

Converting Colors

YUV(167.8610, 10.9145,
-0.7551)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551)
contains.

YUV(167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(167.8610, 10.9145,
-0.7551)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A7A4BE
RGB	167, 164, 190
RGB Percent	65%, 64%, 75%
CMY	0.3451, 0.3569, 0.2549
CMYK	0.12, 0.14, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	247°, 17%, 69%
HSV	247°, 14%, 75%
XYZ	38.5061, 38.4841, 54.1139
YIQ	167.8610, -6.5580, 8.7220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

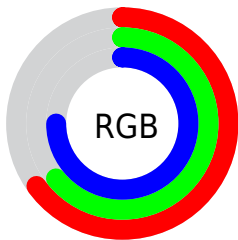
Format	Color
R_{YB}	167, 164, 190
Decimal	10986686
CIE _{Lab}	68.38, 6.28, -12.95
CIE _{LCh}	68, 14.389, 295.883
Yxy	38.4841, 0.2937, 0.2935
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289176766 (0xFFA7A4BE)
YUV	167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551
Hunter-Lab	62.0356, 2.2344, -8.2940

Details

The YUV color $167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $186.1390, -10.9145, 0.7551$, and the grayscale version is $168.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $222.9750, 11.3513, -0.8551$, and $115.7470, 10.4777, -0.6551$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $151.6250, 18.9189, -1.4251$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $184.0970, 2.9102, -0.0851$.

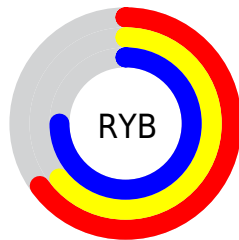
Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (64%)

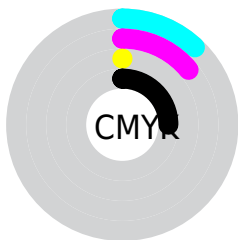
Blue (75%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (75%)

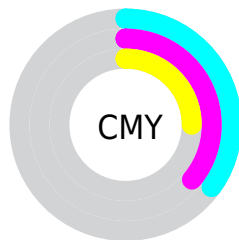


Cyan (12%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 167.8610, 10.9145,
-0.7551

■ 167.8610, 10.9145,
-0.7551

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 141.7470, 10.4777,
-0.6551

■ 222.9750, 11.3513,
-0.8551

■ 115.7470, 10.4777,
-0.6551

■ 249.1080, 2.9048,
1.6593

■ 91.2200, 9.7515,
-1.0699

■ 68.1060, 9.3147,
-0.9700

■ 45.5790, 8.5886,
-1.3848

■ 24.4650, 8.1518,
-1.2848

■ 2.9810, 8.8834,

-2.6143

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 167.8610, 10.9145,
-0.7551

■ 167.8610, 10.9145,
-0.7551

■ 151.6250, 18.9189,
-1.4251

■ 184.0970, 2.9102,
-0.0851

■ 135.3890, 26.9232,
-2.0952

■ 200.3330, -5.0942,
0.5850

■ 119.4520, 34.7802,
-2.1504

■ 216.2700,
-12.9511, 0.6402

■ 103.2160, 42.7845,
-2.8204

■ 232.5060,
-20.9555, 1.3102

■ 86.9800, 50.7889,
-3.4905

■ 246.3940,
-27.8022, 4.0395

■ 70.7440, 58.7932,
-4.1605

■ 247.5900,
-28.3919, 6.4986

■ 54.5080, 66.7976,
-4.8305

■ 38.5710, 74.6545,
-4.8858

■ 28.2380, 79.7487,
-5.4707

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



165.3540, 13.1365, -13.4655



167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551



168.9720, 5.9298, 11.4256

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551



167.9610, -10.8268, 19.3282



162.0960, 0.9387, -21.1322

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551



186.1390, -10.9145, 0.7551

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



163.7290, -5.7824, -12.0403



167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551



166.4500, -12.5468, 11.0064

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551



168.5360, -6.1802, 22.3319



164.8400, -10.7671, 0.1403



162.1970, 7.7909, -25.6058

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551



168.9790, 1.9824, 17.5584



164.8400, -10.7671, 0.1403



162.5370, -1.2507, -18.8879

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551



238.7380, 4.0732, 0.2298



180.4650, 4.7008, -14.4398



119.6840, 2.6208, -0.5999



252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551



213.6420, 16.4455, -1.4400



171.7480, 8.9982, 7.2370



86.3250, 3.7838, -0.2850



23.3940, 66.3608, -4.7305



4.7300, 12.9511, -0.6402

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



174.3960, 6.2138, 13.6847



223.6510, 9.5391, 20.4771



182.2520, -8.9982, -7.2370



88.6030, 2.1677, 4.7332



63.2020, 37.8614, 83.1378



12.3470, 7.2239, 16.3587

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

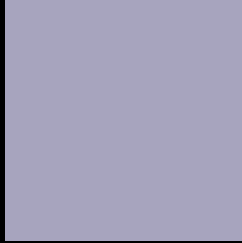
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

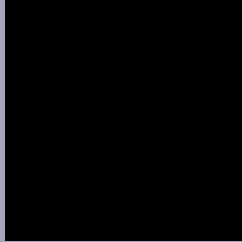
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551.

-0.7551.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551

Protanopia

167.0670, 11.7990, -4.4438

Deuteranopia

168.1820, 10.7563, 3.3484



Tritanopia

167.1830, 5.8258, -1.9145

Trichromacy



Original Color

167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551

Protanomaly

167.6650, 11.5042, -3.2142

Deuteranomaly

168.1710, 10.7617, 1.6040

Tritanomaly

167.3510, 7.7150, -1.1848

Monochromacy



Original Color

167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551

Achromatopsia

168.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

168.3250, 3.7838, -0.2850

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 164, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 164, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 164, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 164, 190) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 164, 190) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 164, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 164, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 164, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 164, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 164,  
190) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 167.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 164, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
164, 190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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