

# Converting Colors

YUV(165.7090, -1.8285,  
26.5652)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(165.7090, -1.8285,  
26.5652)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C497A2
RGB	196, 151, 162
RGB Percent	77%, 59%, 64%
CMY	0.2314, 0.4078, 0.3647
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.17, 0.23
HSL	345°, 28%, 68%
HSV	345°, 23%, 77%
XYZ	40.3531, 36.4776, 39.0965
YIQ	165.7090, 23.2890, 12.9610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

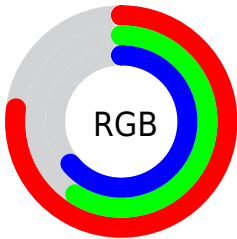
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	196, 151, 162
Decimal	12883874
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	66.88, 18.54, 0.75
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	67, 18.554, 2.314
Yxy	36.4776, 0.3481, 0.3147
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291073954 (0xFFC497A2)
YUV	165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652
Hunter-Lab	60.3967, 13.5679, 3.8976

# Details

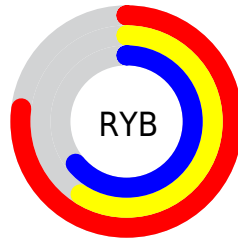
The YUV color  $165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC9999$ . A complement of this color would be  $181.2910, 1.8285, -26.5652$ , and the grayscale version is  $166.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $220.7200, -1.8340, 28.3096$ , and  $113.6980, -1.8231, 24.8209$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $152.2590, -2.5927, 38.3609$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $179.1590, -1.0644, 14.7696$ .

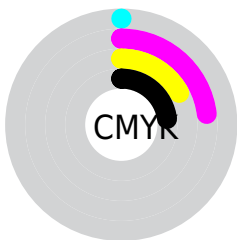
# Distribution



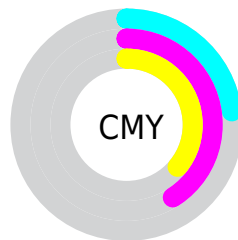
- Red (77%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 165.7090, -1.8285,  
26.5652

■ 165.7090, -1.8285,  
26.5652

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 139.1110, -1.5337,  
25.3357

■ 220.7200, -1.8340,  
28.3096

■ 113.6980, -1.8231,  
24.8209

■ 241.5330, 1.7092,  
11.8106

■ 89.1000, -1.5283,  
23.5913

■ 65.2030, -1.0861,  
21.7470

■ 42.6050, -0.7913,  
20.5174

■ 20.5340, 0.2297,  
19.7027

■ 3.8870, -1.9163,

7.9921

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

165.7090, -1.8285,  
26.5652

165.7090, -1.8285,  
26.5652

152.2590, -2.5927,  
38.3609

179.1590, -1.0644,  
14.7696

139.3960, -3.6462,  
49.6417

192.0220, -0.0108,  
3.4887

126.0600, -3.9736,  
61.3374

205.3580, 0.3165,  
-8.2070

113.1970, -5.0271,  
72.6182

218.2210, 1.3700,  
-19.4878

99.7470, -5.7913,  
84.4139

231.6710, 2.1342,  
-31.2835

■ 86.2970, -6.5554,  
96.2095

■ 236.9030, 6.9498,  
-35.8719

■ 73.4340, -7.6090,  
107.4904

■ 237.3590, 8.6970,  
-36.2718

■ 64.0760, -7.9255,  
115.6973

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



165.8310, 6.4923, 17.6882



165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652



164.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652



159.9490, -12.7929, -3.4633



158.7650, 16.3849, -28.7349

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652



181.2910, 1.8285, -26.5652

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



156.4670, 11.6018, -34.6126



165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652



158.0980, -5.4713, -18.5029

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652



161.9400, -15.7464, 10.5766



156.0240, 3.4392, -29.8390



161.9670, 16.7783, -14.8801



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652



164.3100, -13.4638, 25.1611



156.0240, 3.4392, -29.8390



157.8140, 15.3747, -31.4089

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652



242.9520, -0.4693, 10.5661



166.2960, 14.6441, 16.4034



120.6310, -0.3111, 6.4626



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652



207.1670, -3.0403, 41.9495



170.9120, -9.8166, 22.0022



90.3320, -0.1637, 5.8478



52.5850, -6.6974, 95.0800



10.7790, -1.3700, 19.4878



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652



207.1670, -3.0403, 41.9495



176.0880, 9.8166, -22.0022



90.3320, -0.1637, 5.8478



52.5850, -6.6974, 95.0800



10.7790, -1.3700, 19.4878



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

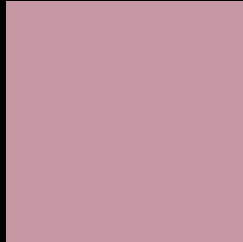
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

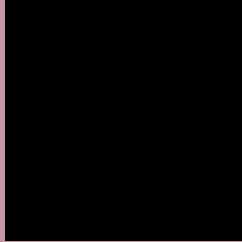
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 165.7090, -1.8285,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652

### Protanopia

163.2820, 2.3260, 0.6297

### Deuteranopia

164.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104



## Tritanopia

165.8230, -1.3917, 26.4652

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652

## Protanomaly

164.2940, 0.8411, 10.2662

## Deuteranomaly

164.6540, -1.8014, 17.8434

## Tritanomaly

165.8230, -1.3917, 26.4652

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652

## Achromatopsia

166.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

166.2400, -0.6113, 9.4365

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 151, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 151, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 151, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 151, 162) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 151, 162) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 151, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 151, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 151, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 151, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 151,  
162) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 165.7090, -1.8285, 26.5652 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 151, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
151, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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