

# Converting Colors

YUV(168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(168.2890, -1.6215,  
6.7625)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B0A5A5
RGB	176, 165, 165
RGB Percent	69%, 65%, 65%
CMY	0.3098, 0.3529, 0.3529
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.06, 0.31
HSL	0°, 7%, 67%
HSV	0°, 6%, 69%
XYZ	38.1512, 38.8570, 41.0867
YIQ	168.2890, 6.5560, 2.3320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

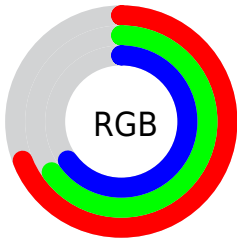
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">176, 165, 165</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11576741</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">68.65, 3.97, 1.42</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">69, 4.216, 19.666</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">38.8570, 0.3231, 0.3290</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289766821</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFB0A5A5</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">62.3354, 0.1606, 4.5554</a>

# Details

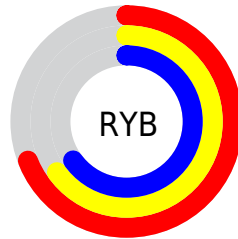
The YUV color **168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **172.7110, 1.6215, -6.7625**, and the grayscale version is **168.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **223.5880, -1.7689, 7.3773**, and **115.9900, -1.4741, 6.1478** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **155.6710, -4.2748, 17.8285**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **180.9070, 1.0318, -4.3034**.

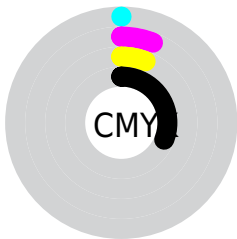
# Distribution



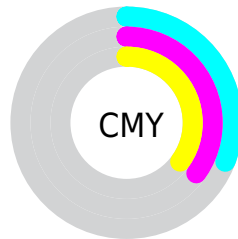
- Red (69%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 168.2890, -1.6215,  
6.7625

■ 168.2890, -1.6215,  
6.7625

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 141.9900, -1.4741,  
6.1478

■ 223.5880, -1.7689,  
7.3773

■ 115.9900, -1.4741,  
6.1478

■ 250.0930, -1.0318,  
4.3034

■ 91.9900, -1.4741,  
6.1478

■ 67.9900, -1.4741,  
6.1478

■ 45.6910, -1.3267,  
5.5330

■ 25.3920, -1.1793,  
4.9182

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

168.2890, -1.6215,  
6.7625

168.2890, -1.6215,  
6.7625

155.6710, -4.2748,  
17.8285

180.9070, 1.0318,  
-4.3034

143.7540, -6.7807,  
28.2797

192.8240, 3.5378,  
-14.7546

131.1360, -9.4340,  
39.3457

205.4420, 6.1911,  
-25.8206

119.2190,  
-11.9400, 49.7969

217.3590, 8.6970,  
-36.2718

106.6010,  
-14.5933, 60.8629

229.9770, 11.3503,  
-47.3378

93.9830, -17.2466,  
71.9289

231.3790, 11.6452,  
-48.5674

■ 82.0660, -19.7525,  
82.3801

■ 69.4480, -22.4059,  
93.4461

■ 57.5310, -24.9118,  
103.8973

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



168.4460, 0.2731, 5.7479



168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625



168.2350, -3.0739, 5.9329

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625



166.7070, -2.3206, -2.3740



167.0040, 3.9420, -4.3885

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625



172.7110, 1.6215, -6.7625

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



166.4660, 3.2213, -6.5477



168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625



166.5540, -0.2731, -5.7479

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625



167.0880, -3.4944, 0.7998



166.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773



167.9120, 3.4944, -0.7998



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625



167.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033



166.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773



167.1780, 3.3632, -5.4181

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625



226.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739



169.5430, 3.1833, 5.6628



112.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443



242.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625



218.0830, -2.5059, 10.4512



171.8110, -3.3578, 3.6738



84.0930, -1.0318, 4.3034



45.7470, -22.5533, 94.0609



7.7740, -3.8326, 15.9842



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



172.7110, 1.6215, -6.7625



224.9170, 2.5059, -10.4512



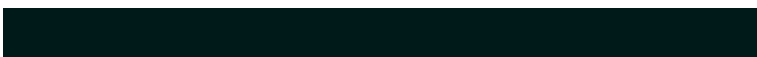
169.7760, 3.0684, -4.1886



86.9070, 1.0318, -4.3034



107.2530, 22.5533, -94.0609



18.2260, 3.8326, -15.9842



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625.



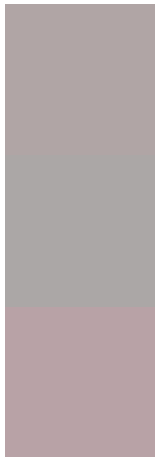
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 168.2890, -1.6215,

6.7625.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625

### Protanopia

168.0820, -1.0264, 2.5591

### Deuteranopia

169.0340, -1.4958, 13.1252



## Tritanopia

168.9670, 3.4673, 7.9219

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625

## Protanomaly

168.0930, -1.0318, 4.3034

## Deuteranomaly

168.7240, -1.3429, 10.7661

## Tritanomaly

168.7990, 1.5781, 7.1923

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625

## Achromatopsia

168.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

168.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 165, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 165, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 165, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 165, 165) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 165, 165) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 165, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 165, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 165, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 165, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 165,  
165) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 168.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 165, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
165, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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