

# Converting Colors

YUV(168.7330, -31.9134,  
16.0202)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(168.7330, -31.9134,  
16.0202)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BBAC68
RGB	187, 172, 104
RGB Percent	73%, 67%, 41%
CMY	0.2667, 0.3255, 0.5922
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.44, 0.27
HSL	49°, 38%, 57%
HSV	49°, 44%, 73%
XYZ	37.7447, 41.0693, 19.0345
YIQ	168.7330, 30.7680, -17.9680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

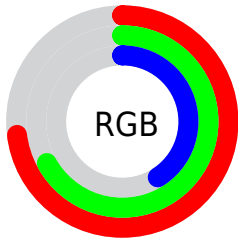
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	122, 187, 104
Decimal	12299368
CIE Lab	70.22, -4.14, 36.83
CIE LCh	70, 37.065, 96.415
Yxy	41.0693, 0.3857, 0.4197
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290489448 (0xFFBBAC68)
YUV	168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202
Hunter-Lab	64.0853, -7.0171, 27.2495

# Details

The YUV color **168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **122.2670, 31.9134, -16.0202**, and the grayscale version is **169.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **223.9890, -33.5186, 17.5496**, and **116.1780, -30.1608, 13.8759** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **164.8060, -39.3444, 19.4641**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **172.6600, -24.4824, 12.5762**.

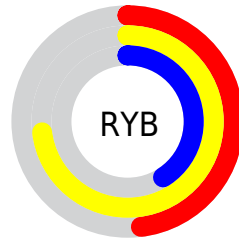
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (67%)

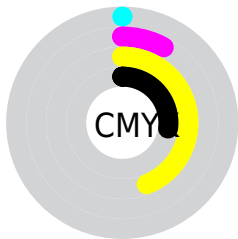
Blue (41%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (41%)

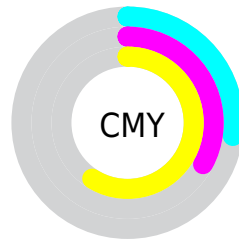


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (44%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (59%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 168.7330,  
-31.9134, 16.0202

■ 168.7330,  
-31.9134, 16.0202

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 142.2490,  
-31.1818, 14.6906

■ 223.9890,  
-33.5186, 17.5496

■ 116.1780,  
-30.1608, 13.8759

■ 246.7920,  
-31.4495, 7.1984

■ 90.9930, -29.5765,  
13.1611

■ 249.9840,  
-19.2191, 4.3990

■ 66.7540, -30.4447,  
11.6167

■ 253.2900, -6.5520,  
1.4997

■ 45.5070, -22.4350,  
9.2024

■ 26.2920, -12.9620,  
4.1289

■ 1.1740, -0.5788,

-1.0296

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 168.7330,  
-31.9134, 16.0202

■ 168.7330,  
-31.9134, 16.0202

■ 164.8060,  
-39.3444, 19.4641

■ 172.6600,  
-24.4824, 12.5762

■ 160.4060,  
-46.0492, 23.3229

■ 177.0600,  
-17.7776, 8.7174

■ 156.4790,  
-53.4801, 26.7669

■ 180.9870,  
-10.3466, 5.2734

■ 151.9650,  
-60.6217, 30.7257

■ 185.5010, -3.2050,  
1.3146

■ 148.1520,  
-67.6159, 34.0697

■ 189.3140, 3.7892,  
-2.0294

■ 145.7240,  
-71.8419, 36.1991

■ 193.2410, 11.2202,  
-5.4734

■ 197.7550, 18.3618,  
-9.4321

■ 201.6820, 25.7928,  
-12.8761

■ 203.5570, 25.3614,  
-14.5205

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



171.1580, -29.6579, 39.3264



168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202



164.6200, -23.9697, -11.9447

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202



144.2770, 32.8944, -97.5899



176.5160, 11.0846, 38.1355

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202



122.2670, 31.9134, -16.0202

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



174.9990, 25.1435, 8.7709



168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202



156.4190, 37.7544, -69.6505

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202



150.9580, 13.3317, -76.2622



169.0480, 33.9933, -29.8601



174.9020, -4.3887, 54.4599



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202



161.4200, -14.0111, -32.8173



169.0480, 33.9933, -29.8601



176.4270, 16.0585, 29.4435

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



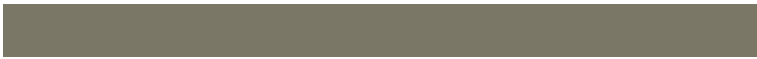
168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202



235.5310, -12.0938, 5.6733



130.5270, -5.6828, 49.5268



118.0730, -7.4310, 3.4440



250.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



122.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202



213.9070, -49.2542, 24.6376



169.7640, -32.4217, -7.6860



92.3870, -3.6418, 1.4146



123.5520, -60.9111, 30.2109



23.9440, -11.8044, 6.1881



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



122.2670, 31.9134, -16.0202



142.0930, 49.2542, -24.6376



121.2360, 32.4217, 7.6860



87.2000, 3.3524, -1.9294



35.0350, 60.6217, -30.7257



7.0560, 11.8044, -6.1881



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

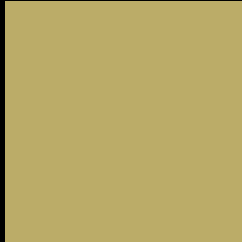
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202.



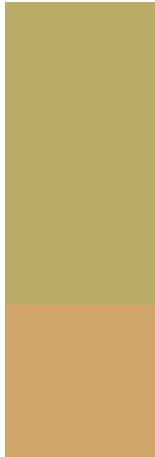
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202

### Protanopia

169.0320, -32.0608, 16.6349

### Deuteranopia

170.5440, -31.8202, 32.8489



## Tritanopia

174.0500, 0.9614, 18.3732

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202

## Protanomaly

169.0320, -32.0608, 16.6349

## Deuteranomaly

169.7990, -31.9459, 26.4863

## Tritanomaly

171.9500, -10.8213, 17.5839

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202

## Achromatopsia

169.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

168.9440, -11.8044, 6.1881

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(187, 172, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(187, 172, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 172, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(187, 172, 104) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(187, 172, 104) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(187, 172, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(187, 172, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(187, 172, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 172, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 172,  
104) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 168.7330, -31.9134, 16.0202 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(187, 172, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(187,  
172, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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