

Converting Colors

YUV(164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(164.5830, -4.2314,
3.8737)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9A49C
RGB	169, 164, 156
RGB Percent	66%, 64%, 61%
CMY	0.3373, 0.3569, 0.3882
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.08, 0.34
HSL	37°, 7%, 64%
HSV	37°, 8%, 66%
XYZ	35.6384, 37.3862, 36.7904
YIQ	164.5830, 5.5480, -1.4280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

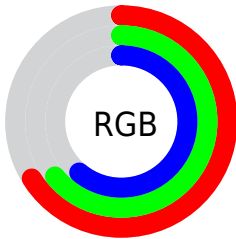
Format	Color
RYB	164, 169, 156
Decimal	11117724
CIELab	67.57, 0.35, 4.78
CIELCh	68, 4.791, 85.802
Yxy	37.3862, 0.3245, 0.3404
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289307804 (0xFFA9A49C)
YUV	164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737
Hunter-Lab	61.1443, -2.9625, 7.1263

Details

The YUV color **164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **160.4170, 4.2314, -3.8737**, and the grayscale version is **165.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **219.4690, -4.6682, 3.9737**, and **112.6970, -3.7946, 3.7737** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **159.1230, -9.9206, 8.6621**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **170.0430, 1.4578, -0.9147**.

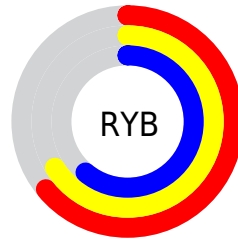
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (64%)

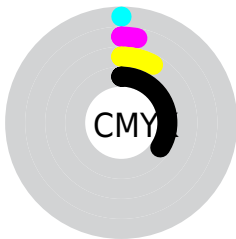
Blue (61%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (61%)

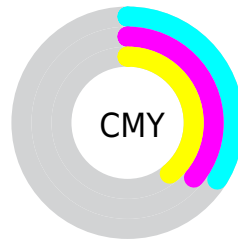


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 164.5830, -4.2314,
3.8737

■ 164.5830, -4.2314,
3.8737

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 138.5830, -4.2314,
3.8737

■ 219.4690, -4.6682,
3.9737

■ 112.6970, -3.7946,
3.7737

■ 247.8820, -4.3788,
4.4885

■ 88.3980, -3.6472,
3.1590

■ 65.3980, -3.6472,
3.1590

■ 43.0990, -3.4998,
2.5442

■ 22.3980, -3.6472,
3.1590

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 164.5830, -4.2314,
3.8737

■ 164.5830, -4.2314,
3.8737

■ 159.1230, -9.9206,
8.6621

■ 170.0430, 1.4578,
-0.9147

■ 153.0760,
-15.3205, 13.9653

■ 176.0900, 6.8576,
-6.2179

■ 147.6160,
-21.0097, 18.7538

■ 181.5500, 12.5468,
-11.0064

■ 141.5690,
-26.4095, 24.0570

■ 187.5970, 17.9467,
-16.3096

■ 136.2230,
-31.6619, 28.7454

■ 192.9430, 23.1991,
-20.9980

■ 130.1760,
-37.0618, 34.0486

■ 198.7620, 27.7253,
-26.1013

■ 124.7160,
-42.7510, 38.8371

■ 202.2840, 25.9890,
-29.1901

■ 118.6690,
-48.1508, 44.1403

■ 206.3930, 23.9633,
-32.7937

■ 113.2090,
-53.8400, 48.9287

■ 209.9150, 22.2269,
-35.8825

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



165.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477



164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737



163.7890, -3.3470, 0.1850

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737



163.2270, 2.3531, -8.0921



165.1900, 1.8783, 4.2184

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737



160.4170, 4.2314, -3.8737

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



165.2110, 3.3470, -0.1850



164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737



163.5800, 3.6581, -6.6477

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737



163.3690, 0.3111, -6.4626



164.4170, 4.2314, -3.8737



165.6310, -0.3111, 6.4626

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737



163.5930, -2.7573, -2.2741



164.4170, 4.2314, -3.8737



165.4070, 2.7573, 2.2741

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737



217.9570, -1.4578, 0.9147



160.4570, 0.2677, 7.4922



109.0710, -1.0210, 0.8147



237.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737



212.7250, -6.2734, 5.5032



167.2190, -5.5310, 0.6849



81.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442



97.6690, -48.1508, 44.1403



13.6110, -6.7102, 5.6032

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



160.4170, 4.2314, -3.8737



206.2750, 6.2734, -5.5032



157.7810, 5.5310, -0.6849



78.6730, 2.6262, -2.3442



50.3310, 48.1508, -44.1403



6.9760, 6.4208, -6.1180

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

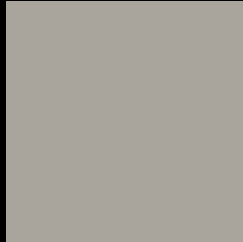
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

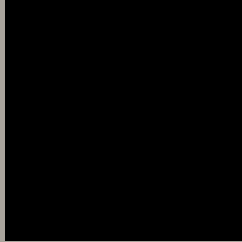
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 164.5830, -4.2314,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737

Protanopia

164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737

Deuteranopia

165.9480, -4.4114, 14.9546



Tritanopia

165.7710, 4.0569, 5.4628

Trichromacy



Original Color

164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737

Protanomaly

164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737

Deuteranomaly

165.6270, -4.2531, 10.8511

Tritanomaly

165.2610, 0.8573, 5.0331

Monochromacy



Original Color

164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737

Achromatopsia

165.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

164.9570, -1.4578, 0.9147

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 164, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 164, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 164, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 164, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 164, 156) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 164, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 164, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 164, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 164, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 164,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 164.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 164, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
164, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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