

# Converting Colors

YUV(169.0970, -20.2608,  
58.6739)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(169.0970, -20.2608,  
58.6739)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	EC8F80
RGB	236, 143, 128
RGB Percent	93%, 56%, 50%
CMY	0.0745, 0.4392, 0.4980
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.46, 0.07
HSL	8°, 74%, 71%
HSV	8°, 46%, 93%
XYZ	48.3108, 39.0363, 25.4106
YIQ	169.0970, 60.2430, 15.0510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

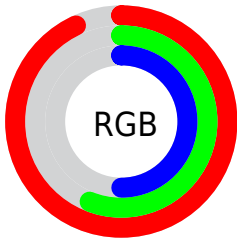
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	236, 145, 128
Decimal	15503232
CIE Lab	68.78, 33.61, 23.03
CIE LCh	69, 40.744, 34.424
Yxy	39.0363, 0.4284, 0.3462
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293693312 (0xFFEC8F80)
YUV	169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739
Hunter-Lab	62.4790, 28.6837, 19.6217

# Details

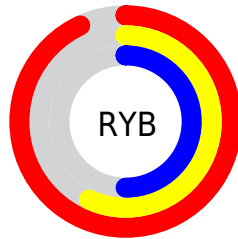
The YUV color **169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **194.9030, 20.2608, -58.6739**, and the grayscale version is **169.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **213.1050, -15.8278, 36.7419**, and **115.3460, -17.9186, 54.0706** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **154.6210, -24.9562, 71.3694**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **183.5730, -15.5655, 45.9785**.

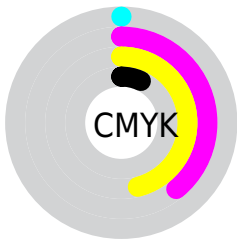
# Distribution



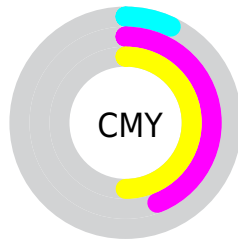
- Red (93%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 169.0970,  
-20.2608, 58.6739


 169.0970,  
-20.2608, 58.6739


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 142.0150,  
-19.2344, 56.1148


 213.1050,  
-15.8278, 36.7419


 115.3460,  
-17.9186, 54.0706

 232.6190,  
-12.1372, 19.6281

 89.3780, -16.4554,  
51.4115

 252.9480, -7.8624,  
1.7996

 64.4100, -14.9921,  
48.7524

 38.3820, -12.5133,  
47.0230

 19.4350, -9.5815,  
39.9605

 12.3730, -5.6069,

25.1059

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 169.0970,  
-20.2608, 58.6739

■ 169.0970,  
-20.2608, 58.6739

■ 154.6210,  
-24.9562, 71.3694

■ 183.5730,  
-15.5655, 45.9785

■ 139.6720,  
-28.9253, 84.4797

■ 198.5220,  
-11.5963, 32.8682

■ 125.1960,  
-33.6206, 97.1751

■ 212.9980, -6.9010,  
20.1728

■ 110.8340,  
-37.8792, 109.7706

■ 227.3600, -2.6425,  
7.5773

■ 95.7710, -42.2851,  
122.9808

■ 242.4230, 1.7635,  
-5.6330

■ 89.9350, -44.3380,  
128.0990

■ 249.3190, 2.8007,  
-11.6808

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



170.8640, -3.3840, 58.8783



169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739



167.4960, -32.2895, 43.4150

# Triad

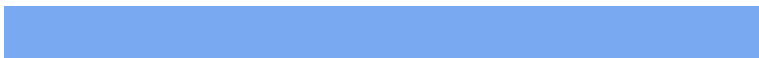
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739



154.1840, -9.4577, -46.6424



163.4430, 38.2356, -37.2225

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739



194.9030, 20.2608, -58.6739

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



144.1820, 43.7873, -91.3676



169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739



140.4400, 15.5591, -90.7169

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739



160.4090, -27.3166, -11.7597



132.8940, 37.0273, -116.5480



171.1990, 28.4959, 6.8415



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739



165.5990, -35.2983, 28.4157



132.8940, 37.0273, -116.5480



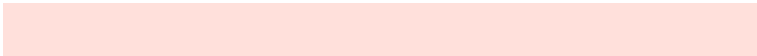
158.9140, 40.4684, -53.4216

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739



232.6990, -6.7536, 19.5580



171.0080, 25.1391, 56.9980



114.3390, -4.1111, 11.9807



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739



168.0130, -26.1354, 76.2876



200.2080, -35.5985, 31.3896



109.8760, -1.9109, 6.2477



68.7940, -33.9154, 98.4047



20.2550, -9.9857, 29.5944

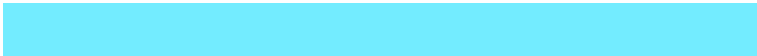


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194.9030, 20.2608, -58.6739



201.9870, 26.1354, -76.2876



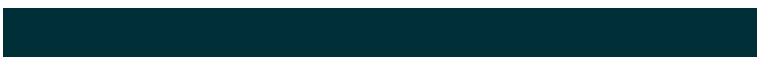
163.7920, 35.5985, -31.3896



113.1240, 1.9109, -6.2477



112.2060, 33.9154, -98.4047



33.1580, 10.2751, -29.0796



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

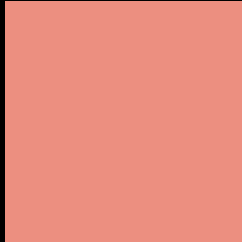
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 169.0970, -20.2608,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739

### Protanopia

167.7980, -13.7044, 8.9472

### Deuteranopia

168.2580, -21.3262, 26.9607



## Tritanopia

170.4420, -10.0779, 59.2484

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739

## Protanomaly

168.3380, -15.9426, 26.8906

## Deuteranomaly

168.1500, -20.7800, 38.4564

## Tritanomaly

169.8180, -13.7143, 58.9186

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739

## Achromatopsia

169.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

169.1830, -7.4852, 20.8875

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 143, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 143, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 143, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 143, 128) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 143, 128) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 143, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 143, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 143, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 143, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 143,  
128) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 169.0970, -20.2608, 58.6739 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 143, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
143, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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