

Converting Colors

YUV(167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(167.2390, 0.8682,
1.5444)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9A6A9
RGB	169, 166, 169
RGB Percent	66%, 65%, 66%
CMY	0.3373, 0.3490, 0.3373
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.00, 0.34
HSL	300°, 2%, 66%
HSV	300°, 2%, 66%
XYZ	37.1598, 38.5720, 43.0227
YIQ	167.2390, 0.8250, 1.5690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

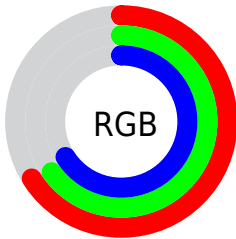
Format	Color
RYB	169, 166, 169
Decimal	11118249
CIELab	68.44, 1.64, -1.17
CIELCh	68, 2.018, 324.425
Yxy	38.5720, 0.3129, 0.3248
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289308329 (0xFFA9A6A9)
YUV	167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444
Hunter-Lab	62.1064, -1.8851, 2.4027

Details

The YUV color **167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **167.7610, -0.8682, -1.5444**, and the grayscale version is **167.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **222.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444**, and **115.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **157.2600, 5.7878, 10.2960**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **177.2180, -4.0515, -7.2072**.

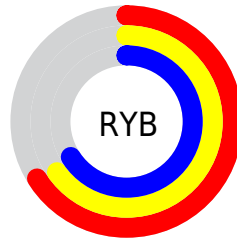
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (65%)

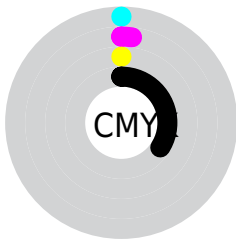
Blue (66%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (66%)

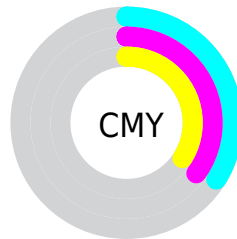


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 167.2390, 0.8682,
1.5444

 167.2390, 0.8682,
1.5444

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 141.2390, 0.8682,
1.5444


 222.2390, 0.8682,
1.5444

 115.2390, 0.8682,
1.5444

 251.2390, 0.8682,
1.5444

 90.8260, 0.5788,
1.0296

 67.2390, 0.8682,
1.5444

 45.2390, 0.8682,
1.5444

 24.8260, 0.5788,
1.0296

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 167.2390, 0.8682,
1.5444

■ 167.2390, 0.8682,
1.5444

■ 157.2600, 5.7878,
10.2960

■ 177.2180, -4.0515,
-7.2072

■ 147.2810, 10.7075,
19.0476

■ 187.1970, -8.9711,
-15.9588

■ 137.3020, 15.6271,
27.7991

■ 197.1760,
-13.8908, -24.7104

■ 127.3230, 20.5468,
36.5507

■ 207.1550,
-18.8104, -33.4619

■ 117.9310, 25.1770,
44.7875

■ 216.5470,
-23.4407, -41.6987

■ 107.9520, 30.0967,
53.5391

■ 219.4820,
-24.8876, -44.2727

■ 97.9730, 35.0163,
62.2907

■ 87.9940, 39.9360,
71.0423

■ 78.0150, 44.8556,
79.7938

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



167.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999



167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



167.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



167.1420, -2.0420, 1.6295



166.5050, 0.7370, -3.0739

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



167.7610, -0.8682, -1.5444

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



166.2770, -0.1366, -2.8739



167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



166.6580, -1.3104, 0.2999

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



166.9680, -1.4632, 2.6591



166.7610, -0.8682, -1.5444



166.7330, 1.6106, -3.2738

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



167.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739



166.7610, -0.8682, -1.5444



166.5050, 0.7370, -3.0739

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



217.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



166.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999



109.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148



237.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



216.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592



167.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



82.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



61.1240, 42.8299, 76.1903



8.2600, 5.7878, 10.2960

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



216.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592



167.8750, -0.4314, -1.6444



82.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



61.1240, 42.8299, 76.1903



8.2600, 5.7878, 10.2960

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

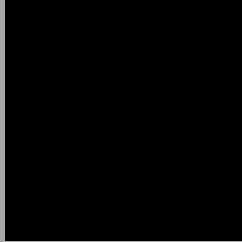
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

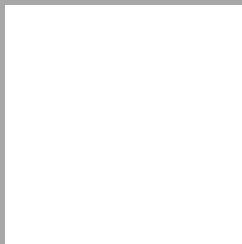
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 167.2390, 0.8682,

1.5444.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444

Protanopia

167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444

Deuteranopia

168.8920, 0.5462, 11.4957



Tritanopia

167.9770, 4.9413, 1.7742

Trichromacy



Original Color

167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444

Protanomaly

167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444

Deuteranomaly

167.9840, 0.9939, 7.9070

Tritanomaly

167.6350, 3.6309, 2.0741

Monochromacy



Original Color

167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444

Achromatopsia

167.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

167.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 166, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 166, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 166, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 166, 169) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 166, 169) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 166, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 166, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 166, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 166, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 166,  
169) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 167.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 166, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
166, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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