

Converting Colors

YUV(17.2120, 15.1785,
-15.0949)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(17.2120, 15.1785,
-15.0949)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	001430
RGB	0, 20, 48
RGB Percent	0%, 8%, 19%
CMY	1.0000, 0.9216, 0.8118
CMYK	1.00, 0.58, 0.00, 0.81
HSL	215°, 100%, 9%
HSV	215°, 100%, 19%
XYZ	0.7837, 0.7137, 2.8928
YIQ	17.2120, -20.9080, 4.4680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

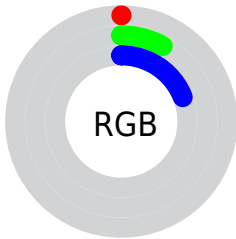
Format	Color
RYB	0, 14, 48
Decimal	5168
CIELab	6.45, 4.31, -20.98
CIELCh	6, 21.415, 281.620
Yxy	0.7137, 0.1785, 0.1626
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278195248 (0xFF001430)
YUV	17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949
Hunter-Lab	8.4481, 1.7735, -14.3880

Details

The YUV color **17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**. A complement of this color would be **30.7880, -15.1785, 15.0949**, and the grayscale version is **17.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.4620, 16.0412, -11.8062**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.4680, 13.5733, -13.5654**.

Distribution



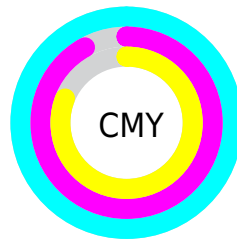
- Red (0%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (81%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.2120, 15.1785,
-15.0949

■ 17.2120, 15.1785,
-15.0949

■ 241.6660, 6.5737,
-8.4771

■ 3.6650, 11.5042,
-3.2142

■ 61.4620, 16.0412,
-11.8062

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 84.9890, 16.7674,
-11.3914

■ 109.5160, 17.4936,
-10.9765

■ 135.6300, 17.9304,
-11.0765

■ 161.7440, 18.3672,
-11.1765

■ 188.8580, 18.8040,

-11.2765

■ 216.2710, 19.0934,
-10.7617

■ 17.2120, 15.1785,
-15.0949

■ 20.4680, 13.5733,
-13.5654

■ 23.7240, 11.9681,
-12.0359

■ 26.0940, 10.7997,
-10.6064

■ 29.3500, 9.1944,
-9.0770

■ 32.6060, 7.5892,
-7.5475

■ 35.8620, 5.9840,
-6.0180

■ 39.1180, 4.3788,
-4.4885

■ 41.4880, 3.2104,
-3.0590

■ 44.7440, 1.6052,
-1.5295

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.0330, 13.2947, -17.5689



17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949



21.3780, 10.1666, 5.8075

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949



18.1400, -8.9430, 21.8022



17.1200, -5.4822, -15.0142

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949



30.7880, -15.1785, 15.0949

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.2620, -7.5242, -13.3848



17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949



19.5580, -9.6421, 12.6656

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949



18.2850, -2.1125, 24.3061



19.1930, -9.4621, 1.5847



19.9870, 2.9644, -17.5286

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949



20.5210, 6.6451, 15.3291



19.1930, -9.4621, 1.5847



16.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949



49.1610, 5.8366, -5.4032



31.3680, -1.6604, -27.5097



23.6020, 3.6472, -3.1590



158.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



31.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949



22.2160, 19.1205, -19.4834



6.6680, 20.3767, -2.3398



21.8150, 0.5842, -0.7148



31.0500, 27.5833, -27.2308



76.6390, 67.7190, -67.2124

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.6320, 1.6604, 27.5097



21.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019



41.3320, -20.3767, 2.3398



21.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



30.1170, 2.9003, 49.8864



74.1320, 7.3299, 122.6642

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

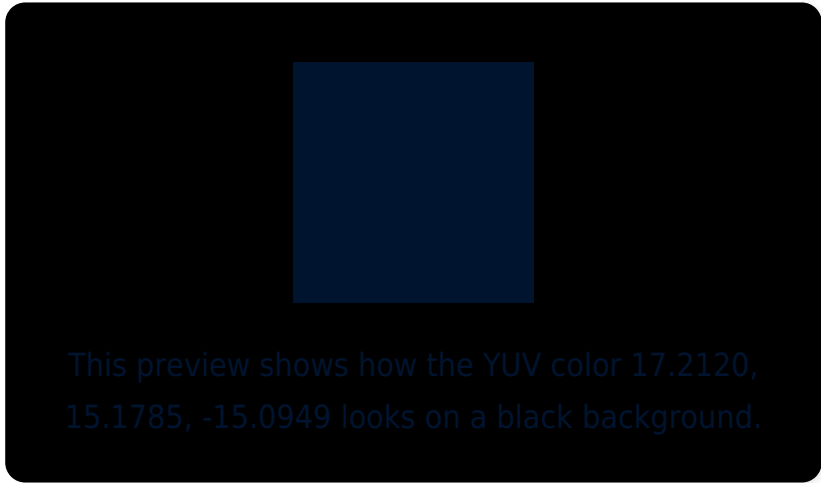
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

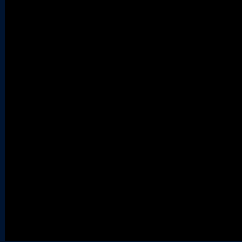
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 17.2120, 15.1785,

-15.0949.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949

Protanopia

17.3430, 13.1419, -15.2098

Deuteranopia

17.2460, 10.2317, -15.1247



Tritanopia

17.0520, 4.4114, -14.9546

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949

Protanomaly

17.4570, 13.5787, -15.3098

Deuteranomaly

17.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099

Tritanomaly

17.3770, 8.1951, -15.2396

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949

Achromatopsia

17.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

17.0470, 5.3998, -5.3032

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 20, 48)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 20, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 20, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 20, 48) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 20, 48) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 20, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 20, 48)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 20, 48); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 20, 48); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 20, 48) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 17.2120, 15.1785, -15.0949 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 20, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 20,  
48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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