

# Converting Colors

YUV(167.4170, 7.1894,  
-66.1407)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407)  
contains.

<b>YUV(167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(167.4170, 7.1894,  
-66.1407)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5CCBB6
RGB	92, 203, 182
RGB Percent	36%, 80%, 71%
CMY	0.6392, 0.2039, 0.2863
CMYK	0.55, 0.00, 0.10, 0.20
HSL	169°, 52%, 58%
HSV	169°, 55%, 80%
XYZ	34.2131, 48.3646, 51.7880
YIQ	167.4170, -59.4150, -30.0630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

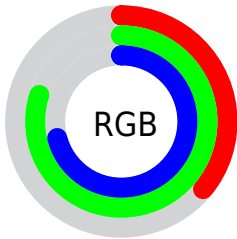
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	92, 153, 203
Decimal	6081462
CIELab	75.05, -36.80, 0.87
CIELCh	75, 36.810, 178.642
Yxy	48.3646, 0.2546, 0.3599
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284271542 (0xFF5CCBB6)
YUV	167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407
Hunter-Lab	69.5446, -33.8886, 4.5296

# Details

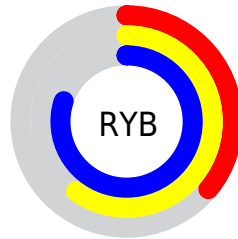
The YUV color **167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as light muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **127.5830, -7.1894, 66.1407**, and the grayscale version is **167.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **221.9660, 7.9048, -62.2372**, and **107.2630, 10.7163, -77.4067** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **160.9810, 8.3904, -78.0363**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **173.8530, 5.9885, -54.2451**.

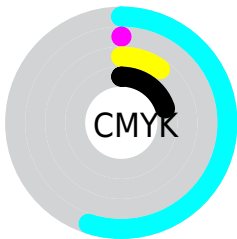
# Distribution



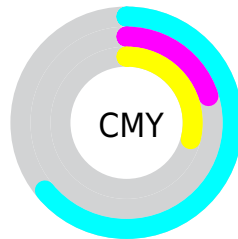
- Red (36%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



167.4170, 7.1894,  
-66.1407

167.4170, 7.1894,  
-66.1407

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

138.6340, 8.0684,  
-68.0850

221.9660, 7.9048,  
-62.2372

107.2630, 10.7163,  
-77.4067

232.5750, 11.0555,  
-46.1083

83.4700, 10.1213,  
-73.2032

241.2460, 6.7807,  
-28.2797

66.0590, 6.8729,  
-57.9337

250.2160, 2.3585,  
-9.8364

48.7620, 4.0613,  
-42.7643

32.8670, 1.5446,  
-28.8244

17.5590, -1.2616,

-15.3992

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 167.4170, 7.1894,  
-66.1407

■ 167.4170, 7.1894,  
-66.1407

■ 160.9810, 8.3904,  
-78.0363

■ 173.8530, 5.9885,  
-54.2451

■ 154.2460, 9.7387,  
-90.5467

■ 180.5880, 4.6401,  
-41.7347

■ 147.8100, 10.9397,  
-102.4424

■ 187.0240, 3.4392,  
-29.8390

■ 141.4880, 12.5774,  
-114.4380

■ 193.3460, 1.8014,  
-17.8434

■ 137.9710, 13.3253,  
-121.0006

■ 200.0810, 0.4531,  
-5.3330

■ 206.5170, -0.7479,  
6.5626

■ 212.9530, -1.9488,  
18.4582

■ 219.3890, -3.1498,  
30.3538

■ 220.1440, -1.5500,  
30.5687

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



174.3380, -12.9846, -35.3764



167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407



161.4370, 26.8996, -88.0832

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407



187.6280, 27.7914, -0.5508



184.9460, -28.0744, 44.7744

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407



127.5830, -7.1894, 66.1407

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



187.1120, -16.3242, 56.0298



167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407



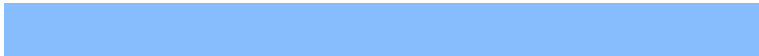
189.6230, 15.4689, 31.9026

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407



180.0360, 35.4783, -39.4966



188.9170, -0.4521, 51.8158



182.6630, -32.3719, 23.0975



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407



164.8210, 34.5982, -84.0350



188.9170, -0.4521, 51.8158



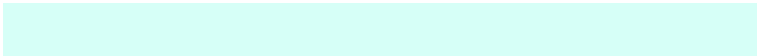
186.0760, -25.1805, 49.9223

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407



241.8290, 2.5493, -24.4060



163.7350, -35.3654, -43.6176



119.9550, 1.5012, -14.8695



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407



201.1200, 10.7868, -100.0832



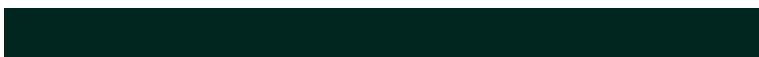
150.4400, 25.9121, -51.2519



98.7820, 0.6005, -5.9478



112.7180, 10.4920, -98.8537



25.8400, 2.5439, -22.6617



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



127.5830, -7.1894, 66.1407



140.8800, -10.7868, 100.0832



144.5600, -25.9121, 51.2519



95.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478



53.1680, -10.9288, 98.9537

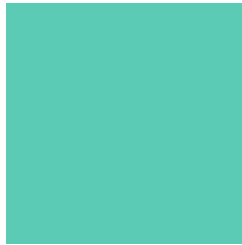


12.1600, -2.5439, 22.6617



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

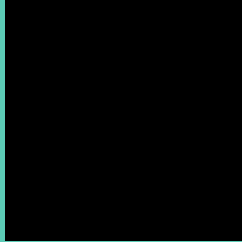
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

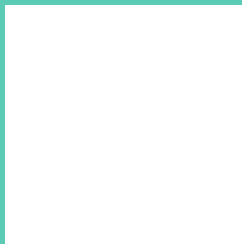
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407.



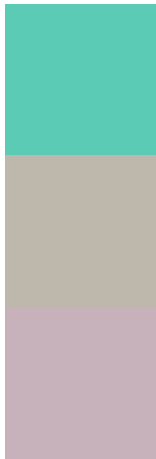
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 167.4170, 7.1894,

-66.1407.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407

### Protanopia

183.7250, -6.2734, 5.5032

### Deuteranopia

185.3050, 0.8356, 12.0105



## Tritanopia

171.4190, 20.9924, -60.0035

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407



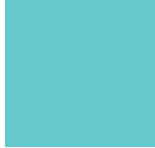
## Protanomaly

177.5260, -1.2453, -20.6323



## Deuteranomaly

178.6990, 3.1064, -16.3990



## Tritanomaly

170.0290, 15.7617, -62.2924

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407



## Achromatopsia

167.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

167.1280, 2.4019, -23.7913

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 203, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 203, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 203, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 203, 182) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 203, 182) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 203, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 203, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 203, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 203, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 203,  
182) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 167.4170, 7.1894, -66.1407 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 203, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 203,  
182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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