

Converting Colors

YUV(168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331)
contains.

YUV(168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(168.7390, -0.8573,
-5.0331)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3ACA7
RGB	163, 172, 167
RGB Percent	64%, 67%, 65%
CMY	0.3608, 0.3255, 0.3451
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.03, 0.33
HSL	147°, 5%, 66%
HSV	147°, 5%, 67%
XYZ	36.8318, 40.0816, 42.3545
YIQ	168.7390, -3.7590, -3.4630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

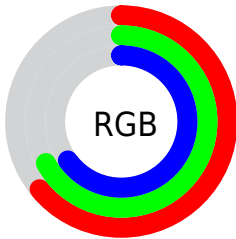
Format	Color
RYB	163, 169, 172
Decimal	10726567
CIELab	69.53, -4.12, 1.46
CIELCh	70, 4.377, 160.451
Yxy	40.0816, 0.3088, 0.3361
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288916647 (0xFFA3ACA7)
YUV	168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331
Hunter-Lab	63.3100, -6.9467, 4.6519

Details

The YUV color **168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **166.2610, 0.8573, 5.0331**, and the grayscale version is **169.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **223.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331**, and **116.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **162.5160, -2.7194, -14.4845**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **174.9620, 1.0047, 4.4183**.

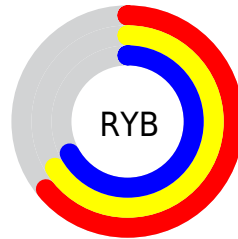
Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (67%)

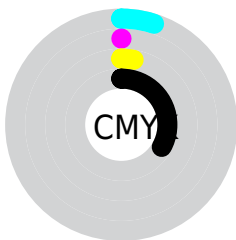
Blue (65%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (67%)

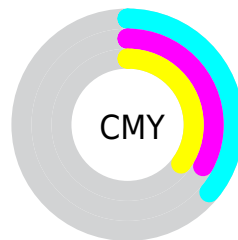


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 168.7390, -0.8573,
-5.0331

■ 168.7390, -0.8573,
-5.0331

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 142.1520, -0.5679,
-4.5183

■ 223.7390, -0.8573,
-5.0331

■ 116.7390, -0.8573,
-5.0331

■ 251.8530, -0.4205,
-5.1331

■ 92.1520, -0.5679,
-4.5183

■ 68.4510, -0.7153,
-3.9035

■ 46.4510, -0.7153,
-3.9035

■ 25.4510, -0.7153,
-3.9035

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 168.7390, -0.8573,
-5.0331

■ 168.7390, -0.8573,
-5.0331

■ 162.5160, -2.7194,
-14.4845

■ 174.9620, 1.0047,
4.4183

■ 156.4070, -4.1447,
-24.0359

■ 181.0710, 2.4300,
13.9697

■ 149.8850, -5.8593,
-34.1021

■ 187.5930, 4.1447,
24.0359

■ 143.7760, -7.2846,
-43.6536

■ 193.7020, 5.5699,
33.5873

■ 137.5530, -9.1466,
-53.1050

■ 199.9250, 7.4320,
43.0388

■ 131.4440,
-10.5719, -62.6564

■ 202.7450, 10.4787,
45.8276

■ 125.2210,
-12.4340, -72.1078

■ 203.8850, 14.8467,
44.8279

■ 118.8130,
-13.7118, -82.2740

■ 204.9110, 18.7779,
43.9281

■ 112.5900,
-15.5739, -91.7254

■ 206.0510, 23.1459,
42.9283

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



169.0060, -2.4680, -1.7593



168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331



168.5970, 1.1847, -6.6626

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331



170.3140, 3.7892, -2.0294



170.6480, -2.7845, 6.4477

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331



166.2610, 0.8573, 5.0331

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



170.7020, -1.3321, 7.2773



168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331



170.1080, 2.9048, 1.6593

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331



169.2920, 3.8000, -5.5181



170.3750, 1.2941, 4.9331



170.2950, -4.0894, 5.0033

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331



168.6400, 2.6425, -7.5773



170.3750, 1.2941, 4.9331



170.4740, -2.2057, 7.4773

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331



222.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592



169.7780, -3.3416, -1.5593



111.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



240.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331



219.3150, -1.1413, -7.2923



169.1950, 0.8899, -5.4330



84.7500, -0.8628, -3.2887



95.6880, -14.1432, -83.9184



14.6410, -2.2880, -12.8402

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



166.2610, 0.8573, 5.0331



215.6850, 1.1413, 7.2923



165.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330



83.1360, 0.4260, 3.3887



54.4260, 14.5800, 83.8184



8.3590, 2.2880, 12.8402

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

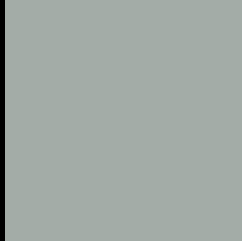
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

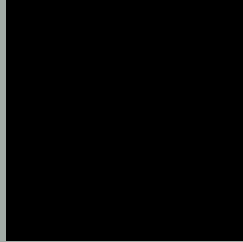
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

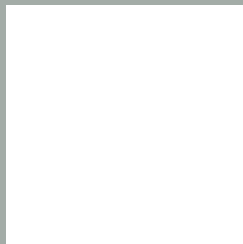
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331.

-5.0331.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331

Protanopia

170.0390, -2.4842, 3.4738

Deuteranopia

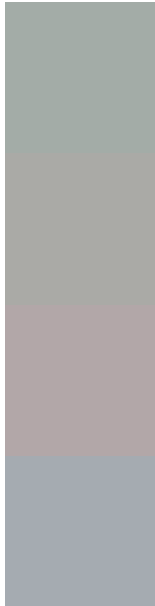
171.1480, -1.0590, 13.0252



Tritanopia

170.2860, 6.2680, -3.7588

Trichromacy



Original Color

168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331

Protanomaly

169.5440, -1.7472, 0.3999

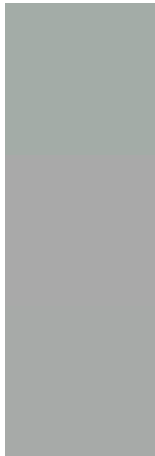
Deuteranomaly

170.4030, -1.1847, 6.6626

Tritanomaly

169.8900, 3.5052, -4.2885

Monochromacy



Original Color

168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331

Achromatopsia

169.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

168.8750, -0.4314, -1.6444

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 172, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 172, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 172, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 172, 167) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

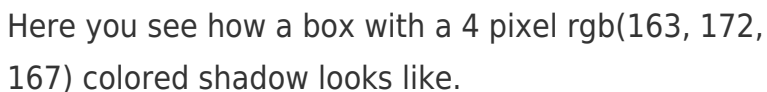
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 172, 167) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 172, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 172, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 172, 167); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 172, 167); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 172, 167) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 168.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 172, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
172, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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