

Converting Colors

YUV(168.2810, -2.6035,
41.8496)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(168.2810, -2.6035,
41.8496)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | D891A3 |
| RGB | 216, 145, 163 |
| RGB Percent | 85%, 57%, 64% |
| CMY | 0.1529, 0.4314, 0.3608 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.33, 0.25, 0.15 |
| HSL | 345°, 48%, 71% |
| HSV | 345°, 33%, 85% |
| XYZ | 45.0552, 37.4941, 39.5127 |
| YIQ | 168.2810, 36.5380, 20.6500 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

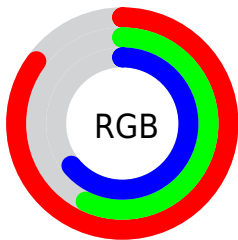
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 216, 145, 163 |
| Decimal | 14193059 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 67.65, 29.31, 1.56 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 68, 29.355, 3.050 |
| Yxy | 37.4941, 0.3691, 0.3072 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4292383139 (0xFFD891A3) |
| YUV | 168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496 |
| Hunter-Lab | 61.2324, 24.1846, 4.6034 |

Details

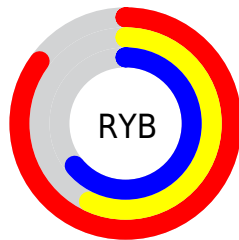
The YUV color **168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **192.7190, 2.6035, -41.8496**, and the grayscale version is **168.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **218.4970, -0.2450, 32.0131**, and **115.6720, -2.3033, 38.8757** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **153.5430, -3.2257, 54.7748**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **183.0190, -1.9814, 28.9243**.

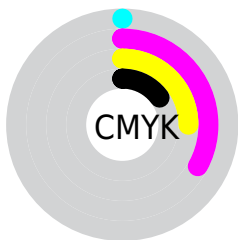
Distribution



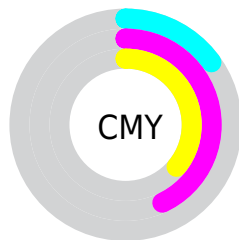
- Red (85%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 168.2810, -2.6035,
41.8496

■ 168.2810, -2.6035,
41.8496

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 141.6830, -2.3087,
40.6200

■ 218.4970, -0.2450,
32.0131

■ 115.6720, -2.3033,
38.8757

■ 238.1250, 3.8824,
14.7994

■ 90.1880, -1.5717,
37.5461

■ 65.4050, -0.6927,
35.6018

■ 41.0350, 0.4757,
34.1723

■ 18.9530, 1.5022,
31.6132

■ 9.9810, -4.4276,

20.1877

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

168.2810, -2.6035,
41.8496

168.2810, -2.6035,
41.8496

153.5430, -3.2257,
54.7748

183.0190, -1.9814,
28.9243

139.3920, -4.1373,
67.1852

197.1700, -1.0698,
16.5139

124.6540, -4.7594,
80.1104

211.9080, -0.4476,
3.5887

110.5030, -5.6710,
92.5209

226.0590, 0.4639,
-8.8217

95.6510, -6.7299,
105.5461

240.9110, 1.5229,
-21.8469

■ 80.9130, -7.3521,
118.4713

■ 243.3390, 5.7489,
-23.9763

■ 70.8540, -7.8160,
127.2930

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



169.1080, 9.8068, 27.9693



168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496



167.0780, -14.8285, 42.9046

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496



160.0920, -19.7654, -7.0967



155.1950, 27.5119, -51.0370

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496



192.7190, 2.6035, -41.8496

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



150.1090, 21.1453, -62.3626



168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496



156.0380, -7.9067, -30.7283

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496



163.1550, -25.2194, 15.6501



151.9180, 7.4354, -51.6711



162.2460, 26.9937, -24.7717

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496



165.7370, -21.0693, 37.9417



151.9180, 7.4354, -51.6711



153.1080, 26.0758, -57.0997

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496



238.1590, -1.0644, 14.7696



168.6420, 23.3475, 24.8700



117.2400, -0.6113, 9.4365



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496



188.4510, -3.6733, 58.3635



176.2080, -15.3855, 34.8976



99.6310, -0.3111, 6.4626



56.0310, -6.4243, 100.8278



14.1110, -1.5337, 25.3357

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496



188.4510, -3.6733, 58.3635



184.7920, 15.3855, -34.8976



99.6310, -0.3111, 6.4626



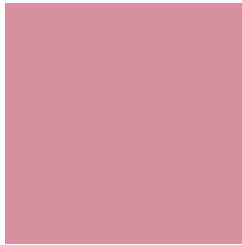
56.0310, -6.4243, 100.8278



14.1110, -1.5337, 25.3357

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

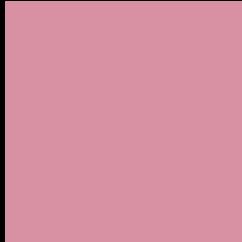
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

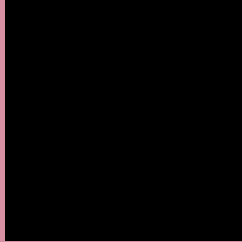
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 168.2810, -2.6035,

41.8496.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496

Protanopia

165.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850

Deuteranopia

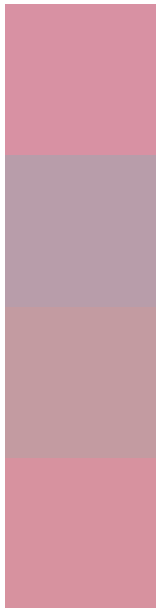
166.8770, -3.3904, 14.1399



Tritanopia

167.8850, -5.3663, 41.3199

Trichromacy



Original Color

168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496

Protanomaly

166.5550, 1.6984, 15.2993

Deuteranomaly

167.6440, -3.2755, 23.9912

Tritanomaly

168.1130, -4.4927, 41.1199

Monochromacy



Original Color

168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496

Achromatopsia

168.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

168.1590, -1.0644, 14.7696

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 145, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 145, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 145, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 145, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 145, 163) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 145, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 145, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 145, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 145, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 145,  
163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 168.2810, -2.6035, 41.8496 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 145, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
145, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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