

Converting Colors

YUV(162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(162.5560, -6.6831,
-3.1186)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9FA795
RGB	159, 167, 149
RGB Percent	62%, 65%, 58%
CMY	0.3765, 0.3451, 0.4157
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.11, 0.35
HSL	87°, 9%, 62%
HSV	87°, 11%, 65%
XYZ	33.5416, 37.1783, 33.8421
YIQ	162.5560, 1.0100, -7.2940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

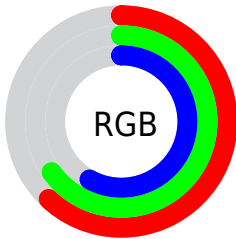
Format	Color
RYB	149, 167, 157
Decimal	10463125
CIELab	67.41, -6.19, 8.34
CIElCh	67, 10.385, 126.618
Yxy	37.1783, 0.3208, 0.3556
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288653205 (0xFF9FA795)
YUV	162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186
Hunter-Lab	60.9740, -8.5122, 9.7744

Details

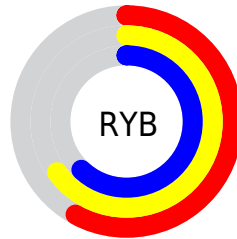
The YUV color **162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **153.4440, 6.6831, 3.1186**, and the grayscale version is **163.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **217.4420, -7.1199, -3.0186**, and **110.9690, -6.3937, -2.6038** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **158.5250, -13.0768, -5.7224**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **166.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148**.

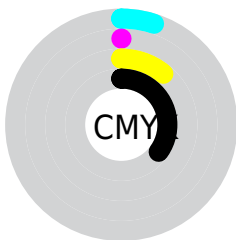
Distribution



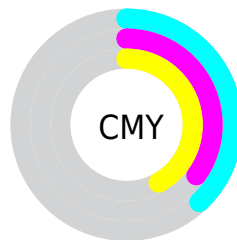
- Red (62%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 162.5560, -6.6831,
-3.1186

■ 162.5560, -6.6831,
-3.1186

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 136.5560, -6.6831,
-3.1186

■ 217.4420, -7.1199,
-3.0186

■ 110.9690, -6.3937,
-2.6038

■ 246.0290, -7.4093,
-3.5334

■ 86.6700, -6.2463,
-3.2186

■ 63.1970, -5.5201,
-2.8038

■ 41.3110, -5.0833,
-2.9037

■ 20.7410, -7.2673,
-2.4039

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 162.5560, -6.6831,
-3.1186

■ 162.5560, -6.6831,
-3.1186

■ 158.5250,
-13.0768, -5.7224

■ 166.5870, -0.2894,
-0.5148

■ 154.3090,
-18.8863, -9.0410

■ 170.8030, 5.5201,
2.8038

■ 150.2780,
-25.2801, -11.6448

■ 174.8340, 11.9138,
5.4076

■ 145.9480,
-31.5264, -14.8634

■ 179.1640, 18.1601,
8.6262

■ 142.0310,
-37.4833, -17.5672

■ 183.0810, 24.1171,
11.3300

■ 137.7010,
-43.7296, -20.7858

■ 187.4110, 30.3634,
14.5486

■ 133.6700,
-50.1233, -23.3896

■ 190.1880, 31.9523,
18.2521

■ 129.6390,
-56.5170, -25.9934

■ 192.2810, 30.9205,
22.5556

■ 125.8360,
-62.0371, -28.7972

■ 194.6730, 29.7412,
27.4738

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



163.7420, -8.7468, 5.4883



162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186



161.5380, -2.7302, -10.9958

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186



162.6160, 9.0633, -13.6952



166.2300, -2.0854, 15.5843

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186



153.4440, 6.6831, 3.1186

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



166.1630, 2.8776, 10.3810



162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186



164.0730, 9.3310, -6.2030

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186



161.3120, 6.7482, -17.8136



165.4440, 6.6831, 3.1186



165.7910, -6.3060, 15.9693

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186



161.4280, 0.7750, -15.2844



165.4440, 6.6831, 3.1186



166.3870, -0.1908, 14.5696

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186



215.3050, -2.6154, -1.1445



159.0780, -4.9685, 6.9476



108.8320, -1.8892, -0.7297



237.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186



209.9210, -10.3141, -5.1927



159.8650, -5.3564, -8.6516



81.8920, -2.9048, -1.6593



111.3940, -54.9172, -25.7785



15.0290, -7.4093, -3.5334

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



153.4440, 6.6831, 3.1186



195.7800, 10.4615, 4.5779



156.1350, 5.3564, 8.6516



77.8090, 3.0522, 1.0445



36.6060, 54.9172, 25.7785



4.9710, 7.4093, 3.5334

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

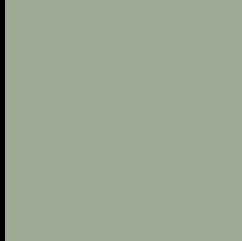
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

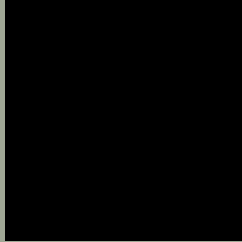
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186.

-3.1186.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186

Protanopia

163.5680, -8.1680, 6.5179

Deuteranopia

165.2750, -7.0376, 17.2988



Tritanopia

164.4820, 5.6784, -1.2997

Trichromacy



Original Color

162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186

Protanomaly

163.0730, -7.4310, 3.4440

Deuteranomaly

164.2310, -7.0159, 10.3214

Tritanomaly

163.6300, 1.1684, -1.4295

Monochromacy



Original Color

162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186

Achromatopsia

163.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

162.7180, -2.3260, -0.6297

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 167, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 167, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 167, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 167, 149) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 167, 149) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 167, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 167, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 167, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 167, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 167,  
149) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 162.5560, -6.6831, -3.1186 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 167, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
167, 149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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