

Converting Colors

YUV(163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(163.9220, 4.9685,
-6.9476)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9CA6AE
RGB	156, 166, 174
RGB Percent	61%, 65%, 68%
CMY	0.3882, 0.3490, 0.3176
CMYK	0.10, 0.05, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	207°, 10%, 65%
HSV	207°, 10%, 68%
XYZ	34.9865, 37.3963, 45.4186
YIQ	163.9220, -8.5280, 0.3680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

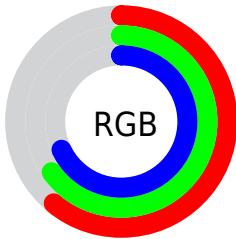
Format	Color
RYB	156, 162, 174
Decimal	10266286
CIELab	67.57, -1.89, -5.34
CIELCh	68, 5.669, 250.487
Yxy	37.3963, 0.2970, 0.3175
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288456366 (0xFF9CA6AE)
YUV	163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476
Hunter-Lab	61.1526, -4.8938, -1.2285

Details

The YUV color **163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **166.0780, -4.9685, 6.9476**, and the grayscale version is **164.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **218.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476**, and **112.2210, 4.8210, -6.3328** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **154.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **173.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148**.

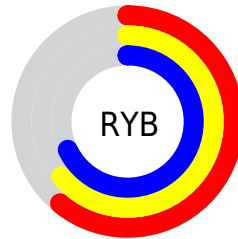
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (65%)

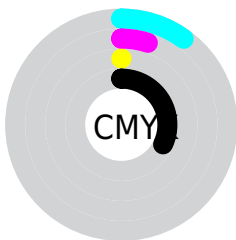
Blue (68%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (68%)

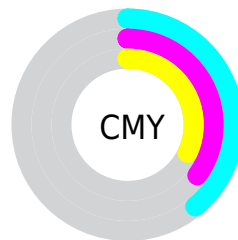


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 163.9220, 4.9685,
-6.9476

■ 163.9220, 4.9685,
-6.9476

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 137.8080, 4.5317,
-6.8476

■ 218.9220, 4.9685,
-6.9476

■ 112.2210, 4.8210,
-6.3328

■ 247.2810, 3.8055,
-7.2624

■ 88.1070, 4.3842,
-6.2328

■ 64.1070, 4.3842,
-6.2328

■ 42.4060, 4.2368,
-5.6181

■ 21.9930, 3.9475,
-6.1329

■ 0.3420, 1.3104,

-0.2999

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 163.9220, 4.9685,
-6.9476

■ 163.9220, 4.9685,
-6.9476

■ 154.1430, 9.7895,
-13.2804

■ 173.7010, 0.1474,
-0.6148

■ 144.6520, 14.4686,
-20.7428

■ 183.1920, -4.5317,
6.8476

■ 134.8730, 19.2896,
-27.0756

■ 192.9710, -9.3527,
13.1804

■ 124.7950, 24.2581,
-34.0232

■ 203.0490,
-14.3212, 20.1280

■ 115.0160, 29.0791,
-40.3560

■ 212.8280,
-19.1422, 26.4608

■ 105.8240, 33.6108,
-47.2036

■ 220.5250,
-22.9368, 30.2346

■ 95.7460, 38.5792,
-54.1512

■ 225.2210,
-25.2520, 26.1162

■ 85.9670, 43.4003,
-60.4841

■ 229.9170,
-27.5671, 21.9978

■ 76.7750, 47.9319,
-67.3317

■ 234.6130,
-29.8822, 17.8794

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



163.2700, 3.8109, -9.0068



163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476



164.6560, 5.0996, -2.3293

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476



165.7130, -1.3375, 9.0217



163.4790, -3.1941, -2.1741

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476



166.0780, -4.9685, 6.9476

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



164.4580, -4.6628, 2.2293



163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476



165.4310, -3.6635, 8.3920

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476



165.9730, 0.9993, 6.1627



164.7790, -4.8210, 6.3328



163.0270, -0.9993, -6.1627

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476



165.0370, 3.9258, 0.8446



164.7790, -4.8210, 6.3328



163.9630, -3.9258, -0.8446

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476



223.1460, 1.9000, -2.7590



167.4780, -1.7147, -10.0662



112.3310, 1.3158, -2.0443



242.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476



211.8830, 7.4527, -10.4214



158.6390, 7.5730, -2.3144



81.9610, 2.4842, -3.4738



66.4080, 41.2109, -58.2398



10.2530, 6.2843, -8.9919

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



162.5220, 1.7147, 10.0662



209.7830, 2.5720, 15.0993



171.3610, -7.5730, 2.3144



81.2610, 0.8573, 5.0331



54.4260, 14.5800, 83.8184



8.3590, 2.2880, 12.8402

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

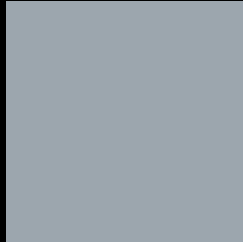
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

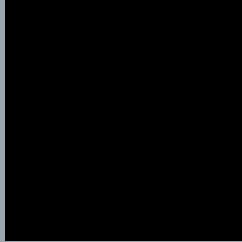
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

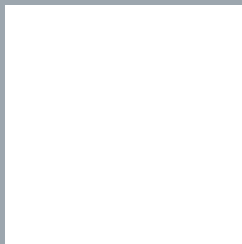
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476.

-6.9476.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476

Protanopia

164.6240, 3.6364, 0.3298

Deuteranopia

166.1950, 4.3409, 7.7220



Tritanopia

164.0900, 6.8576, -6.2179

Trichromacy



Original Color

163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476

Protanomaly

164.4280, 4.2260, -2.1294

Deuteranomaly

165.2760, 4.7939, 2.3889

Tritanomaly

163.9760, 6.4208, -6.1180

Monochromacy



Original Color

163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476

Achromatopsia

164.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

164.1460, 1.9000, -2.7590

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 166, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 166, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 166, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 166, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 166, 174) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 166, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 166, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 166, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 166, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 166,  
174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 163.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 166, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
166, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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