

# Converting Colors

YUV(169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506)  
contains.

<b>YUV(169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(169.3220, 1.8133,  
25.1506)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C69AAD
RGB	198, 154, 173
RGB Percent	78%, 60%, 68%
CMY	0.2235, 0.3961, 0.3216
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.13, 0.22
HSL	334°, 28%, 69%
HSV	334°, 22%, 78%
XYZ	42.3871, 38.1341, 44.6617
YIQ	169.3220, 20.1250, 15.2370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

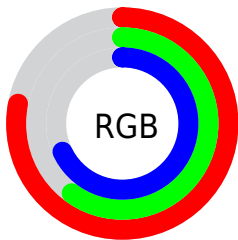
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	198, 154, 173
Decimal	13015725
CIELab	68.12, 19.42, -3.57
CIElCh	68, 19.746, 349.591
Yxy	38.1341, 0.3386, 0.3046
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291205805 (0xFFC69AAD)
YUV	169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506
Hunter-Lab	61.7528, 14.4550, 0.3464

# Details

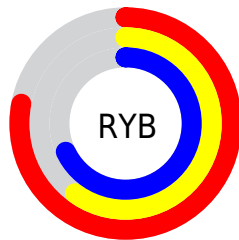
The YUV color **169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **182.6780, -1.8133, -25.1506**, and the grayscale version is **169.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **224.9200, 1.5184, 26.3802**, and **117.3110, 1.8187, 23.4063** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **156.3280, 2.7963, 36.5463**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **182.3160, 0.8302, 13.7549**.

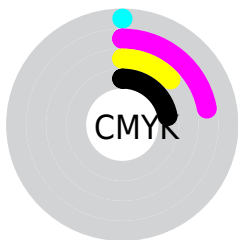
# Distribution



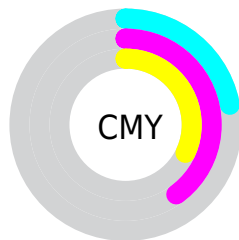
- Red (78%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 169.3220, 1.8133,  
25.1506


 169.3220, 1.8133,  
25.1506


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 142.6100, 1.6713,  
24.0210


 224.9200, 1.5184,  
26.3802

 117.3110, 1.8187,  
23.4063

 244.4340, 5.2090,  
9.2664

 92.0120, 1.9661,  
22.7915

 68.0010, 1.9715,  
21.0471

 45.4030, 2.2663,  
19.8176

 23.8050, 2.5611,  
18.5880

 6.9910, -2.9536,

14.0399

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 169.3220, 1.8133,  
25.1506

■ 169.3220, 1.8133,  
25.1506

■ 156.3280, 2.7963,  
36.5463

■ 182.3160, 0.8302,  
13.7549

■ 143.3340, 3.7793,  
47.9421

■ 195.4240, 0.2840,  
2.2592

■ 130.8130, 4.0362,  
58.9230

■ 207.8310, -0.4097,  
-8.6218

■ 117.8190, 5.0192,  
70.3187

■ 220.8250, -1.3927,  
-20.0175

■ 104.8250, 6.0023,  
81.7145

■ 233.8190, -2.3758,  
-31.4133

■ 91.7170, 6.5485,  
93.2102

■ 236.3610, 2.2870,  
-33.6426

■ 78.7230, 7.5316,  
104.6059

■ 237.6150, 7.0918,  
-34.7424

■ 68.8920, 7.9412,  
113.2277

■ 237.9570, 8.4022,  
-35.0423

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



169.0090, 9.8556, 12.2701



169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506



168.7650, -6.7861, 30.0241

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506



164.1840, -15.8667, 2.4696



160.3190, 16.1117, -34.4828

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506



182.6780, -1.8133, -25.1506

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



158.7720, 8.9864, -35.7570



169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506



161.8060, -9.2714, -12.9849

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506



166.2290, -17.3679, 17.3392



159.7100, -0.3500, -27.8097



163.9660, 18.2578, -22.7722



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506



168.0870, -11.8749, 28.8647



159.7100, -0.3500, -27.8097



159.4390, 14.0806, -36.3420

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506



243.2940, 0.8411, 10.2662



166.4910, 15.5339, 10.9704



120.8590, 0.5625, 6.2627



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506



210.0510, 2.9329, 39.4203



168.9170, -7.3541, 25.5058



93.1470, 0.4205, 5.1331



56.7170, 6.5485, 93.2102



12.4740, 1.2453, 20.6323



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506



210.0510, 2.9329, 39.4203



183.0830, 7.3541, -25.5058



93.1470, 0.4205, 5.1331



56.7170, 6.5485, 93.2102



12.4740, 1.2453, 20.6323



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

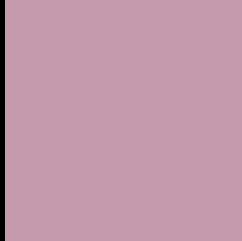
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

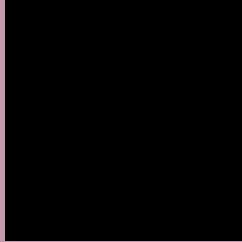
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 169.3220, 1.8133,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506

### Protanopia

166.7100, 6.5520, -1.4997

### Deuteranopia

167.9350, 2.0040, 10.5810



## Tritanopia

168.9260, -0.9495, 24.6209

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506

## Protanomaly

167.6080, 4.6303, 8.2368

## Deuteranomaly

168.2670, 1.8404, 16.4288

## Tritanomaly

169.1540, -0.0759, 24.4209

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506

## Achromatopsia

169.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

169.4680, 0.2623, 9.2366

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 154, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 154, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 154, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 154, 173) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 154, 173) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 154, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 154, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 154, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 154, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 154,  
173) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 169.3220, 1.8133, 25.1506 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 154, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
154, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor