

Converting Colors

YUV(167.1550, 1.4026,
-29.9539)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539)
contains.

YUV(167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(167.1550, 1.4026,
-29.9539)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	85B8AA
RGB	133, 184, 170
RGB Percent	52%, 72%, 67%
CMY	0.4784, 0.2784, 0.3333
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.08, 0.28
HSL	164°, 26%, 62%
HSV	164°, 28%, 72%
XYZ	34.0691, 42.1698, 44.3742
YIQ	167.1550, -25.9020, -15.1660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

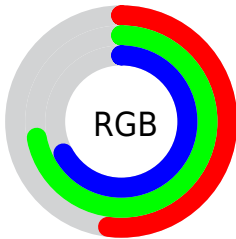
Format	Color
RYB	133, 163, 184
Decimal	8763562
CIELab	70.99, -19.77, 1.70
CIElCh	71, 19.844, 175.092
Yxy	42.1698, 0.2825, 0.3496
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286953642 (0xFF85B8AA)
YUV	167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539
Hunter-Lab	64.9383, -19.9942, 4.9423

Details

The YUV color $167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CCCC$. A complement of this color would be $149.8450, -1.4026, 29.9539$, and the grayscale version is $167.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $222.4430, 1.2606, -31.0835$, and $114.8670, 1.5446, -28.8244$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $161.2030, 1.8719, -40.5200$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $173.1070, 0.9332, -19.3878$.

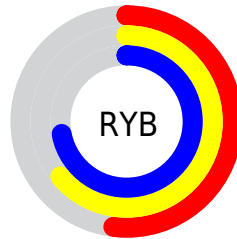
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (72%)

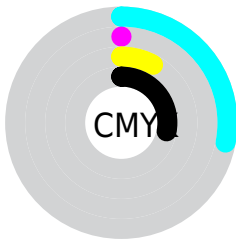
Blue (67%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (72%)

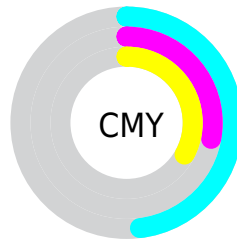


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 167.1550, 1.4026,
-29.9539

■ 167.1550, 1.4026,
-29.9539

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 140.5680, 1.6920,
-29.4391

■ 222.4430, 1.2606,
-31.0835

■ 114.8670, 1.5446,
-28.8244

■ 242.9260, 5.4595,
-24.4911

■ 89.2800, 1.8340,
-28.3096

■ 251.7110, 1.6215,
-6.7625

■ 65.0950, 2.4182,
-29.0243

■ 40.3010, 3.3026,
-32.7130

■ 24.2100, 1.3755,
-21.2322

■ 4.1090, -2.0257,

-3.6036

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 167.1550, 1.4026,
-29.9539

■ 167.1550, 1.4026,
-29.9539

■ 161.2030, 1.8719,
-40.5200

■ 173.1070, 0.9332,
-19.3878

■ 154.9520, 2.4887,
-51.7009

■ 179.3580, 0.3165,
-8.2070

■ 149.0000, 2.9580,
-62.2670

■ 185.3100, -0.1528,
2.3591

■ 142.7490, 3.5747,
-73.4479

■ 191.5610, -0.7696,
13.5400

■ 136.7970, 4.0441,
-84.0140

■ 197.5130, -1.2389,
24.1061

■ 130.8450, 4.5134,
-94.5801

■ 203.4650, -1.7082,
34.6722

■ 124.5940, 5.1302,
-105.7609

■ 207.6230, -1.2931,
41.5496

■ 123.1700, 4.8462,
-108.0201

■ 208.1930, 0.8909,
41.0497

■ 208.7630, 3.0748,
40.5498

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



169.4250, -8.0975, -16.1587



167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539



166.5160, 10.5916, -37.2865

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539



175.0010, 15.2825, -1.7549



175.2670, -14.9216, 26.0758

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539



149.8450, -1.4026, 29.9539

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



176.3090, -8.5333, 30.4240



167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539



176.5040, 9.1185, 15.3440

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539



171.6890, 18.3943, -19.8983



176.8770, 0.0606, 27.2949



173.2180, -17.3625, 15.5948

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539



167.4930, 15.5330, -35.5124



176.8770, 0.0606, 27.2949



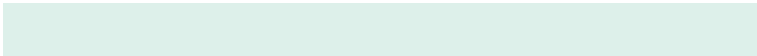
175.4460, -13.0379, 28.5499

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539



233.6350, 0.1799, -11.0809



167.1230, -16.8226, -17.6479



116.0700, 0.4585, -7.0774



247.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539



213.8710, 2.0356, -46.3679



162.2940, 10.7011, -25.6908



88.9670, 0.0163, -5.2331



104.4540, 4.2132, -91.6062



18.7160, 0.6330, -16.4139

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



149.8450, -1.4026, 29.9539



187.0150, -2.4724, 46.4678



154.7060, -10.7011, 25.6908



85.9190, -0.4531, 5.3330



51.5460, -4.2132, 91.6062



9.2840, -0.6330, 16.4139

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

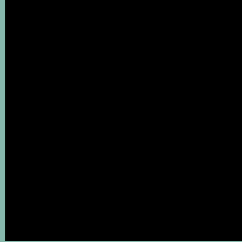
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 167.1550, 1.4026,

-29.9539.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539

Protanopia

172.8820, -4.3788, 4.4885

Deuteranopia

175.1480, -1.0590, 13.0252



Tritanopia

169.1520, 12.7431, -27.3203

Trichromacy



Original Color

167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539

Protanomaly

170.6740, -2.3043, -7.6071

Deuteranomaly

172.2770, -0.1366, -2.8739

Tritanomaly

168.1150, 8.8173, -28.1649

Monochromacy



Original Color

167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539

Achromatopsia

167.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

167.0480, 0.4693, -10.5661

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 184, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 184, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 184, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 184, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 184, 170) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 184, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 184, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 184, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 184, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 184,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 167.1550, 1.4026, -29.9539 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 184, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
184, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor