

# Converting Colors

YUV(169.0380, -31.0777,  
28.0307)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307)  
contains.

<b>YUV(169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(169.0380, -31.0777,  
28.0307)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C9A56A
RGB	201, 165, 106
RGB Percent	79%, 65%, 42%
CMY	0.2118, 0.3529, 0.5843
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.47, 0.21
HSL	37°, 47%, 60%
HSV	37°, 47%, 79%
XYZ	40.1440, 40.3684, 19.3117
YIQ	169.0380, 40.3950, -10.7170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

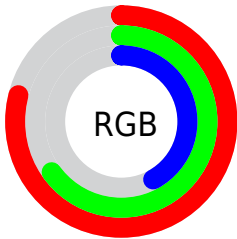
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	164, 201, 106
Decimal	13215082
CIELab	69.73, 5.61, 35.44
CIElCh	70, 35.884, 81.001
Yxy	40.3684, 0.4021, 0.4044
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291405162 (0xFFC9A56A)
YUV	169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307
Hunter-Lab	63.5361, 1.5935, 26.4542

# Details

The YUV color **169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **137.9620, 31.0777, -28.0307**, and the grayscale version is **169.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **223.3970, -32.2407, 27.7158**, and **116.1840, -29.1777, 25.2716** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **162.0620, -37.4986, 34.1486**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **176.0140, -24.6569, 21.9127**.

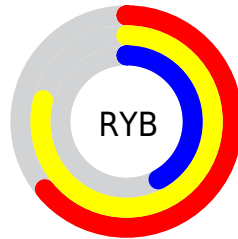
# Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (65%)

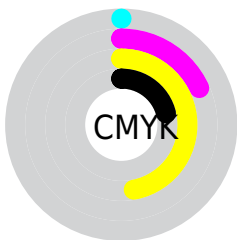
Blue (42%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (79%)

Blue (42%)

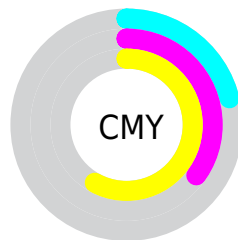


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (47%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (21%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 169.0380,  
-31.0777, 28.0307

■ 169.0380,  
-31.0777, 28.0307

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 142.5540,  
-30.3461, 26.7011

■ 223.3970,  
-32.2407, 27.7158

■ 116.1840,  
-29.1777, 25.2716

■ 242.9110,  
-28.5501, 10.6021

■ 91.4010, -28.2987,  
23.3273

■ 250.2120,  
-18.3455, 4.1991

■ 66.9770, -28.5827,  
21.0682

■ 253.5180, -5.6784,  
1.2997

■ 45.5620, -22.4621,  
17.9241

■ 25.7600, -12.6997,  
13.3655

■ 3.5880, -1.7689,

7.3773

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 169.0380,  
-31.0777, 28.0307

■ 169.0380,  
-31.0777, 28.0307

■ 162.0620,  
-37.4986, 34.1486

■ 176.0140,  
-24.6569, 21.9127

■ 155.6730,  
-44.2088, 39.7518

■ 182.4030,  
-17.9467, 16.3096

■ 148.6970,  
-50.6296, 45.8697

■ 189.3790,  
-11.5258, 10.1916

■ 142.3080,  
-57.3398, 51.4729

■ 195.7680, -4.8156,  
4.5885

■ 135.3320,  
-63.7607, 57.5908

■ 202.8580, 2.0420,  
-1.6295

■ 133.4740,  
-65.8027, 59.2203

■ 209.8340, 8.4628,  
-7.7474

■ 216.2230, 15.1731,  
-13.3506

■ 221.8310, 16.3523,  
-18.2688

■ 226.5270, 14.0372,  
-22.3872

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



171.1680, -24.7328, 46.3337



169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307



165.6820, -27.9442, 2.9099

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307



147.6070, 22.3787, -84.7243



174.9640, 18.2587, 23.7106

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307



137.9620, 31.0777, -28.0307

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



171.6160, 29.2763, -10.1872



169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307



150.1310, 34.4454, -81.6759

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307



154.8050, 2.0681, -56.8340



162.8670, 35.0686, -48.1184



174.3230, 3.7848, 46.1977



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307



162.9830, -21.1906, -16.6481



162.8670, 35.0686, -48.1184



174.6360, 22.3645, 13.4742

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



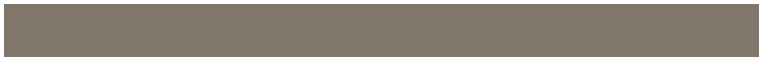
169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307



242.6780, -11.6733, 10.8064



138.5090, 1.7211, 54.8046



120.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307



206.1850, -47.4192, 42.8108



186.8810, -39.8743, 2.7354



96.2130, -3.0630, 2.4442



108.0240, -53.2558, 48.2140



23.6780, -11.6733, 10.8064



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



137.9620, 31.0777, -28.0307



158.8150, 47.4192, -42.8108



120.1190, 39.8743, -2.7354



92.7870, 3.0630, -2.4442



54.9760, 53.2558, -48.2140



12.3220, 11.6733, -10.8064



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

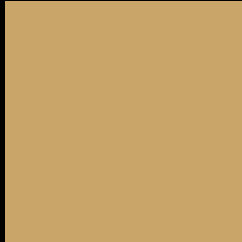
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

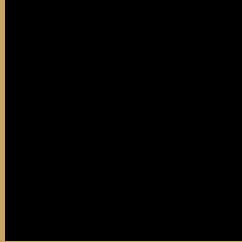
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307

### Protanopia

168.3030, -29.7294, 15.5203

### Deuteranopia

169.3590, -31.2360, 32.1342



## Tritanopia

173.3180, -2.1288, 29.5391

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307

## Protanomaly

168.5100, -30.3244, 19.7237

## Deuteranomaly

169.3480, -31.2306, 30.3898

## Tritanomaly

171.8590, -12.7485, 29.0647

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307

## Achromatopsia

169.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

169.3790, -11.5258, 10.1916

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 165, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 165, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 165, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 165, 106) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 165, 106) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 165, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 165, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 165, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 165, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 165,  
106) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 169.0380, -31.0777, 28.0307 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 165, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
165, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor