

Converting Colors

YUV(169.5670, -13.0975,
47.7377)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(169.5670, -13.0975,
47.7377)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0938F
RGB	224, 147, 143
RGB Percent	88%, 58%, 56%
CMY	0.1216, 0.4235, 0.4392
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.36, 0.12
HSL	3°, 57%, 72%
HSV	3°, 36%, 88%
XYZ	46.1321, 38.6979, 31.0246
YIQ	169.5670, 47.1760, 15.0800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

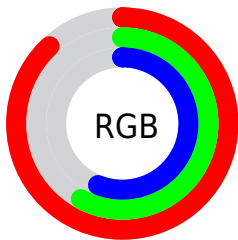
Format	Color
R _Y B	224, 147, 143
Decimal	14717839
CIE Lab	68.53, 28.58, 14.14
CIE LCh	69, 31.883, 26.322
Yxy	38.6979, 0.3982, 0.3340
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292907919 (0xFFE0938F)
YUV	169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377
Hunter-Lab	62.2076, 23.5092, 13.9758

Details

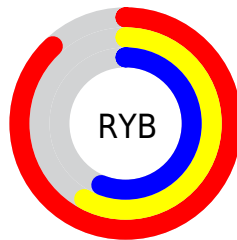
The YUV color $169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $FF9999$. A complement of this color would be $197.4330, 13.0975, -47.7377$, and the grayscale version is $170.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $217.2770, -9.9966, 33.0831$, and $116.3000, -11.4869, 44.4639$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $154.7320, -16.6299, 60.7480$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $184.4020, -9.5652, 34.7274$.

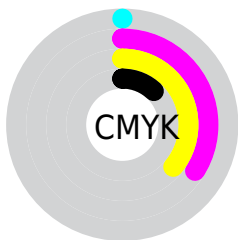
Distribution



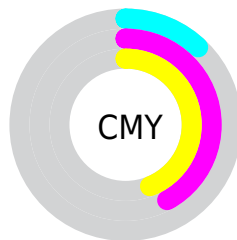
- Red (88%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 169.5670,
-13.0975, 47.7377

■ 169.5670,
-13.0975, 47.7377

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 142.6700,
-12.6553, 45.8934

■ 217.2770, -9.9966,
33.0831

■ 116.3000,
-11.4869, 44.4639

■ 236.9050, -5.8692,
15.8693

■ 91.1040, -10.8973,
42.0048

254.7720, -0.8736,
0.2000

■ 66.4350, -9.5815,
39.9605

■ 42.4670, -8.1182,
37.3014

■ 17.9400, -8.8444,
36.8866

■ 10.8780, -4.8699,

22.0320

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 169.5670,
-13.0975, 47.7377

■ 169.5670,
-13.0975, 47.7377

■ 154.7320,
-16.6299, 60.7480

■ 184.4020, -9.5652,
34.7274

■ 139.1960,
-20.3096, 74.3731

■ 199.9380, -5.8854,
21.1024

■ 124.3610,
-23.8420, 87.3834

■ 214.7730, -2.3531,
8.0921

■ 109.4120,
-27.8111, 100.4937

■ 229.7220, 1.6161,
-5.0182

■ 94.5770, -31.3435,
113.5040

■ 244.5570, 5.1484,
-18.0285

■ 79.1550, -34.5864,
127.0291

■ 245.7310, 4.5696,
-19.0581

■ 73.4330, -36.2025,
132.0473

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



171.0900, 0.4486, 42.8941



169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377



167.7650, -23.5481, 39.6711

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377



158.9090, -12.2801, -27.9842



162.6900, 30.2258, -34.8081

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377



197.4330, 13.0975, -47.7377

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



153.4000, 29.8758, -62.6178



169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377



153.6960, 4.0939, -53.2304

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377



162.8000, -23.5654, -1.5786



149.6520, 20.8776, -69.8548



169.1070, 24.5972, -2.7248

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377



166.6620, -27.4414, 28.3604



149.6520, 20.8776, -69.8548



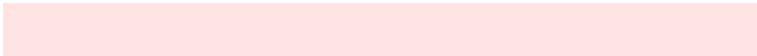
159.8520, 31.1320, -45.4742

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377



235.9590, -4.4168, 16.6990



176.1110, 22.1303, 41.9987



116.6700, -2.7953, 9.9364



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377



181.4120, -17.9511, 64.5367



192.4600, -24.3838, 27.6606



104.8760, -1.9109, 6.2477



57.9070, -28.5482, 103.5676



15.5260, -7.6543, 28.4797

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



197.4330, 13.0975, -47.7377



219.1750, 17.6617, -65.0515



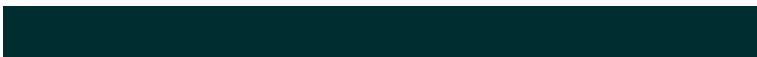
174.5400, 24.3838, -27.6606



108.7110, 1.6215, -6.7625



118.0930, 28.5482, -103.5676



32.4740, 7.6543, -28.4797

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

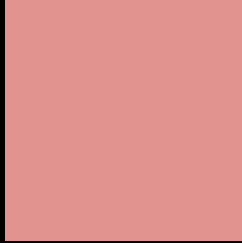
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

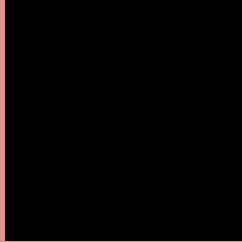
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 169.5670, -13.0975,

47.7377.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377

Protanopia

167.4970, -7.1470, 5.7031

Deuteranopia

168.1740, -13.8898, 21.7724



Tritanopia

170.1740, -6.9878, 48.0824

Trichromacy



Original Color

169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377

Protanomaly

168.3140, -9.5218, 20.7726

Deuteranomaly

168.6420, -13.6275, 31.0090

Tritanomaly

170.1910, -9.4612, 48.0675

Monochromacy



Original Color

169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377

Achromatopsia

170.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

170.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 147, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 147, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 147, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 147, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 147, 143) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 147, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 147, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 147, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 147, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 147,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 169.5670, -13.0975, 47.7377 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 147, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
147, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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