

# Converting Colors

YUV(163.6680, -13.1473,  
16.9542)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(163.6680, -13.1473,  
16.9542)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B79F89
RGB	183, 159, 137
RGB Percent	72%, 62%, 54%
CMY	0.2824, 0.3765, 0.4627
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.25, 0.28
HSL	29°, 24%, 63%
HSV	29°, 25%, 72%
XYZ	36.4419, 36.6697, 28.8242
YIQ	163.6680, 21.3660, -1.7540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

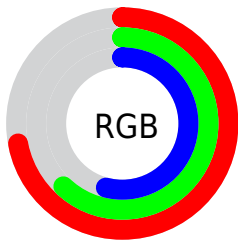
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	183, 179, 137
Decimal	12033929
CIELab	67.03, 5.36, 14.73
CIElCh	67, 15.677, 70.021
Yxy	36.6697, 0.3575, 0.3597
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290224009 (0xFFB79F89)
YUV	163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542
Hunter-Lab	60.5555, 1.4481, 14.1671

# Details

The YUV color  $163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC9999$ . A complement of this color would be  $156.3320, 13.1473, -16.9542$ , and the grayscale version is  $164.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $218.7390, -14.1683, 17.7689$ , and  $111.8850, -12.2683, 15.0099$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $155.7460, -18.1158, 23.9018$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $171.5900, -8.1789, 10.0066$ .

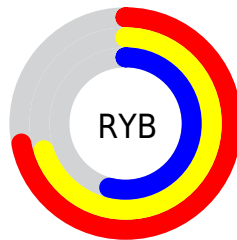
# Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (62%)

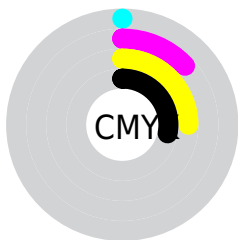
Blue (54%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (54%)

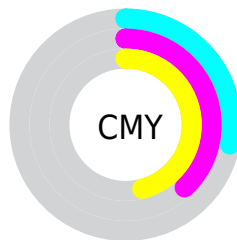


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (28%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (46%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 163.6680,  
-13.1473, 16.9542

■ 163.6680,  
-13.1473, 16.9542

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 137.4830,  
-12.5631, 16.2394

■ 218.7390,  
-14.1683, 17.7689

■ 111.8850,  
-12.2683, 15.0099

■ 243.1510,  
-12.3994, 10.3916

■ 87.1130, -11.3947,  
14.8099

■ 254.0880, -3.4944,  
0.7998

■ 63.6290, -10.6631,  
13.4804

■ 41.7320, -10.2209,  
11.6360

■ 20.7320, -10.2209,  
11.6360

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 163.6680,  
-13.1473, 16.9542

■ 163.6680,  
-13.1473, 16.9542

■ 155.7460,  
-18.1158, 23.9018

■ 171.5900, -8.1789,  
10.0066

■ 148.2970,  
-23.8104, 30.4345

■ 179.0390, -2.4842,  
3.4738

■ 140.3750,  
-28.7789, 37.3821

■ 186.9610, 2.4842,  
-3.4738

■ 133.0400,  
-34.0367, 43.8149

■ 194.2960, 7.7421,  
-9.9066

■ 125.0040,  
-39.4420, 50.8625

■ 202.2180, 12.7105,  
-16.8542

■ 117.6690,  
-44.6998, 57.2953

■ 209.6670, 18.4052,  
-23.3870

■ 109.7470,  
-49.6683, 64.2429

■ 216.4490, 19.0056,  
-29.3348

■ 106.3730,  
-52.4419, 67.2019

■ 221.7320, 16.4011,  
-33.9680

■ 227.6020, 13.5072,  
-39.1160

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



164.7380, -9.2378, 23.0318



163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542



162.1890, -13.4042, 5.9732

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542



157.6870, 4.5913, -26.0355



165.2640, 9.7298, 5.9075

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542



156.3320, 13.1473, -16.9542

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



163.5010, 13.5570, -8.3324



163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542



158.3970, 11.1433, -27.5352

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542



159.0810, -2.9979, -18.4880



160.5380, 14.0318, -20.6428



165.7340, 3.5821, 17.7733



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542



161.4160, -11.0511, -2.1188



160.5380, 14.0318, -20.6428



164.8720, 10.9091, 0.9893

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542



228.9640, -5.4053, 7.0476



153.6040, 4.1392, 25.7803



115.1100, -3.5052, 4.2885



247.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542



207.1870, -20.3052, 26.1460



176.5820, -19.5139, 5.6286



88.0390, -2.4842, 3.4738



90.0820, -44.4104, 57.8101



16.0030, -7.8895, 10.5214

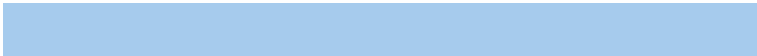


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



156.3320, 13.1473, -16.9542



195.8130, 20.3052, -26.1460



143.4180, 19.5139, -5.6286



86.3740, 2.7736, -2.9590



65.3310, 44.6998, -57.2953



11.9970, 7.8895, -10.5214



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

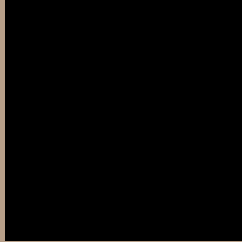
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542

### Protanopia

162.9550, -11.8098, 7.9325

### Deuteranopia

163.9890, -13.3056, 21.0576



## Tritanopia

165.9360, 0.5246, 18.4731

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542

## Protanomaly

163.4500, -12.5468, 11.0064

## Deuteranomaly

163.9780, -13.3002, 19.3133

## Tritanomaly

164.9700, -4.4222, 18.4433

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542

## Achromatopsia

164.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

163.7790, -4.8210, 6.3328

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(183, 159, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(183, 159, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 159, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(183, 159, 137) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(183, 159, 137) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(183, 159, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(183, 159, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(183, 159, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 159, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 159,  
137) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 163.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(183, 159, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(183,  
159, 137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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