

# Converting Colors

YUV(167.5000, -8.1345,  
42.5345)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(167.5000, -8.1345,  
42.5345)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D89297
RGB	216, 146, 151
RGB Percent	85%, 57%, 59%
CMY	0.1529, 0.4275, 0.4078
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.30, 0.15
HSL	356°, 47%, 71%
HSV	356°, 32%, 85%
XYZ	44.1837, 37.3911, 34.1666
YIQ	167.5000, 40.1150, 16.3950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

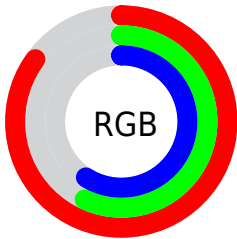
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	216, 146, 151
Decimal	14193303
CIE Lab	67.57, 27.11, 8.18
CIE LCh	68, 28.321, 16.783
Yxy	37.3911, 0.3817, 0.3231
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292383383 (0xFFD89297)
YUV	167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345
Hunter-Lab	61.1482, 21.9688, 9.6754

# Details

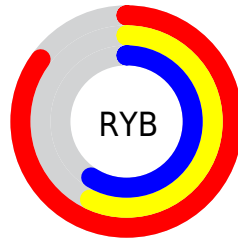
The YUV color **167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **194.5000, 8.1345, -42.5345**, and the grayscale version is **168.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **217.0150, -5.9234, 33.3128**, and **114.7060, -7.2501, 38.8458** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **152.3060, -10.5039, 55.8596**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **182.6940, -5.7651, 29.2094**.

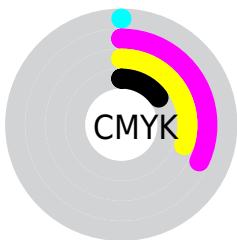
# Distribution



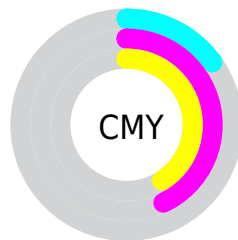
- Red (85%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 167.5000, -8.1345,  
42.5345

 167.5000, -8.1345,  
42.5345


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 140.6030, -7.6923,  
40.6902


 217.0150, -5.9234,  
33.3128


 114.7060, -7.2501,  
38.8458

 237.2300, -2.0854,  
15.5843

 89.2220, -6.5184,  
37.5163

 65.4390, -5.6394,  
35.5720

 41.1830, -4.0342,  
34.0425

 18.0580, -4.4656,  
32.3981

 9.0840, -3.9854,

18.3433

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 167.5000, -8.1345,  
42.5345

■ 167.5000, -8.1345,  
42.5345

■ 152.3060,  
-10.5039, 55.8596

■ 182.6940, -5.7651,  
29.2094

■ 137.6990,  
-13.1626, 68.6700

■ 197.3010, -3.1064,  
16.3990

■ 122.5050,  
-15.5320, 81.9951

■ 212.4950, -0.7370,  
3.0739

■ 107.8980,  
-18.1907, 94.8055

■ 227.1020, 1.9217,  
-9.7365

■ 92.7040, -20.5601,  
108.1306

■ 242.2960, 4.2911,  
-23.0616

■ 77.5100, -22.9294,  
121.4557

■ 243.3390, 5.7489,  
-23.9763

■ 66.2940, -25.2879,  
131.2922

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



168.6590, 4.1121, 34.5021



167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345



166.0190, -18.7434, 38.5713

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345



158.4050, -14.4967, -17.0182



158.5710, 27.3265, -38.2118

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345



194.5000, 8.1345, -42.5345

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



152.5380, 23.8918, -56.5998



167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345



154.7040, -1.3331, -39.2054

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345



161.9580, -23.1503, 5.2988



151.3780, 13.1246, -56.4595



165.1230, 23.6034, -10.6319



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345



164.8240, -23.0842, 30.8494



151.3780, 13.1246, -56.4595



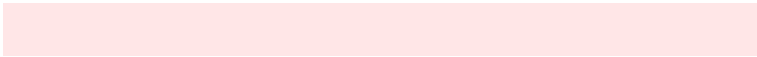
156.7010, 26.7694, -46.2188

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345



237.5890, -3.2484, 15.2694



173.1160, 21.1418, 32.3473



116.8980, -1.9217, 9.7365



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345



186.3990, -11.5357, 60.1631



183.9530, -18.7108, 28.1052



99.4030, -1.1847, 6.6626



52.4970, -19.9650, 103.9271



13.1990, -5.0281, 26.1355



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345



186.3990, -11.5357, 60.1631



178.0470, 18.7108, -28.1052



99.4030, -1.1847, 6.6626



52.4970, -19.9650, 103.9271

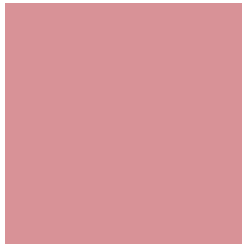


13.1990, -5.0281, 26.1355



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

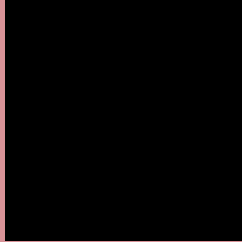
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 167.5000, -8.1345,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345

### Protanopia

165.1530, -2.0474, 3.3738

### Deuteranopia

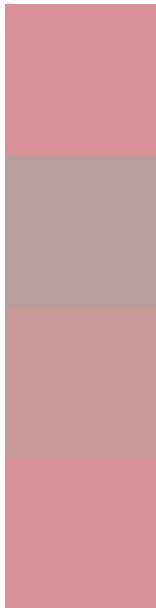
166.2320, -8.4954, 18.2135



## Tritanopia

167.7820, -5.8085, 43.1642

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345

## Protanomaly

165.6710, -4.2748, 17.8285

## Deuteranomaly

166.7000, -8.2331, 27.4501

## Tritanomaly

167.5540, -6.6821, 43.3641

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345

## Achromatopsia

168.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

167.7030, -2.8116, 15.1695

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 146, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 146, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 146, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 146, 151) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 146, 151) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 146, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 146, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 146, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 146, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 146,  
151) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 167.5000, -8.1345, 42.5345 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 146, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
146, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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