7410, 12.9457, 1.1041

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586



162.2490, 15.6532, -27.4054



169.5210, 6.6451, 15.3291



167.4730, -14.0372, 22.3872

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586



160.5660, 8.1020, -32.0684



169.5210, 6.6451, 15.3291



169.1560, -6.4859, 27.0502

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586



222.6850, -2.3097, -5.8627



168.3730, -12.5089, -1.2041



112.2230, -1.5889, -3.7036



242.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586



208.4300, -9.0860, -25.8101



163.7050, 0.6384, -18.1583



83.5110, -1.7309, -4.8331



91.9260, -28.5575, -80.6191



14.0710, -4.4720, -12.3403

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



155.0050, 5.9135, 16.6586



197.5700, 9.0860, 25.8101



153.2950, -0.6384, 18.1583



81.4890, 1.7309, 4.8331



58.0740, 28.5575, 80.6191



8.9290, 4.4720, 12.3403

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

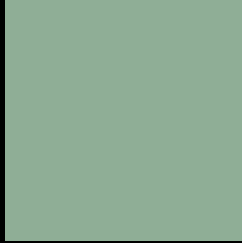
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 161.9950, -5.9135,

-16.6586.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586

Protanopia

166.1120, -9.9152, 6.9178

Deuteranopia

167.2750, -7.0376, 17.2988



Tritanopia

164.6160, 9.0633, -13.6952

Trichromacy



Original Color

161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586

Protanomaly

164.6980, -8.7251, -1.4891

Deuteranomaly

165.3120, -6.5628, 4.9884

Tritanomaly

163.8240, 3.5378, -14.7546

Monochromacy



Original Color

161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586

Achromatopsia

162.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

161.7990, -1.8729, -5.9627

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 174, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 174, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 174, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 174, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 174, 150) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 174, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 174, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 174, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 174, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 174,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 161.9950, -5.9135, -16.6586 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 174, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
174, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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