

Converting Colors

YUV(168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(168.5210, 3.1941,
2.1741)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ABA6AF
RGB	171, 166, 175
RGB Percent	67%, 65%, 69%
CMY	0.3294, 0.3490, 0.3137
CMYK	0.02, 0.05, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	273°, 5%, 67%
HSV	273°, 5%, 69%
XYZ	38.1687, 39.0255, 46.0784
YIQ	168.5210, 0.0910, 3.8590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

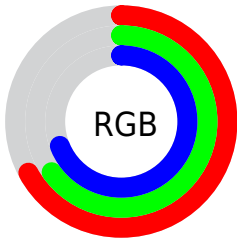
Format	Color
RYB	171, 166, 175
Decimal	11249327
CIELab	68.77, 3.50, -4.00
CIELCh	69, 5.316, 311.176
Yxy	39.0255, 0.3096, 0.3166
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289439407 (0xFFABA6AF)
YUV	168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741
Hunter-Lab	62.4704, -0.2618, -0.0033

Details

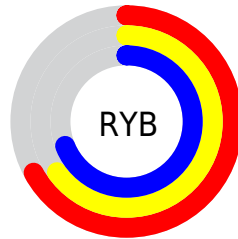
The YUV color **168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **172.4790, -3.1941, -2.1741**, and the grayscale version is **168.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **223.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741**, and **116.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **155.5630, 9.5824, 6.5222**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **181.4790, -3.1941, -2.1741**.

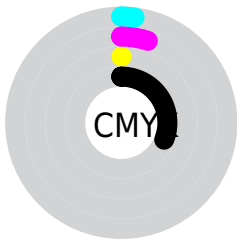
Distribution



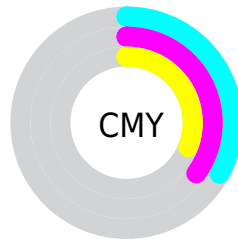
- Red (67%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 168.5210, 3.1941,
2.1741

■ 168.5210, 3.1941,
2.1741

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 142.1080, 2.9048,
1.6593

■ 223.5210, 3.1941,
2.1741

■ 116.5210, 3.1941,
2.1741

■ 252.0650, 1.4470,
2.5740

■ 92.1080, 2.9048,
1.6593

■ 68.4070, 2.7573,
2.2741

■ 45.9940, 2.4680,
1.7593

■ 25.5810, 2.1786,
1.2445

■ 0.5700, 2.1840,

-0.4999

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 168.5210, 3.1941,
2.1741

■ 168.5210, 3.1941,
2.1741

■ 155.5630, 9.5824,
6.5222

■ 181.4790, -3.1941,
-2.1741

■ 143.1920, 15.6813,
10.3556

■ 193.8500, -9.2930,
-6.0074

■ 131.1200, 21.6328,
14.8038

■ 206.5090,
-15.5339, -10.9704

■ 118.1620, 28.0211,
19.1519

■ 218.8800,
-21.6328, -14.8038

■ 105.7910, 34.1200,
22.9853

■ 231.8380,
-28.0211, -19.1519

■ 92.8330, 40.5083,
27.3335

■ 234.8170,
-29.4898, -14.7485

■ 80.7610, 46.4598,
31.7816

■ 236.9100,
-30.5216, -10.4451

■ 67.8030, 52.8481,
36.1298

■ 239.3020,
-31.7009, -5.5269

■ 55.4320, 58.9470,
39.9631

■ 241.6940,
-32.8801, -0.6086

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



168.1290, 4.3734, -2.7441



168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741



168.9730, 0.9993, 6.1627

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741



167.8930, -4.3842, 6.2328



166.5860, 1.1901, -8.4069

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741



172.4790, -3.1941, -2.1741

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



166.0270, -0.9993, -6.1627



168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741



167.4580, -4.6628, 2.2293

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741



168.5450, -3.2267, 8.2920



166.4790, -3.1941, -2.1741



166.5690, 3.6635, -8.3920

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741



169.2290, -0.6059, 7.6922



166.4790, -3.1941, -2.1741



166.4720, 0.7533, -8.3069

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741



223.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444



169.3740, 2.7736, -2.9590



112.9400, 1.0156, 0.9296



242.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741



216.9880, 4.9359, 3.5185



169.7170, 2.6045, 4.6332



82.5810, 2.1786, 1.2445



42.2160, 53.1375, 36.6446



6.5090, 8.1301, 5.6926

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



169.1470, 0.4205, 5.1331



217.8700, 0.5571, 8.0070



171.2830, -2.6045, -4.6332



83.0220, -0.0108, 3.4887



52.4880, 7.1544, 85.5180



8.0170, 0.9776, 13.1401

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

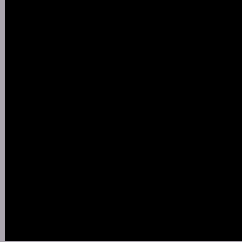
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 168.5210, 3.1941,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741

Protanopia

168.2110, 3.3470, -0.1850

Deuteranopia

169.5650, 3.1725, 9.1515



Tritanopia

168.5750, 4.6465, 3.0037

Trichromacy



Original Color

168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741

Protanomaly

168.5100, 3.1996, 0.4297

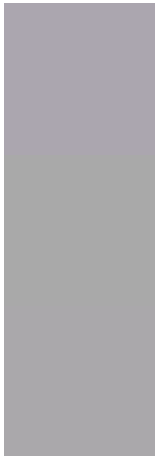
Deuteranomaly

169.2550, 3.3253, 6.7924

Tritanomaly

168.4610, 4.2097, 3.1037

Monochromacy



Original Color

168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741

Achromatopsia

169.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

168.9400, 1.0156, 0.9296

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 166, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 166, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 166, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 166, 175) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 166, 175) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 166, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 166, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 166, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 166, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 166,  
175) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 168.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 166, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
166, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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