

# Converting Colors

YUV(166.8500, 4.0180,  
-28.8094)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(166.8500, 4.0180,  
-28.8094)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	86B6AF
RGB	134, 182, 175
RGB Percent	53%, 71%, 69%
CMY	0.4745, 0.2863, 0.3137
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.04, 0.29
HSL	171°, 25%, 62%
HSV	171°, 26%, 71%
XYZ	34.2973, 41.6194, 46.7831
YIQ	166.8500, -26.3610, -12.3530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

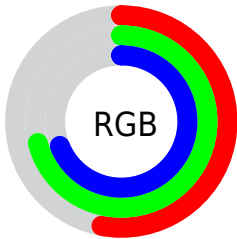
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	134, 160, 182
Decimal	8828591
CIELab	70.61, -17.34, -1.59
CIElCh	71, 17.414, 185.252
Yxy	41.6194, 0.2795, 0.3392
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287018671 (0xFF86B6AF)
YUV	166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094
Hunter-Lab	64.5131, -18.0013, 2.1637

# Details

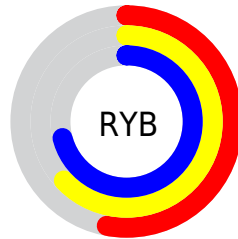
The YUV color  $166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $99CCCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $149.1500, -4.0180, 28.8094$ , and the grayscale version is  $167.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $222.1380, 3.8760, -29.9390$ , and  $114.5620, 4.1599, -27.6799$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $161.1260, 5.3609, -39.5755$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $172.5740, 2.6750, -18.0434$ .

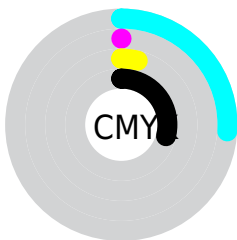
# Distribution



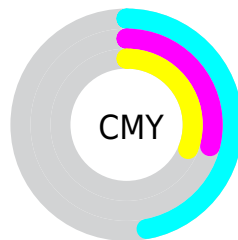
- Red (53%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 166.8500, 4.0180,  
-28.8094

■ 166.8500, 4.0180,  
-28.8094

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 140.1490, 3.8705,  
-28.1947

■ 222.1380, 3.8760,  
-29.9390

■ 114.5620, 4.1599,  
-27.6799

■ 243.3390, 5.7489,  
-23.9763

■ 89.5620, 4.1599,  
-27.6799

■ 252.0100, 1.4741,  
-6.1478

■ 65.2630, 4.3073,  
-28.2947

■ 40.2950, 5.7706,  
-30.9537

■ 23.9650, 2.9753,  
-21.0173

■ 3.0320, 1.4632,

-2.6591

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 166.8500, 4.0180,  
-28.8094

■ 166.8500, 4.0180,  
-28.8094

■ 161.1260, 5.3609,  
-39.5755

■ 172.5740, 2.6750,  
-18.0434

■ 155.5160, 7.1406,  
-50.4415

■ 178.1840, 0.8953,  
-7.1774

■ 149.4930, 8.6310,  
-61.8224

■ 184.2070, -0.5951,  
4.2035

■ 143.7690, 9.9739,  
-72.5884

■ 189.9310, -1.9380,  
14.9695

■ 138.1590, 11.7536,  
-83.4544

■ 195.5410, -3.7177,  
25.8355

■ 132.4350, 13.0965,  
-94.2205

■ 201.2650, -5.0606,  
36.6016

■ 126.7110, 14.4395,  
-104.9865

■ 205.1950, -5.5191,  
43.6790

■ 124.5040, 15.0345,  
-109.1900

■ 205.4230, -4.6455,  
43.4790

■ 205.7650, -3.3351,  
43.1791

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



168.3260, -4.5977, -18.7029



166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094



167.0760, 11.3015, -31.6387

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094



174.8230, 11.9193, 3.6632



173.3480, -14.4686, 20.7428

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094



149.1500, -4.0180, 28.8094

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



174.6460, -9.6855, 26.6205



166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094



175.4890, 5.1819, 17.9881

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094



172.3480, 15.6044, -11.7062



175.7690, -2.8441, 25.6356



172.0430, -15.3042, 8.7323



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094



168.3090, 14.6377, -28.3350



175.7690, -2.8441, 25.6356



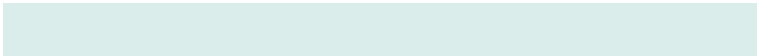
174.0000, -13.3110, 22.8020

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094



230.9770, 1.4903, -11.3808



164.2690, -14.9226, -20.4069



116.1840, 0.8953, -7.1774



247.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094



213.0220, 6.3982, -45.6233



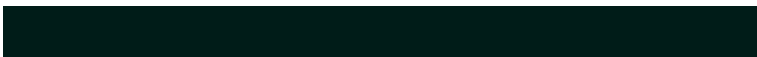
157.6690, 11.9952, -20.7577



89.0810, 0.4531, -5.3330



106.7340, 12.9491, -93.6057



19.1720, 2.3802, -16.8138



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



149.1500, -4.0180, 28.8094



184.9780, -6.3982, 45.6233



158.3310, -11.9952, 20.7577



85.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330



49.2660, -12.9491, 93.6057



8.8280, -2.3802, 16.8138



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

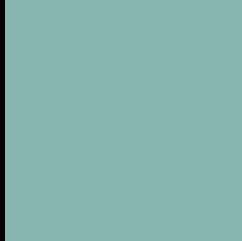
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

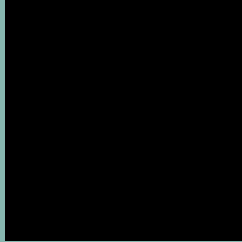
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 166.8500, 4.0180,

-28.8094.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094

### Protanopia

172.2670, -1.6106, 3.2738

### Deuteranopia

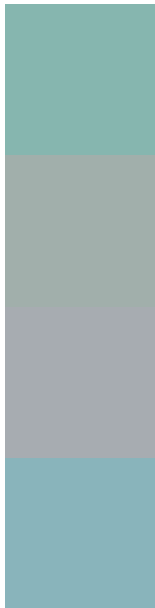
173.9350, 2.0040, 10.5810



## Tritanopia

168.4510, 12.5957, -26.7055

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094

## Protanomaly

170.3580, 0.3165, -8.2070

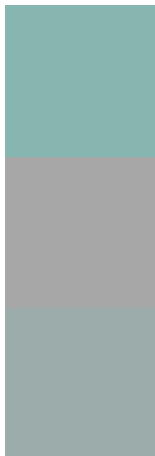
## Deuteranomaly

171.0750, 2.9210, -3.5738

## Tritanomaly

167.9410, 9.3961, -27.1353

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094

## Achromatopsia

167.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

166.6890, 1.6323, -10.2513

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 182, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 182, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 182, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 182, 175) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 182, 175) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 182, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 182, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 182, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 182, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 182,  
175) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 166.8500, 4.0180, -28.8094 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 182, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
182, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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