

Converting Colors

YUV(167.5020, 5.1755,
-26.7503)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(167.5020, 5.1755,
-26.7503)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | 89B5B2 |
| RGB | 137, 181, 178 |
| RGB Percent | 54%, 71%, 70% |
| CMY | 0.4627, 0.2902, 0.3020 |
| CMYK | 0.24, 0.00, 0.02, 0.29 |
| HSL | 176°, 23%, 62% |
| HSV | 176°, 24%, 71% |
| XYZ | 34.8763, 41.5805, 48.3071 |
| YIQ | 167.5020, -25.2610, -10.2610 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

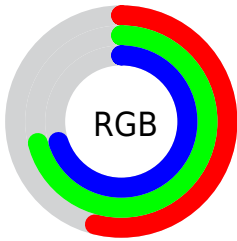
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| RYB | 137, 160, 181 |
| Decimal | 9024946 |
| CIELab | 70.58, -15.23, -3.26 |
| CIElCh | 71, 15.578, 192.086 |
| Yxy | 41.5805, 0.2795, 0.3333 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4287215026 (0xFF89B5B2) |
| YUV | 167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503 |
| Hunter-Lab | 64.4829, -16.3014, 0.7212 |

Details

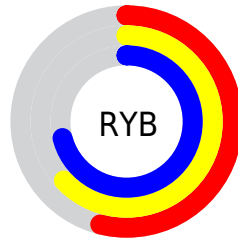
The YUV color $167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CCCC$. A complement of this color would be $150.4980, -5.1755, 26.7503$, and the grayscale version is $167.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $222.9040, 5.4703, -27.9798$, and $115.1000, 4.8807, -25.5207$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $162.0060, 7.3920, -37.7163$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $172.9980, 2.9590, -15.7842$.

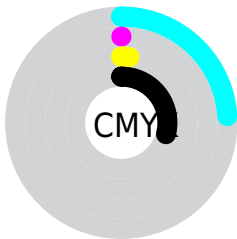
Distribution



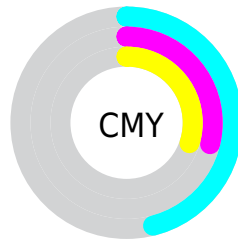
- Red (54%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 167.5020, 5.1755,
-26.7503

■ 167.5020, 5.1755,
-26.7503

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 140.8010, 5.0281,
-26.1355

■ 222.9040, 5.4703,
-27.9798

■ 115.1000, 4.8807,
-25.5207

■ 244.2360, 5.3067,
-22.1320

■ 90.2140, 5.3175,
-25.6207

■ 252.9070, 1.0318,
-4.3034

■ 66.2140, 5.3175,
-25.6207

■ 42.3170, 5.7597,
-27.4650

■ 23.7200, 4.5750,
-20.8024

■ 3.4880, 3.2104,

-3.0590

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 167.5020, 5.1755,
-26.7503

■ 167.5020, 5.1755,
-26.7503

■ 162.0060, 7.3920,
-37.7163

■ 172.9980, 2.9590,
-15.7842

■ 156.5100, 9.6086,
-48.6823

■ 178.4940, 0.7425,
-4.8182

■ 150.9000, 11.3883,
-59.5483

■ 184.1040, -1.0373,
6.0478

■ 145.4040, 13.6048,
-70.5143

■ 189.6000, -3.2538,
17.0138

■ 139.6090, 15.9688,
-82.0951

■ 195.3950, -5.6177,
28.5946

■ 134.1130, 18.1853,
-93.0611

■ 200.8910, -7.8343,
39.5606

■ 128.5030, 19.9650,
-103.9271

■ 203.8100, -8.2873,
44.8936

■ 125.5130, 21.4391,
-110.0749

■ 203.9240, -7.8505,
44.7937

■ 204.0380, -7.4137,
44.6937

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



168.1950, -2.5611, -18.5880



167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503



168.3970, 11.1433, -27.5352

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503



174.5630, 9.5824, 6.5222



173.2550, -13.4367, 16.4394

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503



150.4980, -5.1755, 26.7503

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



174.5100, -10.1114, 23.2317



167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503



175.6200, 3.1453, 17.8733

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503



172.8000, 13.4096, -7.7176



175.1170, -4.0017, 23.5764



171.8900, -13.2568, 5.3585

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503



169.7010, 13.4584, -23.4168



175.1170, -4.0017, 23.5764



173.5050, -12.5740, 19.7281

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503



229.6890, 1.6323, -10.2513



164.0240, -13.3228, -20.1920



114.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



245.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503



214.0980, 7.8397, -41.3049



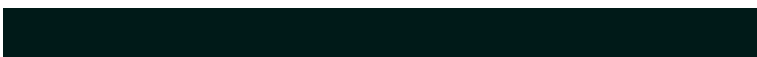
157.2780, 11.6949, -17.7838



86.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



106.1130, 18.1853, -93.0611



17.9980, 2.9590, -15.7842

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



150.4980, -5.1755, 26.7503



187.7880, -8.2765, 41.4049



160.7220, -11.6949, 17.7838



82.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330



46.8870, -18.1853, 93.0611



8.0020, -2.9590, 15.7842

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

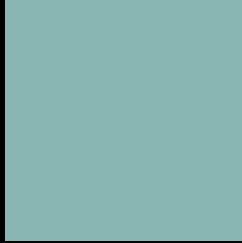
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

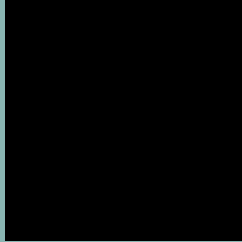
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503.



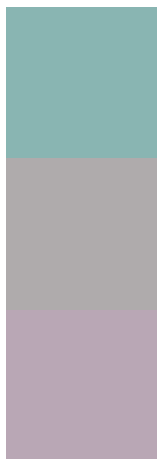
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503.

-26.7503.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503

Protanopia

172.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591

Deuteranopia

173.9780, 3.4618, 9.6663



Tritanopia

168.9350, 11.8640, -25.3760

Trichromacy



Original Color

167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503

Protanomaly

170.7000, 1.6269, -8.5069

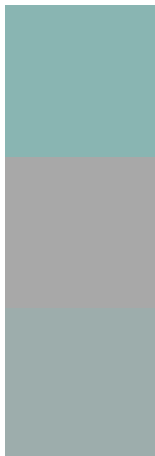
Deuteranomaly

171.7160, 4.0840, -3.2589

Tritanomaly

168.6530, 9.5381, -26.0057

Monochromacy



Original Color

167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503

Achromatopsia

168.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

168.1020, 1.9217, -9.7365

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 181, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 181, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 181, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 181, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 181, 178) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 181, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 181, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 181, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 181, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 181,  
178) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 167.5020, 5.1755, -26.7503 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 181, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
181, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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