

# Converting Colors

YUV(163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(163.1800, 7.3063,  
36.6761)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CD8BB2
RGB	205, 139, 178
RGB Percent	80%, 55%, 70%
CMY	0.1961, 0.4549, 0.3020
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.13, 0.20
HSL	325°, 40%, 67%
HSV	325°, 32%, 80%
XYZ	42.4453, 34.6587, 46.5722
YIQ	163.1800, 26.8170, 26.1210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

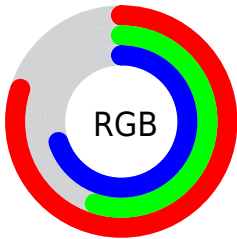
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	205, 139, 178
Decimal	13470642
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	65.48, 30.96, -10.20
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	65, 32.601, 341.760
Yxy	34.6587, 0.3432, 0.2802
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291660722 (0xFFCD8BB2)
YUV	163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761
Hunter-Lab	58.8717, 25.6697, -5.6929

# Details

The YUV color **163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **180.8200, -7.3063, -36.6761**, and the grayscale version is **163.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **216.2120, 8.7695, 34.0171**, and **110.7560, 7.0223, 34.4170** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **149.9410, 9.8891, 48.2867**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **176.4190, 4.7234, 25.0655**.

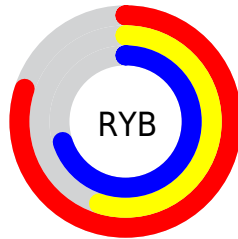
# Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (55%)

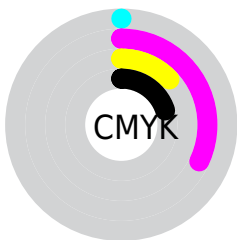
Blue (70%)



Red (80%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (70%)

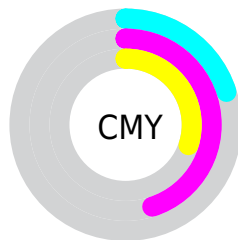


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (45%)


Yellow (30%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 163.1800, 7.3063,  
36.6761

 163.1800, 7.3063,  
36.6761

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 136.4680, 7.1643,  
35.5466


 216.2120, 8.7695,  
34.0171


 110.7560, 7.0223,  
34.4170


 235.0420, 9.8393,  
17.5032

 85.1580, 7.3171,  
33.1874

 252.0650, 1.4470,  
2.5740

 61.1470, 7.3225,  
31.4431

 36.4890, 8.6329,  
31.1431

 18.0000, 6.9020,  
26.3100

 7.2620, -0.6222,

12.9252

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 163.1800, 7.3063,  
36.6761

■ 163.1800, 7.3063,  
36.6761

■ 149.9410, 9.8891,  
48.2867

■ 176.4190, 4.7234,  
25.0655

■ 137.1750, 11.7457,  
59.4825

■ 189.1850, 2.8668,  
13.8698

■ 123.9360, 14.3286,  
71.0931

■ 202.4240, 0.2840,  
2.2592

■ 111.1700, 16.1852,  
82.2889

■ 215.1900, -1.5727,  
-8.9366

■ 97.9310, 18.7680,  
93.8995

■ 228.4290, -4.1555,  
-20.5472

■ 85.2790, 21.0615,  
104.9953

■ 236.9720, -4.4232,  
-28.0394

■ 75.0890, 22.6341,  
113.9319

■ 237.9980, -0.4920,  
-28.9392

■ 238.9100, 3.0024,  
-29.7391

■ 239.8220, 6.4968,  
-30.5389

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



162.3540, 20.0385, 12.8445



163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761



162.1740, -6.9878, 48.0824

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761



155.9540, -27.0923, 9.6873



140.4540, 27.8772, -74.9432

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761



180.8200, -7.3063, -36.6761

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



141.5400, 14.0308, -67.1256



163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761



152.6780, -18.5753, -15.5036

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761



158.4990, -26.8680, 31.1344



147.9980, -3.9430, -42.0942



149.3350, 31.8798, -52.0368



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761



160.6980, -15.1341, 47.6229



147.9980, -3.9430, -42.0942



139.5310, 24.3882, -75.8877

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761



239.1850, 2.8668, 13.8698



154.2980, 24.9961, 9.3857



117.8100, 1.5727, 8.9366



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761



192.2130, 10.7410, 55.0642



159.5320, -6.6713, 39.8754



95.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479



60.8060, 18.3366, 92.2551



13.9840, 4.4449, 21.0620



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761



192.2130, 10.7410, 55.0642



184.4680, 6.6713, -39.8754



95.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479



60.8060, 18.3366, 92.2551

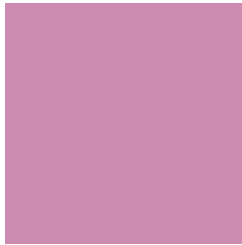


13.9840, 4.4449, 21.0620



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

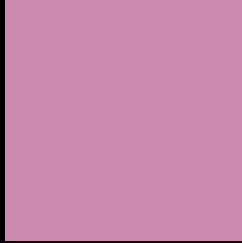
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 163.1800,  
7.3063, 36.6761 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

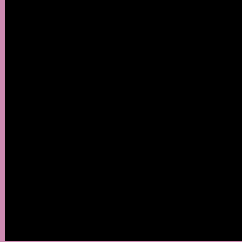
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try  
the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 163.1800, 7.3063,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761

### Protanopia

160.1530, 14.7146, -6.2732

### Deuteranopia

161.1670, 6.8197, 5.9925



## Tritanopia

161.8950, -3.8922, 35.1721

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761

**Protanomaly**

161.2690, 12.1924, 9.4111

**Deuteranomaly**

161.6460, 7.0765, 16.9735

**Tritanomaly**

162.6330, 0.1809, 35.4019

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761

**Achromatopsia**

163.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

**Achromatomaly**

162.7720, 2.5774, 13.3550

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 139, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 139, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 139, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 139, 178) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 139, 178) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 139, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 139, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 139, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 139, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 139,  
178) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 163.1800, 7.3063, 36.6761 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 139, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
139, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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